NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXIX. No. 22884 — Registered at the C.P.O. — SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1938 — (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 15 cents.) — TEN CENTS

IN THE MATTER OF
ELM & COMPANY, LIMITED
AND IN THE MATTER OF THE
Hongkong Companies Ordinance (No. 39) of 1932.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company which is being wound up voluntarily are required on or before the 8th day of October, 1938, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to the undersigned the Solicitors for Christiar Frederic Laessoe the Liquidator of the said Company and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator are by their Solicitors or personally to come in and prove the said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

TEESDALE, NEWMAN & CO.,
Solicitors for the above-named Liquidator,
59 Peking Road, Shanghai.
Shanghai, October 24, 1938.
-4505

THE SHANGHAI SQUASH RACKETS ASSOCIATION

NOTICE

A Meeting of the above-named Association will be held at the Race Club, Tiffin Box B.1. at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, November 1, 1938 to discuss the programme for the coming season and any other business.

The Meeting is open to all persons interested in Squash Rackets.

THE SHANGHAI SQUASH RACKETS ASSN.,
W. A. WELCH,
Hon. Secretary.
11992

CENTRAL THEATRES, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

The Annual General Meeting of the above Company will be held at 61 Museum Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, November 2, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 25 to October 31, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
HO WING KIN,
Managing Director
Shanghai, October 24, 1938.
-4492

NOTICE

By mutual arrangement Mr. G. J. H. Hendriksen has resigned his position with this Company effective October 15, 1938.

POST MERCURY COMPANY,
Federal Inc. U.S.A.
11926

NOTICE

Effective October 17, 1938 Mr. G. J. H. Hendriksen has joined this Company as Business Manager.

UNION PUBLISHERS & PRINTERS
Federal Inc. U.S.A.
11927

THE SUNGALA RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have declared a First Interim Dividend for the year ending March 31, 1939, of 10 cents per share (local currency) on the issued capital of the Company, payable on October 31, 1938, to Shareholders on the Register at that date.

Those Shareholders who wish their Dividends to be paid in the Straits, can have it so arranged if they signify their wishes to the Secretaries before noon of October 26, 1938. Their Dividends will then be converted from local currency to Straits Dollars at the Bank's buying rate on October 27, 1938, and Demand Drafts payable in Singapore will be dispatched to them on the day this Dividend is paid.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 25 to October 31, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE GEDDES TRADING & DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.
Secretaries.
Shanghai, October 14, 1938.
11976

HARVEY'S WHISKY
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To-day's Events

OCTOBER

25 German A.D.C. "Die Vier Gesellen," Lyceum, 9
25 *Mr. F. A. Aglen appointed Inspector General of Customs (1911)*

Coming Events

OCTOBER

26 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Rd. Public Lecture, 6.30
27 Rotary Club, Cercle Sport. Français, 8.15
27 YWCA Finance Campaign Report Rally. Tea 4, Reports 4.15
27 Hit of the Season, "Dollar Princess" by L. Fall, Russ. Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.30
28 Shanghai Philatelic Society
28 A.D.C. Club Evening, Lyceum
28 American University Club, "Country Fair", Social/Dinner, Pavillion, 7.30
29 "The Dollar Princes", Lyceum, 8.30
30 Shanghai Municipal Police Annual Parade and Presentation of Medals on Race Course at 11 a.m.
30 "The Dollar Princes", Lyceum, 8.30
31 Polish Ladies' Charity Bridge/Mahjongg, Foreign Y.M.C.A., 2.30

NOVEMBER

1 Spotlite
1 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, Union Church Hall
3 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
3 B.W.A. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
3 S.W.A. mtg., Bridge/Mahjongg, CSF, 4
3 Le Ballet Russe in "Don Quixote," ballet in 3 acts with Prologue, Lyceum, 9
4 Shanghai Golf Club, annual general meeting, American Club, 6.15
5 Le Ballet Russe, "Don Quixote," Lyceum, 9
6 Le Ballet Russe, "Don Quixote" Lyc., 2.15 and 9
8 B. Zakharoff and V. Havsky in a concert for two pianos, Lyceum, 9
9 British Scouts Association Jamboree
10 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
B.W.A. Gardening 578 Hungjao Rd, 2-4
11 Women's International Fellowship Service of prayer, Y.W.C.A. 3.30
12 Guide Signalling Competition and Brownie Rally at the Cathedral Girls' School, 425 Avenue Haig, by kind permission of Miss Fleet, 2.30-5.30
15 Annual mtg., Scouts Association. Court Room, British Consulate, 5.30
17 Charity Ball, in aid of the Russian Commercial School, Arcadia, 9.

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

CULTY DAIRY
The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
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11880

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11592

TUESDAY

Beef Stew Tiffin	$1.20
Plain Steak and Eggs	$1.20
Beef Currie	$1
Chocolate Pie	30 cents
Chocolate Cake	30 cents

And at 11 a.m. freshly made coffee cake at 10 cents a cut.

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-4490

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Electric Tuning And Special Short Wave
"Q" MODEL RADIOS
Now on Display at Leading Radio Dealers
RCA VICTOR CO. OF CHINA
11869

PHOTOGRAPHS

Marines Guarding Silver Shipment
Ss. Pres. Coolidge in Port
Sunday's Football Matches
Victory Balloon over Hongkew
Col. Fegan Reviewing Marines
Marine C.-in-C. Inspecting S.V.C.
New Italian Ambassador Arriving
Durhams' Leaving Shanghai
Lester Hospital Bazaar
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

2¼ x 3¼	contact prints	30 cts.	each
4 x 5	contact prints	60 cts.	each
6 x 8	enlargements	$1.50	each
8 x 10	enlargements	$2.00	each
10 x 12	enlargements	$2.50	each

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which can be cured, says a judge. He probably believes in "time," the great healer. Meanwhile insure the contents of your home against Burglary, Housebreaking and Theft

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11989

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returned.
Prof. J. K. Kawashima
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11969

To-day's News

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TO THE
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radio broadcast twice to-day over Station XMHD
12.45 p.m.
9.00 p.m.

760 kilocycles : 395 metres

Leaving China?

Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal or your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the "North-China Herald" containing all the China news of the "North-China Daily News" and costing, including postage, (*via Siberia*), $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund. Telephone 11055

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Founded 1792
Paid-Up Capital, U.S.$12,000,000 Assets, U.S.$112,541,941
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Telephone 12867 (5 lines)

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Electricity and Gas Supply
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Rates, Taxes, Fees, etc.
Shanghai Building Rules
Fire Insurance Rules and Rates
Foreign and Local Weights and Measures
Data on Local Materials

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"Die Vier Gesellen"
(The Four Companions)
LYCEUM
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11979

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(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORISED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
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Branches and Correspondents
At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

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(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y.137,150,000

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Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

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PAID-UP CAPITAL 2,594,160
RESERVE 180,000
Shanghai Branch 28 The Bund
Head Office:
117-122 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.,
West End Branch—London
16 Cockspur Street, S. W. 1
Branches:

Bombay	Coimbatore	Madras
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J. H. MORTLOCK, *Acting Manager.*

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Issued and fully-paid up $20,000,000
Hongkong Currency
Reserve Fund $10,000,000
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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

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Special Combination Offer : $12 for the two volumes

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This edition of the CHINA YEAR BOOK adds yet another volume to the series (dating from 1912) which constitutes a very remarkable contemporary history of China. It provides its readers with all material necessary for forming correct judgments on the Far Eastern situation and embodies all important documents and statistics of the year.

Among the subjects dealt with by foreign and Chinese experts are the following :—

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Obtainable at all booksellers or from the publishers:
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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

These should be typed on one side of the paper only, with double spacing. Publication does not mean that the statements and arguments of the authors are necessarily endorsed by the "North-China Daily News." Correspondents desiring the return of manuscripts not accepted by the Editor are required to enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Acceptance or rejection of letters is solely within the discretion of the Editor whose decision is final, and who will enter into no correspondence in connection therewith.

The Buses:

A Letter in Defence

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Your correspondent Yu Yuen ("N.C.D.N." 22.10.38), having booked a ticket from Seymour Road to Jessfield Park, and having been requested to change at Edinburgh Road, states: "I should very much like to have an authoritative pronouncement upon my rights as a passenger. Could I have insisted upon remaining in the bus which I had boarded at Seymour Road, until it took me to the stop for which I was sold a ticket?" The reply is that the purchase of a ticket to travel does not imply a contract to deliver you at a given destination in any particular vehicle; it is not apparent how such a contract could be applied in the case of season ticket holders. The purchase of a ticket does not convey the right of the passenger to control the operations of the transporter, although the expressed desire of a majority is always helpful in ascertaining the public requirements. It is essential to consider economy in operation as well as public needs, otherwise the service on a particular route might be running at a loss and it is very noticeable on the Jessfield Park route that frequently large buses are running with only a few passengers. Such a journey is actually being made at a loss to the Bus Company for the convenience of its patrons. If a passenger had a claim to be conveyed on the specific bus upon which the ticket was booked, it might occur that a bus would have to be run for a single passenger, but in the case of breakdown, the passenger would have the right to remain in the bus until repairs were completed. On the railways there are junction stations with permanent signs indicating to passengers to change trains. A branch line train is held until the passengers from a number of passing main line trains have changed over so that the branch line train will not be running lightly loaded. In other cases, where fully-loaded trains get emptier on the journey, passengers are requested to transfer to other coaches to enable surplus vehicles to be detached to avoid unnecessary haulage. By concentrating the bus passengers light running will be avoided and bus mileage saved, relieving the congestion of the roads and speeding up the services. Apparently the Bus Company is endeavouring to meet the wishes of its patrons by some re-arrangement, when during the experimental stage the tolerance and co-operation of the public will be helpful.

G. L. Turner.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

The Orchestra:

Some Letters Criticized

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Recent correspondence concerning the orchestra may have created impressions which are scarcely accurate and the somewhat caustic remarks of Little Willie in your issue of Oct. 22, call for comment. Views may differ upon the desirability of having a municipal orchestra, but that is purely the concern of the ratepayers as expressed at the annual meeting. By some, the orchestra is regarded as an education medium comparable with the municipal library and the grants to schools; by others it is looked upon as an entertainment for which its patrons should pay. Leadership in anything and everything is a vital factor but it can only achieve success by the co-operation of able followers. The orchestra must necessarily be made up of fully qualified musicians who are able to interpret faithfully and accurately, along with the conductor, the intentions of the great minds of the composers who created the masterpieces of music which only an orchestra of fully qualified instrumentalists can reproduce. I know that many of the musicians of the Shanghai Municipal Orchestra have full diplomas and, without being *Virtuoso*, have the qualifications to belong to any orchestra. They are engaged, like any other member of the personnel of the Council, to perform certain services and are not concerned with views upon the retention or otherwise of the orchestra, and there seems to be a feeling in some quarters that neither of the letters were necessary.

Briton.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

The Fall of Canton:

What Is Behind It?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Three reasons have been advanced for the debacle of Canton:—

1. The Cantonese were bought over. (Tokyo "silver bullets" rumour.)
2. The Canton defences were so weakened by withdrawals of troops and armaments for the defence of Hankow that it was a hopeless task to stem the invaders. (Gen. Yu Han-mou's complaint.)
3. The Central Government was betrayed by the Cantonese leaders. ("The Times" and "N.C.D.N." view.)

If the writer may be permitted to hazard a fourth opinion, it is that the surrender of Canton was absolutely deliberate, and was a move by the Chinese leaders to force British mediation. The Chinese are banking on the knowledge that if Japan were allowed to control Kwangtung, Hongkong would be ruined.

How far the British Government will move in the matter remains to be seen.

H. A. T.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

"Strange Law":

Some More Questions

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I was much interested in your recent leader entitled "Strange Law". Could you answer me the following questions:

(1) What is a "natural born British subject"?
(2) Under British Law is there any legal distinction or difference in status between a "natural born British subject" and a "British subject by birth"?
(3) Is a child, whose father is a "British subject by birth" but whose mother was, prior to her marriage, a foreigner, a "natural born British subject?"

British Subject by Birth.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

BY SAPAJOU.

The German A.D.C.—"Die Vier Gesellen"

In the Russian Colony

By "Stroy"

The foreign communities of Shanghai probably have no inkling that a musical market-place, in its literal sense, exists in this city. Yet so it does. Each morning, weather permitting, one to three dozens of Russian musicians gather on the corner of Avenue Joffre and Route des Soeurs to exchange views and get the latest information on happenings on the local musical front. Shanghai is a great sprawling city, musicians must live near to where they work, and places where they work are spread far apart in every district. And so they have picked out for themselves one spot where at an appointed hour each morning they all meet.

Without the Russians

Some time ago the question was raised—what would happen to Shanghai if one morning it woke up to find its Russian colony gone? Its world of music—and especially jazz-music—would, at any rate, suffer a crushing blow. Authoritative sources state that there are no less than 40 places where Russian musicians play to all classes of the Shanghai public. Again, one orchestra often employs from 50 to 11 Russians, and if the figures involved be multiplied by each other, the result constitutes a small army. In addition there are those unpretentious bars where, for want of better employment, one or two Russian musicians can always be seen playing unpretentious music.

The most widespread combination of instruments for a Shanghai jazz band are: one piano, two saxophones, a trombone and a drum. Sometimes a band may boast three saxophonists—one of whom is also a violinist—a guitarist with a Hawaiian repertoire, and a crooner. Most of them are Russians.

Earnings

Their earnings range on a wide scale. An average pianist is nowadays worth $120 to $200 month, and other musicians are generally paid on the same basis. But not a few musicians earn as much as $600 a month. In one local club a Russian pianist was given $10 a day, while in another establishment a foreign drummer up to this day receives a salary in American currency that does not cease to be the topic of daily conversation among his Russian colleagues. Band leaders are considered the most fortunate of the lot. In addition to their regular salary all musicians reap an income from exhilarated patrons who order their favourite songs from the band and dispense largesse in return. Their hours: in hotels they play 6 hours a day, in clubs as little as 4 or 5, while in most bars they play from 5 p.m. to midnight.

Musical instruments are expensive; thus, a new saxophone costs at least G.$200, while a set of drums can be bought from $150 to $1,000 local currency. Furthermore, a pianist is on occasion expected to wield an accordion, and a saxophonist a violin; while the full paraphernalia of a drummer is too numerous to be itemized here.

Each spring a wave of Russian musicians flows out of Shanghai to the northern and southern cities, while with the coming of autumn it ebbs back. Only recently, however, two orchestras have left for Harbin. Most jazz-players are young men who can adapt themselves easily to various conditions of life.

Cadet Corps

The former Cadet Corps of Khabarovks, counted one of the best military schools in the Russian Far East, was after the Civil War transferred to Shanghai and, later, to Belgrade. Living in Shanghai today, however, are many former "old boys" and lecturers of that school. As Monday October 24, marked the 50th anniversary of its founding, a solemn ceremony will be held before the ikon in memory of all cadets and officers who fell in the War, followed by a dinner at the ex-Officers' Club to which graduates of all military schools in pre-revolutionary Russia are invited.

Archbishop Melety, who together with Bishop John of Shanghai attended the conclave of all Orthodox Bishops in Europe, will at the end of October return from Jugoslavia. From here Archbishop Melety will proceed to Harbin, where Archbishop Victor, head of the Russian Orthodox Mission in Peking, and Bishop Juvenalius of Shanghai, will also arrive shortly.

Performance in Chinese Theatres

In their search for work, local Russian actors, dancers, singers and jugglers are with increasing frequency appearing in local Chinese theatres. Formerly appearances of this sort, most of which took place in cinemas, bore a sporadic character, but now it can be said that Russian performers have won over the Chinese audience with their variety shows. One of the most popular "stars" of one of the largest theatres on Nanking Road with a seating capacity of more than a thousand, is a Russian girl who to the delight of the audience, sings in the purest Chinese. The "electrical doll," a number depending for its success on deceptive lighting, is frequently included in the repertoire of these "troupes," and never fails to draw thunderous applause.

The "Shanghai Zaria" has printed a special investigation into the work of Russians in the local automobile mart. Russians, it is stated, work not only as chauffeurs and mechanics, but also have their taxi-services and repair-garages. Most Europeans employed in foreign automobile concerns are Russians. Russian automobile salesmen are especially numerous, catering to large numbers of customers and even having connections with Tsingtao, Tientsin and provincial cities. Several interesting facts about the changes in methods of selling cars necessitated by the local war of last year are recounted, proving that those salesmen who wished to continue as such had to exhibit adroit adaptability and ingeniousness. Russians are already making hazards as to the changes that will be brought about in the automobile market when peace will be declared between China and Japan and the many transport concerns that now reap large profits will be forced into liquidation.

Charity Organizations

The promptness with which the Committee of the United Foreign Charities assigned $2,000 for the construction of winter premises for the kitchen for indigent on Rue Bourgeat is noted with gratefulness in a statement given to the Russian press by the National Committee. Two more Russian organizations have joined the National Committee—the Union of Russian employees of local business concerns, and the Kazan Clan.

The National Committee has arranged for stipends to be granted to indigent children studying in Russian middle schools, and will shortly commence giving out hot breakfasts to poor children. Once each week the National Committee tells the Russian colony of its work over the radio, interspersing their programme with musical numbers. In the show-windows of many shops placards depict the activities of the Committee and appeal for donations to the indigent. Recently the Committee has published an illustrated brochure giving an account of the work of this central organization of the Russian colony.

A Russian orchestra of nine musicians, conducted by the young violinist Mr. Michael Gudatieff, has left for Saigon where it was invited to play in one of the best hotels in the city. Mr. Gudatieff enjoys the reputation of a first-class jazz-violonist.

Col. V. G. Borovikoff, one of the founders and for many years the leader of the local Union of Russian War Invalids, died in Tsingtao on October 14th, after a lengthy illness. One of the oldest officers of the Russian Imperial Army, Col. Borovikoff graduated from the Chugueff Military High School in 1900, and during the Great War was wounded three times and presented with the St. George's cross—the highest award for valour and the dream of every Russian officer. When during the the Civil War Sir Alfred Knox, now member of Parliament, formed a military school in Vladivostok, Col. Borovikoff was appointed instructor. Col. Borovikoff also directed military education in the Maritime provinces. After the White Armies quit Russia he arrived in Shanghai and at one time was chairman of the Union of War invalids.

The local colony of Russian Armenians now has its centre in the Armenian House at 269 Rue Maresca. In the same premises there is an Armenian-Georgian chapel with special Armenian ikons. The Armenian Archimandrite, Father Assogik, arrived in Shanghai recently, and on Sunday morning the chapel was solemnly opened to the public. The Armenian Church keeps in close contact with the Russian Orthodox Church.

A Catholic college for Russian boys will shortly be formed in Shanghai. The founding of this college has been entrusted by Pope Pius XI to Father F. G. Wilcock, who is leaving London for Shanghai in December. Heretofore Father Wilcock worked in the Russian College in Namure, Belgium, and last summer participated in the conference of representatives of Eastern Churches. At the conference at Stamford Hill Father Wilcock said that the Pope is at present doing for Russia what in medieval times his predecessors did for England during the persecution of the Church there. Three hundred years ago a school for English boys was formed on the European continent, and three colleges for the English founded in Rome. Today the same is being done for Russian emigres.

At the last meeting of the Russian Medical Society, held on October 21, in the premises of the Russian Hospital, Dr. S. J. Berlatsky read a paper on "The Question of Inspecting the Urinary Channel by X-Rays." while Dr. Pomus gave "A Discussion on the Spondylolistes."

An interesting programme was given at the opening night of the Russian Bohemian Club "Khlam" last Wednesday. In addition expromptu songs were given by Mr. A. Vertinsky and Mr. A. Kirsanov, earning loud applause. A warm welcome was given to a representative of Gen. Platoff's choir.

Germany Short of Men For Labour Projects

Dr. Ley Urges Return of Nationals Abroad

Leipzig, Oct. 24.

The problem raised by the dearth of manual labour in Germany was outlined last night by Dr. Robert Ley, German Labour Front Leader, in a speech at the Town Hall.

He stated that competitions should be held to reveal which concerns achieve the greatest output with the minimum of workmen.

Thus, thousands of workers could be engaged where they are most necessary in those regions where there is a lack of manual labour.

Dr. Ley also stressed the importance of repatriating those Germans who are living abroad.—Havas.

S.V.C. Routine Orders

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated Oct. 21, are published for information:—Appointments:—Armoured Car Company.—Staff Sergeant William Dearne Pearson to be 2nd. Lt., Oct. 1; Sergeant John Mayo Houghton to be 2nd Lt., Oct. 1. Transfers:—Headquarters Corps Cavalry:—Lt. J. J. Mokrejs relinquishes the appointment of Quartermaster at Headquarters Corps Cavalry and be posted for duty to the American Troop with effect from Oct. 13. American Troops.—Lt. W. L. Painter is transferred to Reserve of Officers "B", Oct. 13. Resignations:—American Troop.—Lt. J. A. Hawkesworth resigns his commission, Oct. 13.

Weapon Training — Classification (Rifle):—The undermentioned have qualified on "30 yards Range".—Light Automatic (A.D.) Company.—Pte. W. P. Hetherington, Pte. J. W. Pote-Hunt, Pte. C. Berry. American Company.—Pte. M. W. Bell, Pet. H. F. Parks, Pte. M. Senna.

Demonstration—Guard Mounting:—By kind permission of the Officer Commanding, two Squads of the 4th Regiment United States Marine Corps are to give a demonstration of Guard Mounting, and Guard Changing in the Drill Hall on Tuesday night Oct. 25. The demonstration is primarily for students attending the Officers and N.C.Os Instructional Course, but all other Volunteers interested are invited to attend. The demonstration will start at 6.15 p.m. by which time spectators should be in their places.

Inter-Unit Transfer:—L/Cpl. R. Manly-Allatt, Transport Company, is transferred to Light Automatic (A.D.) Company with effect from Oct. 13.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—Tpr. P. B. Tay Oct. 17. Corps Troops:—"C" M.G. Company.—Pte. O. Galich Oct. 14. Pte. R. Golenpolsky Oct. 20. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. R. N. Coppin, Oct. 18. "B" Company.—Pte. C. J. Beach Oct. 18. Jewish Company.—Pte. G. Nisenbaum Oct. 14. Pte. M. Horjelsky Oct. 14. Pte. S. Dvorkin Oct. 15. Pte. R. M. Holmogortzeff Oct. 17. Pte. Z. S. Karpacheff Oct. 18. Pte. A. G. Feldman Oct. 20. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company.—Pte. J. E. L. Larsen Oct. 14. "B" Battalion:—Philippine Company.—Pte. V. Oaferina Oct. 15. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—L/Cpl. H. W. Keep Oct. 19. Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Co.—Pte. R. A. Boothroyd Oct. 21. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company.—Sgt. J. R. Milligan Oct. 21. Pte. T. Watson Oct. 21. Pte. C. F. Knox Oct. 21. Jewish Company.—Pte. L. Senderoff Oct. 19.

After Order

(Issued with C.R.Os No. 43, dated October 24, 1938).

Courses of Instruction—November:—The attention of all concerned is directed to the Programme for Training Season 1938/9 (Ref. 76/31 of August 19, 1938). The various Weapon Training Courses as shown therein will take place beginning with Serial III (b) on Oct. 31, 1938. The following instructions apply to all courses:—No Further Notification will be sent out to any individuals. Unit Commanders should ensure that all concerned are reminded of the dates on which their Courses start.

Instructions for Students:—(i) Time and place of assembly all classes.—Drill Hall at 5.30 p.m. (ii) Arms:—Rifles and Bayonets or Pistols, thoroughly cleaned and slightly oiled. Light Automatics and Machine Guns, thoroughly cleaned and slightly oiled will be ready in the Drill Hall. (iii) Dress.—Canvas clothing, Service or Forage Cap. (iv) Equipment.—Drill Order. Note book and pencil. Rifle and Bayonet for Serial III, Pistols for Serial IV. (v) Programme and Training Notes:—Will be issued on assembly.

Sixty Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News," of October 25, 1878

From Yokohama:—The Gazette gives currency to a statement copied from the semi-official paper the Nichi-nichi Shimbun, to the effect that the court-martial, before which the mutineers of the Takebashi barracks are being tried, failing to extort confessions from the accused, have proceeded to apply torture. On the 7th instant, several prisoners were subjected to the barbarous tortures known as the sorobanzeme and hako-zeme and it is to be supposed that this cruelty will be continued until confessions true, or statements false, are forced from them. The same native paper, of the following day's date, gave some more particulars of the barbarous practices. Five of the alleged ring-leaders, Sub-Lieutenant Yamanouchii, and Adjutants Yanada, Rika, Nakajima and Tsutsumi, have been subjected to torture in order to force from them some sort of confession which may lead to the arrest of others. Nakajima has been placed upon the soroban, an infernal machine somewhat similar in appearance to the calculating board in common use, the movable beads are, however, in the instrument of torture, sharp wooden spikes at regular distances apart, and on this the unfortunate victim is placed, and slowly loaded with weights. Hako is, as its name imports, a box in which the person confined can neither sit stand, nor lie. All this is going on under the very eyes of the Ministers who profess to distribute rewards for meritorious services to the troops, and at the same time apply to others an inhuman punishment which, in the interests of humanity generally, should be put a stop to it. If it should be known that the Government of Japan not only tolerate but actually practice torture upon criminals, and if the information should be conveyed to Her Majesty the Queen of England the reception of the Japanese Minister at the next drawing room would show him how utterly abhorrent to the English mind is this strange relic of barbarous tyranny which clings to Japan, and forms the most emphatic negative reply to any attempts to revise the Treaties by omitting extra-territoriality.

Japanese Ships Near Macao

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Japanese warships are apparently seeking to isolate Macao from the hinterland, reliable reports from Macao declared today.

A number of Japanese warships were sighted off Tongkawan and also at the entrance of Wangmoon passage, steaming towards Shekki. It was reported that a Japanese party effected a landing near Wangmoon, which would lead to the isolation of Macao.—United Press.

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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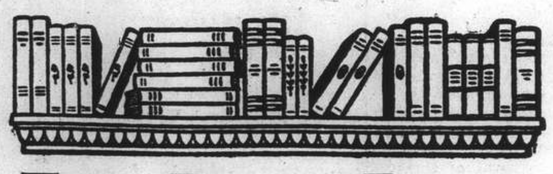

THE BOOK PAGE

National Boundaries

SELF-DETERMINATION 1919. A Study in Frontier-Making between Germany and Poland. By Frederick W. Kaltenbach. Jarrolds, London. 3/6.

This small book has a present value out of all proportion to its size. Taking up the question of unsatisfied nationality aspirations, Dr. Kaltenbach, an American, has shown how the principle of self-determination was used at the Paris Peace Conference. This principle of self-determination, as shown by the use of the plebiscite, may not have been the best method of solving the territorial problems of the Peace, but once adopted, it should have been applied without fear or favour.

Evidence has been collected by this author to show how the thesis of nationality was used in every case against Germany. In pursuit of this point, he brings out the granting of the Italian annexationist claims in the Tyrol and on the Adriatic, contrary to self-determination; the refusal of the Conference, owing to French opposition, to hold plebiscites in Alsace Lorraine; the necessity on Denmark's part of refusing the Commission's plan to hold a plebiscite in southern Schleswig, since this area was indisputably German and, Denmark did not want it.

The Politicians

One of the anomalies of the situation was the case of Lloyd George (whom one would scarcely expect to have gone out of his way to resurrect Wilsonism in June 1919) forcing through a plebiscite in the disputed territory of Upper Silesia, while at the same time Wilson, as well as Clemenceau, opposed such a plebiscite. There was only one issue so far as France was concerned: with the possession of the Silesian steel mills and coal mines. Poland would be immeasurably richer and Germany immeasurably poorer. Clemenceau made no attempt to hide this opinion under a cloak of principles. Wilson shared this French point of view—opposed as it was to his own pronouncements — "As against the Germans, I am pro-Pole with all my heart." (Minutes of the Council of Four. Vol. xix, p.99.)

The background of the most recent incidents in central Europe may be found in the negotiations of the Peace Conference.

For and Against

During the consideration of the Czechoslovakian boundaries with Germany, April 1, 1919, the French defended the inclusion of the Germans in the new state on economic and strategic grounds. The following account of the meeting is based on the Minutes of the Supreme Council, Report of the Czechoslovak Commission:

M. Cambon said that "the task of the Commission had been one of considerable intricacy. It had attempted to give justice to ethnic claims, but economic and strategic considerations had also to be given weight as a purely racial frontier would have left Czechoslovakia defenceless and economically crippled...."

Mr. Lansing said "he wished to point out that the fixing of frontier lines with a view to their military strength and in contemplation of war was directly contrary to the whole spirit of the League of Nations, of international disarmament, and of the policy of the United States as set forth in the declarations of President Wilson."

M. Cambon said in reply, that "the ethnological principle was not the only one the Commission was to apply. If a nation was to be composed strictly according to the national sentiments of each village, the result would be a country as discontinuous as the spots on a panther's skin."

The discussion next touched on the salient near Rumburg, where the Bohemian frontier made a bulge into Germany. The majority of the Commission, namely the British, French, and Italian Delegates, had been in favour of maintaining the old administrative line. The American Delegate, however, had made a reservation on this point.

Mr. Balfour asked M. Cambon to explain for what reasons the Commission had decided to leave the salient within Bohemia.

M. Cambon said that there were historical reasons for doing so.

Mr. Lansing observed that in this salient there were 90,000 Germans and no Czechs.

M. Cambon repied that nature had so clearly marked the outlines of the country that it was undesirable to alter them without very cogent reasons. "Further, it (the Commission) had thought it inadvisable to make a gratuitous offer to Germany of additional population, and thereby to create a precedent for the attribution of other Austro-Germans to the main federation."

Mr. Lansing asked if the Commission would approve a plebiscite in this area.

M. Laroche said that "this question had been raised in the Commission, which after consideration had decided that a plebiscite could not be proposed in an isolated salient without extending it to the rest of the German Bohemians. If this were done, the Czecho-slovak State would be reduced to very slender proportions."

Mr. Lansing observed that this was not a good reason to justify an injustice.

M. Laroche denied that an injustice was being done. "The inhabitants of these regions were accustomed to live in close connection with the rest of Bohemia, and did not desire separation. Moreover the German colonization was of recent date. The result of the policy suggested by Mr. Lansing might be that the whole of Bohemia would elect to join Germany in order not to be separated from the German Bohemians."

M. Pichon said that "France could not allow Germany to be fortified by populations taken from what had been Austrian Dominions, taken, moreover, from Bohemia, which, he trusted would remain an ally of France, and handed over to Germany, which as far as he was concerned, still remained a country to be feared. If America refused to take into account considerations of national defence. France was not in a position to neglect them."

(David Hunter Miller, "My Dairy at the Peace Conference of Paris." With Documents. N.Y. 1924-26. Vol. XVI, 11ff.)

Twenty Years After

In light of the very recent occupation of Teschen, Czechoslovakia, by the Poles, the following fact is of great importance: The territory of Teschen, a portion of Austrian Silesia bordering on German Silesia, was claimed by both Poland and Czechoslovakia. It was decided not to hold a plebiscite (as the recognized policy would have demanded), but to leave the adjudication of the matter to a special commission, called the Allied Commission on Teschen. The Commission reported on May 6, 1919, as follows:

Today it would seem that the great majority of the Silesians, after having been ignorant for centuries of what they really were, feel themselves today to be Polish, in heart, civilization and language...they would like to remain independent or German; but since that is impossible and they are at base Poles by race and language, it is more logical that they should be joined to Poland rather than to Czecho-Slovakia.

Despite this arbitrary report in favour of Poland, Teschen was incorporated with Czechoslovakia. Twenty years have passed. And this present month Teschen has now been occupied by the Poles, and all Czechs incapable of proving domicile previous to 1919 have been driven from the territory. No better example could be given of the failure to carry out a principle presumably adopted but not followed.

It well may be argued that the principle of self-determination is not adequate for the settlement of international boundaries. Economic unity, security against aggression, historical, social and religious conditions must weigh heavily. The point in this study, however, is that self-determination, expressed so definitely in Wilson's address to his War Congress, February 11, 1918, constantly repeated and again formulated in Point Thirteen of his Fourteen Points, was accepted as a principle by the Peace Conference. The evidence of this book shows a biased use of the principle, a use that has been distinctly dangerous to European peace.—F.M.R.

Going Home

HOW TO LIVE IN ENGLAND ON A PENSION By "Mauser." Third edition. Oxford University Press, London. 3/6.

The new and enlarged edition of "Mauser's" popular handbook, which has previously received world-wide acclaim, is right up-to-date and any individual who proposes to retire in the near future and settle down with his family in England will find this little compendium invaluable in the wise advice that it offers.

The author, formerly a Government official in India, gives the results of his own experience on a matter that has hitherto been approached with a show of diffidence, and although perhaps he has taken, as a general example, the man who expects to spend the evening of his days on a pension that this reviewer can only hope but never expect to obtain, the guiding principles are there for the man who can confidently look forward to securing a third or even less of the actual figure stipulated.

The Early Snags

"Mauser" has gone into the problem—and settling down in the United Kingdom after a lifetime abroad or in the Colonies is most definitely a problem—very deeply and in twelve chapters has summed up his findings on the "art of successfully living at home" most clearly and concisely, so that the intending settler — or should it be homecomer? — has a thoroughly concrete idea of what snags he is likely to encounter during his first few years' return. These first few years are the ones that count, states the author, for it is understood that a certain amount of capital is needed to do anything at all, and if this capital be lost during the early period in inability to cope with the existing local conditions, then the pensionholder can only hope, at best, to spend his declining days in some "genteel" boarding-house where the degree of homelike comfort is invariably lacking and far from satisfying.

Saving All Round

The first five chapters relate to the locality in which to reside, the type of home to purchase, the price to pay for it, how to pay for it, its furniture and fittings, where to secure such necessities and, of course, the capital needed for these outlays. The remaining chapters are utilized to tell the reader how his income should be employed, all essential expenses he is likely to incur, how and where his children, if there are any, should be educated, how pensions may be supplemented by the judicious use of one's talents and a few paragraphs on hobbies, exercises, diet and social contacts.

In a very few words this excellent manual is a guide-book of unique value that, studied as it deserves to be, must result in the saving of money, grey hairs and tons of worry. It is thoroughly well put together by a man who understands the innermost difficulties of living on a not too fat pension and who has turned his research work into a commonsense way of assisting those who intend to retire. There must be many Shanghailanders to whom this sympathetic book must soon have a very definite appeal. If they do not secure a copy, they have only themselves to blame should they learn of the "what might have been," through the school of bitter experience.

Contradiction is half the battle in talking—the being startled by what others say, and having to answer on the spot.—WILLIAM HAZLITT.

* * *

I have but one lamp by which my feet are guided; and that is the lamp of experience. I know of no way of judging of the future but by the past.—PATRICK HENRY.

* * *

Great men and little have the same accidents, the same tempers, the same passions, but one is on the felloe of the wheel, the other near the axle, and so less agitated by the same revolutions.—PASCAL.

* * *

Consciousness of unquestioned position makes people gracious in proper measure to all; but if a woman puts on airs with her real equals, she has something about herself or her family she is ashamed of, or ought to be.—OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

* * *

He whose assent goes beyond his evidence owes this excess of his adherence only to prejudice, and does in effect own it when he refuses to hear what is offered against it; declaring thereby that it is not evidence he seeks, but the quiet enjoyment of the opinion he is fond of, with a forward condemnation of all that may stand in opposition to it, unheard and unexamined.—JOHN LOCKE.

New Readers

THE MYSTERY OF THE ISLAND Freely adapted from Jules Verne. Illustrated by John Nicolson. New Method Readers. Supplementary Reader Grade Two. Longmans Green, London. 8d.

THE BLACK TULIP By Alexandre Dumas. Simplified by Michael West, M.A., D.PHIL., and brought within the vocabulary of New Method Reader Grade Four. Longmans Green, London. 1/1.

THE BLACK ARROW By R. L. Stevenson. Retold by Michael West M.A., D.PHIL., and brought within the vocabulary of New Method Reader Grade Five. Longmans Green, London. 1/1.

THE KING OF THE UNDERSEA CITY By Georges-G. Toudouze. Adapted by Michael West, M.A., D.PHIL. Illustrated. New Method Reader Grade Three. Longmans Green, London. 10d.

THE THIRTY-NINE STEPS By John Buchan. Simplified by George F. Wear. Illustrated by "Nicolson." Longmans Green, London. 1/6.

Teachers of English and of literature generally will welcome with gratitude the new set of readers which Longmans Green have brought out this year. They have opened up new and interesting fields in presenting John Buchan as an author for class use, and not only will foreign students enjoy him, but English students as well. "The Thirty-Nine Steps" is a particularly happy choice, and schools of the "die-hard" type would do well to include it on their next requisition list as a change from "The Talisman" and "David Copperfield," to mention only two hoary favourites.

Good Combination

The reviewer ventures to criticize certain of the annotations and notes, however. In her own experience with foreign pupils she finds that a great many of them have met a great number of the words as a matter of course in their everyday life, and in any case the common root of so many of these words makes them comprehensible without further explanation. Idiomatic expressions need more interpretation than the names of common objects. This, however, is but a very small matter. The value of these books is beyond question. Good English, style and interest are combined, and the publishers realize that the third mentioned is as necessary as the other two.—E.M.M.P.

New Fiction

Almost as cheering as a box of chocolates is **"Yesterday's Lover"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6). Elisabeth Margetson's charming young people move in an artists' colony in the south of France, in London at its richest, all of them amusing, well-dressed and good-looking—even the coldly villainous Jim O'Garry might pass without detection if one judged by appearances. It is like watching a pleasant play, the characters are all so alive and the action moves so fast—and whatever happens one can feel assured that it will all come right in the end, and it does. The way Miss Margetson clears up lovers' difficulties is really neat and most unexpected.—M.E.

Hugh Margrave, M.P., can hardly be regarded as among the best brains of the House of Commons—but as he is the hero of Mr. W. H. Lane Crauford's novel **"Love on the Run"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) which comes under "Humour" in the list of his writings, it is obvious that his destiny is to amuse. He has a grandmother who treats him like a schoolboy and endeavours to contrive a suitable marriage for him, there are confusing adventures at a preparatory school which end with a totally unsuitable speech on Speech Day, a comic butler, a damsel in distress—in fact all the ingredients of farce. If the farce seems a little mild, no doubt the fault is in the reader.—M.E.

In a little extract from the "Lancet" which takes the place of a dedication in Mr. Sidney Fairway's **"Quack's Paradise"** (Stanley Paul, London 7/6) a writer says:

....I do not believe that there exists a more high-principled body of men than the doctors of Great Britain.

With this it is evident that Mr. Fairway agrees and his quack's progress is shown against a background of perfectly admirable qualified medical men, nor does he shrink from giving indirect advice to his readers on a subject which he appears to have very greatly at heart. Nevertheless he has been fair, and it is quite impossible to dislike Professor O'Callan, for Mr. Fairway has managed to put across to the reader something of the personality that made the Professor a successful practitioner—after his trumpet had been discreetly blown by the perfectly unscrupulous editor of one of the local papers. This story of a provincial town and an unorthodox professor of the art of healing is very well-written and entertaining—which is not surprising, coming from Mr. Fairway's pen.—D.P.

Books Received

Hongkong. E. Thornbecke (Kelly & Walsh, Shanghai.) **Himalayas of the Soul.** J. Mascaró (Murray, London. 3/6).

We should search for truth unhesitatingly, and if we refuse it, we show that we value the esteem of men more than the search for truth. —PASCAL.

* * *

He must be a poor creature that does not often repeat himself. Imagine the author of that excellent piece of advice, "Know thyself," never alluding to that sentiment again during the course of a protracted existence!—OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

* * *

If we would reprove with success, and show another his mistake, we must see from what side he views the matter, for on that side it is generally true, and admitting that truth, show him the side on which it is false. He will be satisfied, for he will see that he was not mistaken, only that he did not see all sides.—PASCAL.

* * *

Hardly does a young man know how to hold a paint-brush, pen, or chisel than he feels impelled to create something original, if not strange and unheard of; he would think himself humiliated in following the methods of another artist, be he ever so great. The chief business with him is not to work well, but to work in a different mode to others; originality is more to him than beauty.—ARMANDO PALACIO-VALDES.

THROUGH THE MIKE

BY THE RADIO EDITOR

Novel Uses

To your list of "Novel Uses for Radio," add whale location. During night operations some difficulty is sometimes experienced after a whale has been harpooned in getting the whale on board. The first wireless officer of the Norwegian whaler Kosmos has built a miniature short wave transmitter mounted in the harpoon shaft and this transmits a signal which can be located on the whaler and thus the movements of the whale may be followed with suitable direction-finding apparatus and the whale "easily" landed.

* * *

Beam Radio

The first of the test transmissions on the new radio telephone installation for the Hebrides was to have been carried out at the beginning of the month. A station 1,000 feet up on the mountains near Castlebay, Barra, was to work with another station at Tobermory, Mull, whilst the chain was to be completed by a station near Oban. The radio installation is intended to replace cables which are often out of action due to the effects of the storms which are experienced in the vicinity.

* * *

"Remembrance"

Speaking of the observation of Armistice Day, a character in "Remembrance" (which Daventry will broadcast this week) says:— "You can't genuinely mourn people who've been dead for twenty years. And even if you insist on a day of mourning yourself, you've no right to inflict it on others." "I doubt if anyone does regard it as a day of mourning," replies a War veteran. "But it is—or ought to be—a day of inspiration. The one justification for Armistice Day is that it ought to promote peace and better understanding." The play is set in a family circle, during the broadcast of the Albert Hall Festival of Remembrance, and, by "fading back" to the War years, gives listeners a glimpse into the minds of the men who formed the front line. To a world that is still dazedly asking itself to what end the great army of the dead made their sacrifice, the author suggests that by keeping alive their memory their survivors may strive to promote peace and amity among nations, and to make the homeland one in which all may dwell in "sufficiency and usefulness and concord."

* * *

Madrid Again

In addition to the regular programme broadcast through EAQ on 30.43m., 9.86 mc/s, through the Aranjuez transmitter, a programme may also now and again be picked up on 31.65m., 9.48 mc/s, emanating from the Vallecas station EAR, in the neighbourhood of Madrid. Nightly news bulletins given in various European languages are interspersed with a broadcast of gramophone records.

* * *

More on Spain

The call of a Nationalist station at Burgos on 40.8m., 7.353 mc/s, is reported to be FET5, and it transmits from 02.00 Shanghai time. A news bulletin is given in English around 03.00, while at 05.00 a relay is carried out regularly of the programme broadcast by the Radio National station at Salamanca and the station eventually closes down at about 08.00. On 41.15m., 7.295 mc/s, is another station calling itself "Radio Republicana España" and with the call-sign EA3FI; it broadcasts regularly between 02.30-03.30 and sometimes later in the day.

* * *

Praha

Prague is now reported to be broadcasting news bulletins in English at 04.20 and 05.30 daily. The Podebrady transmitters are OLR4A, working on 25.34m., 11.84 mc/s, and OLR4B on 25.51m., 11.76 mc/s, and both put out powerful signals and interesting programmes—even if there is a little advertising of Czechoslovakia as a tourist zone.

* * *

Canadian Folk Songs

Folk music from many far-distant parts of the North American continent will be heard in the Daventry transmissions this week and next. Juliette Gaultier, the French-Canadian soprano, who will present the programme, has specialized in folk-music of almost every kind, her researches having taken her right across the Dominion of Canada and even into the Arctic regions, where she was the first white woman to make a close study of the folk-songs of Northern Alaska and of the Copper Eskimos. She is also an authority on Red Indian folk music and, of course, that of the emigrés who first left France to settle in the New World. Mlle. Gaultier has given song recitals and lectures on folk-lore in many parts of the world.

* * *

Arabic Programmes

The attention of all who listen to the Arabic programmes from Daventry that, from October 16, the BBC's Arabic transmission reverted to a wavelength of 31.32 metres, 9.58 mc/s, on GSC. This is in accordance with the periodical change in selection of wavelengths, owing to seasonal variations in conditions of transmission.

* * *

Richard III

As a study in villainy, Shakespeare's picture of Richard III is outstanding, even in the unparalleled rogues' gallery created by the world's greatest dramatist. One of the worst Kings in English history gave Shakespeare his inspiration for one of the greatest acting parts on the English stage, and there are probably many lovers of Shakespeare who remember Sir John Martin Harvey's remarkable interpretation of the character, with its blend of greatness and utter lack of conscience. Listeners next week will hear scenes of "Richard III" broadcast from Daventry and John Richmond, who will produce the programme, was in touch with a distinguished Shakespearean actor (according to word dated Sept. 28) who, he hopes, will be free to play the part of King Richard.

* * *

Push-Button

Last Tuesday morning, I carried a little note anent push-button tuning and push-button sets, remarking that there were "no signs of them out here yet." My attention has been drawn to the fact that as far back as June 3 and ever since we have been carrying advts. for these very sets! My apologies all round!

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *15.00 to 17.15* o'clock, 19.66m.; 19.76m.; 25.29m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *18.45 to 21.50*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.

Via **Hongkong.**—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.38m.; 19.74m.; 19.63m.; 13.99m.; *13.05 to 18.50*, 16.89m. *to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00*

Australia—**Lyndhurst**, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.

Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00; 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.

Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 22.00*, 31.50m.

Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*19.00 to 24.00*, 19.68m.; *22.30 to 24.00*, 16.84m. Also *irreg*, on 25.24m., 25.60m. and 31.41m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally; Daily, *08.00 to 10.00, 21.25 to 23.30*; Sun., *20.25 to 23.30, 03.00 to 04.00*, 16.38m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m.; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.30 to 14.30, 21.00 to 23.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Schenectady, N.Y. U.S.A.—*20.00 to 24.00*. 13.9m.; *00.15 to 07.00*, 19.50m.

Pound Brook, N.J., U.S.A.—*21.00 to 05.00*, 16.6m., daily; *22.00 to 05.00*, 16.8m., Saturday; *23.00 to 24.00*, 16.8m., Sundays.

Today's Broadcasts

13.10 Varied (B)
13.30 News, etc. (T)
14.00 News in German (B)
15.00 News (D), "In Town Tonight" (D)
15.30 BBC Symphony Concert No. 1: Wagner (D)
16.30 "At Home and Abroad" (LYN)
16.50 News (D)
17.00 Melbourne and Perth progs. (A)
17.15 News (LYN)
17.30 News in German (B)
18.45 Play: "After Dinner" (D)
19.00 Concert (B), News (P), Varied (M), (B)
19.15 English folk music (D)
19.45 Jack Wilson's Versatile Five (D)
20.00 News (B), Concert (P)
20.15 "Jewellery" (D)
20.30 News (LYN)
20.45 Baritone/piano recital (D)
21.00 News in German (B), Varied (T)
21.15 Dance music (D)
21.30 News (D), in French (P)
22.00 News (B), Violin recital (D)
22.15 Latest dance hits (D)
22.30 Radio play: "France" (P)
22.45 "Topical Gazette" (D)
23.15 "Steamboat" (D)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 Serge Krish Septet (D)
05.15 News (D)
05.35 Empire Exhibition, 1938 (D)
06.00 BBC Empire Orchestra (D), News, 31.48m. (USA)
06.30 Varied (M)

If you are very often deceived by those around you, you may be sure that you deserve to be deceived; and that instead of railing at the general falseness of mankind, you have first to pronounce judgment on your own jealous tyranny, or on your own weak credulity. Those only who can bear the truth will hear it.—ARTHUR HELPS.

Heavier Taxes in Australia

Prosperity Still on a High Level; Burden of Defence Programme

The Budget introduced in the Australian Federal Parliament last month by Mr. R. G. Casey, the Federal Treasurer, reverses Budgetary trends since 1932. Chiefly to defray the cost of the expanded defence programme, the Lyons Government for the first time have been compelled to impose a fairly widespread increase of taxation.

Estimating expenditure for 1938-39 at £93,136,000, compared with £85,963,000 in 1937-38, and revenue at £89,952,000, compared with £89,458,000. Mr. Casey announced that the shortage of £3,184,000 must largely be covered by additional taxation, in view of the States' loan requirements and of the big internal conversion loan of £68,000,000 shortly to be undertaken. Income-tax payable by individuals and companies, therefore, will be increased by 15 per cent., producing an additional £1,400,000; the sales tax will be increased from four to five per cent., producing £1,300,000; land tax will be increased by 11.1 per cent., producing £135,000.

In spite of some recession oversea (said Mr. Casey), our own internal financial and economic position remains remarkably good compared with other countries. We are preparing to meet very large increases of expenditure on defence and social services, while maintaining progress and development in manifold other directions, in the face of serious world difficulties. We have no enemies and no enmities, yet find it essential, the world being as it is, to impose great burdens on ourselves to ensure security. The Government believe that responsible taxpayers are ready to meet the task of endeavouring to achieve social betterment and national security, and hope that Parliament will accept this defence Budget as a courageous effort.

Export Prices Fall

Reviewing the last financial year, Mr. Casey said that the value of recorded material production was about £456,000,000, the same as in 1936-37. It would have been higher but for the decline of prices.

Building permits were valued at £56,000,000, compared with £48,000,000. The woolclip totalled £52,600,000, compared with £63,600,000; the wheat crop £40,000,000, compared with £40,500,000. Average export prices were 12½ per cent. lower than in 1936-37, but the volume of production was appreciably higher. Consequently the export income was £125,400,000, compared with £129,000,000. Investment of oversea capital continued satisfactorily, and the net drain on London funds was probably not more than £10,000,000. During the last two years probably £15,000,000 had been added to London funds. Australia's remarkable resistance to adverse developments oversea was partly explained by the financial institutions' refusal to be unduly affected by every economic breeze.

Turning to the new financial year, Mr. Casey announced that defence expenditure would be £16,796,000, compared with £11,531,000 in 1937-38.

The Government, he continued, would apply £2,495,000 from the 1937-38 surplus of £3,494,000 to the defence vote, putting the remainder in a defence trust account. The £4,000,000 already raised by loan would also be applied, leaving £8,492,000 to be found from revenue after using the balance from 1937-38. The half-year's national insurance beginning in January he estimated would cost £1,100,000; invalid and old-age pensions £16,500,000, compared with £15,800,000; public works £9,673,000, compared with £8,937,000; and grants to South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania £2,020,000, compared with £1,690,000. A sum of £21,000 would be spent on the San Francisco Exposition, £40,000 on the New York World Fair, and £37,500 on publicity and trade promotion in the United Kingdom.

Business Confidence

On the revenue side it was estimated that Customs and Excise would produce £46,750,000, compared with £48,383,000. Traders were expecting no decline in business in the first six months of the financial year.

Legislation would be introduced to provide invalid and old-age pension reciprocity between Australia and New Zealand, and to amend the Commonwealth Bank Act in order to give effect to certain recommendations of the Royal Commission on Banking.

The only Customs amendment accompanying the Budget is an increase of 8d. a lb. excise on tobacco, which it is estimated will produce £375,000 when taken into account with a reclassification of Customs duties, which will have the effect of increasing the minimum percentage of Australian leaf used in the manufacture of cigarettes. The increases apply from January 1 on manufactured tobacco and cigarettes imported from the United Kingdom. Mr. White, the Minister of Trade and Customs, explained that the alterations were made to ensure the consumption of all usable Australian leaf, owing to its increased production and remarkable improvement in quality.

The reasons which any man offers to you for his own conduct betray his opinion of your character.—ARTHUR HELPS.

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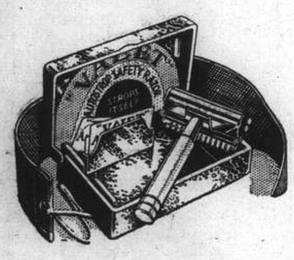

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(Established in 1850)

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
Telegraphic Address: HERALD SHANGHAI

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Single copies 10 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$24
China, Korea and Japan	"	$32
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NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$18
China, Korea and Japan	"	$18
Hongkong and Macao	"	$21
Postal Union Countries	"	$28

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, Shanghai
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the North China Herald.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of LEONTINE FORD SMITH, beloved wife of George B. Fryer and mother of Roberta A. Fryer. October 25, 1937. -4431

CARD

MRS. AGNES MURPHY and family wish to herein thank all friends for the kind expressions of sympathy and floral tributes sent during their recent bereavement.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THOSE ASSURANCES

Any statement from General Hata, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese forces on the subject of the present hostilities, and the questions which arise from them will be read with interest. The interview which he gave to Reuter's special correspondent is consequently of importance, though it must be confessed that he said in reality very little that has not been said at one time or another by Japanese leaders during the past fifteen months. It makes no particular contribution to the consideration of the many problems which foreign neutrals are facing and gives no real hope that they will be solved at an early date. Nevertheless, a re-statement of the intentions of the Japanese high command at this juncture is useful, even if it merely shows that little or nothing is being done to alleviate foreign anxieties in connection with certain developments. General Hata claims that all measures taken by the forces under his command were adopted because of military necessity. He also expresses the belief that their revision will be considered as soon as a real relaxation in conditions takes place. He also reiterates the well-known phrase:—"As a matter of principle we intend to respect scrupulously the rights and interests of third party Powers; those interfered with will be gradually restored." The penultimate word of that sentence will be noticed with much cynicism, for the restoration of those foreign interests, which have been interfered with, is at the present moment proceeding at an absolutely imperceptible speed. It may be possible that the idea of gradualness is intended to indicate some degree of acceleration, and in that there may be some slight hope that something will eventually be done to which foreign neutrals are at present labouring, rectify the very definite inconveniences under not only in Shanghai but in practically all areas which are now under Japanese domination. It will be readily admitted that some of the limitations imposed upon third party nationals were originally dictated by military necessity, but it cannot be believed that that necessity still exists, and has not in fact disappeared a very long time ago.

The list of points in this connection put to General Hata by Reuter's representative does not include all that could be cited. Here in Shanghai and its environs there is a continuing interference with the rights which it has been promised should be scrupulously respected. To it might be added the very important item of the omission by the Japanese to permit the recommencement of conserving the Whangpoo, and a number of other matters. The facts are that though the fighting has been removed from Shanghai for almost a year little real effort has been made by the Japanese to reestablish conditions which were so much upset by the outbreak of fighting in this area. It is apparent that the question of righting original wrongs is in some cases being held up for the purpose of extracting concessions of one sort or another, and the matter of restitution is being made a bargaining point. General Hata is quite correct in his contention that some grievances arise from lack of appreciation of conditions prevailing in the zone of hostilities. That zone is now removed far away from Shanghai, but in this locality no such lack of appreciation can possibly exist in view of the very patent testimony which is daily before the community's eyes. It remembers all the assurances which have been given, and fails to understand why so little has been done by the responsible Japanese to fulfil the undertakings which they have given. It realizes quite well that there is no military necessity for the suspension of the dredging of the harbour, or the failure to return the Hongkew and Yangtszepoo districts completely to the jurisdiction of the Shanghai Municipal Council. The latter is apparently being held in an endeavour to obtain from the authorities of the International Settlement concessions which can only be lawfully made by the many Powers interested in its maintenance. It must be always remembered that the constitution of the International Settlement is a matter of international concern, and not something which the Municipal Council could or should be constrained to deal with.

The return of foreigners to their stations in the interior is another outstanding example, as is also the failure to reopen the Yangtze to Third-Power navigation. So far as the Japanese trader is concerned he has returned to his old post on the heels of the Japanese armies. Preparations have been afoot for some time past for Japanese businessmen to return to Hankow with all despatch after its capture, some concerns having already purchased the usual office equipment to replace that which has probably been taken away by the Chinese. Foreign neutrals have not found it so easy to get back to their stations, and the fact that the Japanese do, must of necessity carry the conviction that the military authorities are discriminating against other nationals, and in that way continuing to prejudice those Foreign interests which it has been so often promised should be scrupulously respected. Reports from north China indicate that the same processes of obstruction of and discrimination against third party nationals are being followed. There is there, for example, no conceivable military necessity dictating the prohibition of the export of wool, virtually creating a monopoly for the Japanese. In this respect not only are foreign interests not being scrupulously respected, but are actually in the process of destruction. It is for reasons such as the foregoing that there is not much consolation to be found in the fresh assurances which General Hata has given. They indicate no early approach to the removal of the unnecessary restrictions placed upon foreign neutrals, and merely serve again to emphasize the wide variance which exists between Japanese undertakings in this matter and the manner of their fulfilment. The bona fides of the authorities responsible are being tested by the prevalence of these unfortunate conditions, for it must be quite evident that a continuation of them constitutes just as much a breach of those assurances, as was the original act of interference.

Bombing of Sandpiper

Until fuller details are received, judgment on the bombing of H.M.S. Sandpiper by Japanese aeroplanes at Changsha must be reserved. Brief telegrams to hand state that the gunboat was bombed by six Japanese aeroplanes and suffered slight damage to the superstructure but, happily, there were no casualties. Quite appropriately, the British authorities have lodged a strong protest with the Japanese authorities, for the Panay incident is too fresh in the mind to conceive that, without some deep sense of responsibility, there should be a repetition although without such disastrous results. At the time of the Panay bombing foreign warships were carrying easily discernible symbols of identity to aircraft and since the incident even bolder methods of identification have been adopted to leave no misapprehension to aircraft overhead. Such a course was necessary because of the disagreement by the Foreign Powers with the conception of Japan that war vessels should move out of the sphere of actual or anticipated hostilities—a conception which was again conveyed in a request by the Japanese that British shipping should move upriver from Hankow but which was refused. Relief will be felt at the escape of the Sandpiper, in some degree, through the sentimental attachment Shanghai has for this gunboat. Less than 200 tons and drawing a bare two feet of water, H.M.S. Sandpiper came out from Home in parts and was assembled at Kiangnan Dock for service in the shallowest of the Central China waters. She is the smallest vessel of the Yangtze Flotilla and her completion and launching in Shanghai aroused an unusual interest which also followed her service in the waterways of the Yangtze Valley.

Proof from the Tomb

There is one thing to be said for the decision to permit the opening of Edmund Spenser's tomb in Westminster Abbey, to see if there is any truth in the report that his contemporaries wrote poems on his death which were buried with him, and that is that a contribution may be made to history in the settlement of the Bacon-Shakespeare controversy. If Lord Bacon really did write the poems and plays, and passed them off to the public through William Shakespeare the two men succeeded in keeping their secret remarkably well. They could hardly have been as, the cable suggests one and the same person, for then the secret could never have been kept. It would indeed have been remarkable if on his appointment to the Lord Chancellorship nearly two decades after Spenser's death someone had not associated his identity with that of the playwright who also was well known. Unfortunately, if a poem signed by Shakespeare is indeed found it may prove nothing, and carry the controversy no further than it is at present. It certainly will not prove or disprove the Baconian theory nor vindicate the claims of the Bard to immortality. All it can possibly show is that the person known to his contemporaries as Shakespeare the playwright did write a poem and include it with theirs in a funerary offering to their dead fellow. It is true that the comparison of handwritings might throw some light upon the matter, but the testimony of experts on handwriting which is encountered in the courts of today, even though it is claimed to be reduced to something approaching an exact science, suggests that they would not be able to carry the matter any further than showing that after all the Baconian theory, as in the case of handwriting is merely one opinion opposed to another. If the tomb does contain these poems they will prove a valuable literary prize, but the one work in particular as being likely to settle this very famous controversy will probably have very little merit.

Charting the Oceans

Hydrography is a branch of surveying in which Great Britain has taken the most important part, both as regards the mapping of coastlines and investigations of the sea floor. The science was begun by that great maritime discoverer the famous Captain Cook, and it was firmly established by the formation of the Hydrographic Department of the British Admiralty in 1795. Since that time, Great Britain has continued to print increasingly accurate maps of oceans and coastlines, which, available to navigators of every nationality, safeguard the lives of seafaring men the world over. Nearly 413,000 such charts were sold during 1937 alone. For this purpose the British Admiralty maintains eight survey ships, which are chiefly occupied with re-examination of existing waterways and investigation of reports of sunken wrecks or rocks which may cause danger to shipping. During 1937 the survey vessels found 156 such obstacles, and removed, or otherwise disproved reports of the existence of, 62 more. The sea-bed is undergoing constant changes, and variations in the distance of the sea-bed below the ship are found by means of an "echo-sounding" apparatus which measures the time taken by a sound emitted from the ship to be returned by the sea-floor, and automatically records the contour of the sea-floor on a sheet of paper. The work of the survey ships also involves recording the temperature of the sea at various depths; accurate measurements of the speed of tidal streams are made, a labour requiring infinite patience, for any change in the weather during the observation period of 25 hours may invalidate all the readings taken. As a result of last year's work alone, about 260,000 alterations had to be made to the existing charts.

The British Sheepdog

The partnership between man and dog on hunting expeditions must be a very ancient one, and the bond thus established was presumably exploited by man for his own benefit when he settled down later on as a herder of sheep. Each country concentrated on its own particular breed of sheepdog, but it is significant that whenever new pastoral countries have been developed, the one special breed of dog which has been found to be superior to all others is the collie-type of sheepdog, unmixedly British in its lineage and origin. The Collie is to be found throughout the sheep ranges of the British Empire and the American continent, and shepherds claim that, for wisdom, patience, and sense of duty, the British collie is not only unexcelled but unapproached by its rivals. The shepherds depend enormously on their sheepdogs and it is claimed that it would take six strong men to do the work which is regularly carried out by one shepherd and a sheepdog. Badly-trained dogs may do a great deal of harm to the flock under their command, particularly so during the lambing season, and sheep farmers throughout the world benefit greatly from the careful breeding, training and selection which have developed the natural skill of the sheepdog to a remarkable degree. A great deal of the credit for this is due to the International Sheepdog Society of Great Britain, which holds annual trials to select the champion sheepdog. This year the Trials took place at Southport in England, and, for the first time in the history of the event, both prizes were taken by the same dog, whose faultless management of the most stupid and stubborn sheep was one of the most remarkable manifestations of animal intelligence seen during recent years. Incidentally, it may be noted that the Society, in order to encourage interest in sheepdog development even further, has decided to waive all entrance fees for foreign competitors in the annual Trials.

IN PARENTHESIS

No Treat

FROM a church notice-board:—
Evening Subject:—
"What is Hell Like?"
Come and Hear Our Organist.

* * *

Crude

"MAY I ask why your last secretary left you?"

"Well, as a matter of fact, she became my wife."

"Oh, I see—not to better herself."

* * *

Cutting

"MY best man dined with us last Sunday and was so impressed with my bride's cooking that he sent her a carving set."

"That was nice."

"Not so very. He sent her three chisels and a mallet."

* * *

Louder and Lighter

A SCOTS banker, who was a little hard of hearing, was approached by a business man, who told him of his circumstances and ended up by intimating that he wished to borrow £500. The banker leaned forward on his desk and replied, "Speak a little louder, please, but lower the amount."

* * *

Better Choice

THE old servant of the family had announced her intention of being married.

"Well," said her mistress, "I congratulate you, but you must remember that marriage is not always the end of conflict."

"No, mum," replied the other quickly, "but I hope to be luckier than what you were."

* * *

First Call

THE schoolmaster wanted to know whether the boys had an understanding of the functions of a British Consulate.

"Supposing," he began, "someone took you up in an aeroplane, and, after a long flight, dropped you thousands of miles from home in a country quite foreign, what place would you seek first of all?"

An eager hand was raised.

"Please, sir, the hospital"

* * *

Where and Back

RASTUS was spending a day at the fair when his friend Moses discovered him.

"Going on the roundabouts, Rastus?" he inquired.

"No, sur. Ah doan't neber ride on them things," said Rastus. "Why, jus' now I saw Massa Johnson ride and ride again, and spend as much as a dollar, an' then get off at the same place as he got on. I sez to him, 'Massa Johnson, you spent your money, but where yo' been?"

* * *

As You Were

A SCOTS actor came to London and took lodgings. With his morning cup of tea the landlady sent up two thin slices of bread and butter. He complained.

The next day she sent up three slices, but still he complained. The third day she cut a loaf in two, put a quarter of a pound of butter on each slab and sent that up. When he came down she asked, defiantly: "Bread and butter all right?"

"Aye, no' so bad," the Scotsman replied, "but ye're back to two slices."

* * *

A Wee Bit of Life

YESTERDAY I stopped at a newspaper seller's pitch to buy a paper. His papers were neatly stacked on a window ledge, and a young woman was reading one. But the man himself was absent.

I hesitated: then I spoke to the young woman.

I said: "Will it be all right if I put down a penny and take a paper?"

And the young woman replied, in a broad Scottish accent, "Aye, thot wull be a' richt. At a motter of foct Ah've borrowed ma copy."

Then she smiled, replaced the paper, and walked on.

This story is absolutely true, on my honour. The manager of the Aberdeen Joke Factory, please copy.—Showman, in the "Daily Herald."

* * *

Account Rendered

EMPLOYERS often grumble that too little attention is paid to the three Rs in these days: but even in the last century there must have been a good deal wanting in this respect. Witness this bill which was rendered by an ostler to a customer at an old English inn some time in the '80s:—

	s.	d.
Osarfaday	10	0
Aforos	2	0
Anaputimingin	0	6
Total bill	12	6

It takes a little puzzling out before one arrives at the "translation" of this document. Here it is:—

	s.	d.
Horse half a day	10	0
Hay for horse	2	0
And a-putting him in again	0	6
Total bill	12	6

THE WEATHER

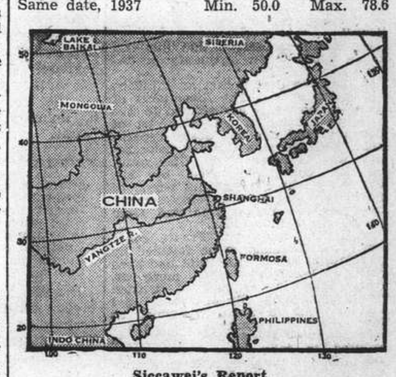
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 56.0	Max. 71.0
Same date, 1937	Min. 57.5	Max. 77.5

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 52.2	Max. 73.4
Same date, 1937	Min. 50.0	Max. 78.6



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 23rd:—Normal anticyclone over China, Korea and Japan. Variable breezes over northern China: northerly to easterly over our regions: north-easterly winds over the Eastern Sea and Formosa. Fine to cloudy weather in China.

State on the morning of the 24th:—Normal anticyclone over China, Korea and Japan.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine to cloudy weather, overcast at times with north-westerly to north-easterly breezes prevailing along the China Coast and at sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

Japanese 32 km. from China's Capital

Army and Navy Co-operate in Broad Pincer Movement on Hankow; Chinese Defence Rapidly Crumbling and Troops in Full Retreat

BOTH Japanese Army and Navy forces were striking at Hankow with lightning speed yesterday as an armoured car unit reached Hwangpei, 32 km. north of the Wuhan cities, and warships on the Yangtze advanced to the vicinity of Kokiatien, about 33 km. in a straight line east.

Domei dispatches from various fronts and from military authorities in Tokyo claimed that the fall of Hankow was "imminent" as Japanese commanders reported that a broad pincer movement was being tightened both north and south of the Yangtze and that both land forces and naval units were within striking distance of the Wuhan area.

Pilots of reconnaissance planes reported that a light armoured car unit occupied Hwangpei about 3.45 p.m., according to a communiqué issued by the headquarters of the Japanese Expeditionary Force in Central China.

These Japanese forces were the same ones which previously captured Sinchow and Likiatsi in their rapid advance north of the Yangtze.

A mass exodus of Chinese soldiers falling back by the thousands from all Yangtze River fronts was reported by pilots of Japanese scouting planes yesterday as Japanese forces sped toward Hankow.

The Chinese defence line along the Yangtze has been shattered and the volume of the retreat indicated that the entire Chinese defence system for the Wuhan area was crumbling, according to Domei reports from various fronts and military authorities in Tokyo received here late last night.

General Retreat Indicated

Three Chinese warships, about 2,000 junks and more than 200 motor boats and steam launches were seen by Japanese fliers moving up the Yangtze from the Wuhan district toward Ichang. The boats were crammed with Chinese soldiers and were proceeding in several groups, the pilots reported.

According to the front line reports, the Chinese have erected strong fortifications on both banks of the Yangtze at Kokiatien in an effort to stem the Japanese drive. Numerous field artillery and anti-aircraft batteries, the reports said, have been set up in this area.

The river also, the reports said, is heavily mined.

Confirmation of the rapid Japanese advance through Twanfeng was contained in an official communiqué issued by the headquarters of the Japanese China Seas Fleet at noon yesterday.

The communiqué also revealed that besides assisting the operations of the fleet, Japanese naval aircraft caused heavy damage to Chinese artillery positions on Pahu-shan, thus accelerating the westward drive of the Fleet.

Another Japanese naval air unit, the communiqué said, staged a surprise raid on Wuchang, showering huge bombs on Chinese military and government establishments. Wuchang station, the communiqué added, was heavily bombed. At the station, many freight cars were razed, the announcement said.

In crushing the Chinese opposition between Kishui and Likiatsi, Domei reports from the front disclosed, Japanese forces scored repeated victories over large bodies of Chinese troops. Just north of the Pa river, 4,000 Chinese of the 198th, 168th and 44th divisions were completely routed.

Chinese Dead Abandoned

During this battle, 600 Chinese dead were abandoned on the field, the reports claimed, and the booty taken by the Japanese included four trench mortars and a large amount of ammunition and equipment. The Japanese, according to the reports, suffered only ten dead and wounded.

From the Pa River, the Japanese made a spectacular northwestward drive to Sinchow, and then pushed on to take Likiatsi.

The occupation of Sinchow, Domei dispatches claimed, means that the Japanese have succeeded in piercing from the flank the Chinese defences to the northeast of the Wuhan sector. The Twangfeng-Yanglo line just on the border of the Wuhan district, the reports added, is thus threatened.

South of the Yangtze, other Domei reports claimed, Japanese scored successive victories in the hilly sector to the south of Ocheng and were driving north and west with amazing rapidity. Closely co-operating with land units, Japanese army bombers divided into three flying units staged an early morning raid on Hankow.

Flying in darkness before daybreak, the Japanese bombers reached Hankow without encountering a single Chinese craft, the dispatches said. The first attack, according to the reports, was made on the Hankow airdrome to the north-west of Hankow.

One large type transport plane and one combat ship which were about to take off, the reports claimed, were demolished by a single Japanese bomb. Besides these two planes, hangars were destroyed, while a bomb burst in the midst of a body of about fifty soldiers, the reports asserted.

Japanese Bomber Shot Down

Chungking, Oct. 24.

One Japanese bomber was reported to have been brought down during a raid on October 22 at Liangshan, to the northeast of Chungking, according to an official report reaching Chungking this morning.

Searchers, it was stated, are now looking for the craft, which was reported to have been shot through the petrol tank.

Eighteen Japanese bombers, it is stated, reached Liangshan on that day in two batches. Nine of the bombers are said to have dropped over 100 bombs in the middle of the airfield. Chinese pursuit planes, the reports add, took off, and engaged the raiders, bringing down one bomber without losing any of their number.—Reuter.

Sandpiper Bombed At Changsha

Six Heavy Japanese Planes Damage Superstructure; Strong Protest Filed

H.M.S. Sandpiper (185 tons) was bombed by six heavy Japanese bombers at Changsha yesterday morning and suffered damage to the superstructure, according to messages received by the British naval authorities yesterday. The gunboat was struck by bomb splinters but there were no casualties. Two cabins were wrecked.

Details of the incident are not available but the "North-China Daily News" learnt yesterday that a strong protest had been filed by the British authorities with the Japanese. According to Japanese reports, the bombing was not deliberate but the vessel was involved when the Japanese planes attacked Chinese troops who were escaping in a fleet of junks.

H.M.S. Sandpiper is the smallest and one of the most recent additions to the British Yangtze Flotilla, having been built in England but sent out to Shanghai in parts and re-assembled here. She was commissioned here in 1933. The commander is Lieut.-Comdr. W.E.J. Eames and the other officer is Lieut. H. R. Rycroft. She is a gunboat of 185 tons, specially designed and built for service in shallow waters and her armament includes one 3.7 inch gun and a six-pounder.

Naval Communique

The Japanese Navy issued this communique at 5 p.m. yesterday:—

Information has been received to the effect that several Japanese aeroplanes dropped bombs on a British gunboat at Changsha yesterday. Being convinced that no plane of the Japanese air forces would deliberately bomb a naval vessel of any Third Power, the Japanese Authorities believe that this bombing occurred through some mistake. The facts of the mishap are now under investigation.

At the Press Conference

Questioned at yesterday's press conference, whether the British naval authorities had notified the situation of various men-of-war, the naval spokesman replied that they had at Hankow, but "in connection with the present incident, there are certain circumstances which prevent me from making a reply now."

He added that no further data was available at the moment, but said that the matter had been referred to responsible Japanese authorities—there had been no replies.

Asked whether the British protest had stated that the bombing had been deliberate, he stated that from the wording, such might have been the case.

There was no confirmation that the bombing had been carried on by Japanese naval planes, but steps had been taken to prevent a recurrence. In reply to another question he stated that they had no knowledge if H.M.S. Sandpiper had opened fire on the planes.

In conclusion he pointed out that junks, flying the flag of a Third Power, had opened fire on planes over the Yangtze, but, respecting the flag, Japanese aviators had not shot at nor bombed them. Junks crossing the Yangtze along the foreign anchorage at Hankow were seen transporting Chinese troops, but these too had been left alone.

Hongkong Shows Reserve

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

The British Naval Headquarters here maintain great reserve regarding the bombing of the British gunboat Sandpiper at Changsha. It would seem, however, that the impression prevails that the attack was not accidental.

It is pointed out in this connection that only a few Chinese boats were in the neighbourhood of the Sandpiper at the time of the bombardment so that, it is declared, it is improbable that the British gunboat could have been mistaken for a Chinese vessel, all the less so since the Sandpiper was flying two large British flags to indicate its identity.—Trans-Ocean.

British Admiralty's Statement

London, Oct. 24.

The British Admiralty states that a large number of bombs were dropped round the British gunboat Sandpiper, (bombed by six Japanese planes at Changsha today).

"The only damage was to the superstructure, in which two cabins, and various other parts of the ships, were wrecked, and a number of holes caused by bomb splinters," it is stated. —Reuter.

"The Times" Seized Again in Germany

Berlin, Oct. 24.

"The Times" of London was confiscated again today upon its arrival in Germany. Apparently, the measure is due to the detailed reports in the paper of the German spy trial in New York. This is the third time within a few days that "The Times" has been confiscated in Germany.—Havas.

Mr. and Mrs. Morriss Leave for Shanghai

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Morriss and their family left for Shanghai today. They are travelling out in the liner Victoria.—Reuter.

Peace Chances Canvassed by Home Journals

Present Believed Good Time for Negotiations

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

Asked at this morning's press conference whether there were any indications that China wanted peace, the spokesman of the Foreign Office replied: "Mr. Wang Ching-wei is reported to have told the Reuter correspondent in China that China is ready to enter into peace negotiations with Japan, but we, of course, have not been directly informed of this from the Chinese side."

Questioned whether Japan would be ready to talk peace if China was prepared, the spokesman said: "If and when the actual leaders of China become aware of the uselessness and futility or their anti-Japanese policy, and also realize that the peace, safety and prosperity of China lie in co-operation and co-ordination with Japan, then the time will come when Japan would enter into peace negotiations with China."

The spokesman was non-committal when asked to define "actual leaders of China," nor would he say whether he included General Chiang Kai-shek among them.—Reuter.

London Discusses Prospect

London, Oct. 24.

The possibility of an early move towards peace in the Far East is the topic in several newspaper quarters this morning as the outcome of the in China.

The "Daily Mail" says that the manner of Canton's surrender suggests a serious defection in the Chinese front.

"For tortured Canton," the newspaper asserts, "there is worldwide sympathy, but has not the time come to end this devastation?

"The abortive attempts of third-power mediation and the failure of the Nine-Power Conference in Brussels should convince China that she can hope for nothing more than sympathy from Europe and America, and her leaders should consider whether or not it would be wise to seek means of ending the useless and prodigal expenditure of Chinese lives and treasure."

The "Daily Telegraph" gives prominence to an article by Mr. Edwin Haward, formerly editor of the "North-China Daily News" in Shanghai, who expresses the opinion that the prospects of peace are not unfavourable and doubts whether the Japanese armies will view with equanimity a long guerilla campaign.

Their terms, he asserts, may be more onerous than those of last December, but they may be such as China, in her present plight, may honourably accept.

Japan, Mr. Haward adds, may at present have more to gain by peace than China has to lose by continued resistance. That Japan will require full recognition of her dominance in the Far East is axiomatic.

Dominance by Generosity

Mr. Haward continues:

"Japan probably realizes that her dominance is more likely to come from generous appeasement in this moment of triumph than from a long drawn-out engagement by her troops in the rugged fastnesses of China's western hills.

"She has to consider the delicacy of her relations with Western Powers."

Analysing the situation in Hongkong, Mr. Haward remarks that the Japanese have lately shown a desire to maintain friendly relations with Great Britain, and that there is no reason to expect any serious cause of friction, although at best there must be a grave interruption of Hongkong's trading activities.

Having alluded to the refugee problem in Hongkong and Shameen, Mr. Haward says that recent statements from Japanese sources suggest a desire to come to an understanding with foreign countries and to create a *modus vivendi* here and elsewhere.

(Continued on page 9)

Peace Rumours Heard In Shanghai

Reports of peace negotiations in the Sino-Japanese hostilities were widely circulated in Shanghai yesterday. Although it was impossible to obtain confirmation, it was persistently reported that Gen. Chiang Kai-shek had expressed his willingness to resign in favour of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, which would remove the objection to Japanese action in the matter owing to their frequent statements that Japan would not negotiate direct with Gen. Chiang in any settlement of the present situation.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Customs Hold Up Chase Bank Silver Shipment

The President Coolidge has been delayed another day in Shanghai as a result of Japanese objections to the silver shipment consigned by the Chase National Bank to the United States. The Customs declined to issue a permit for the shipment with the result that the silver was unloaded. American marines are here seen on guard on the liner.

Customs Stop Silver Shipment Leaving in Pres. Coolidge

Permit Suddenly Rescinded And Vessel Delayed Until Silver Unloaded; Marines Guard Ship

CUSTOMS authorities yesterday suddenly rescinded their permit for the shipment of some $4,500,000 worth of silver which the Chase National Bank was despatching to U.S.A. in the Dollar liner, President Coolidge, and the ship spent an extra day in port, awaiting the outcome of negotiations between the authorities. Marines were placed aboard the liner to guard the precious cargo, which was loaded on Sunday morning while Consular officials were striving to arrange the matter.

Subsequently it was decided to return the disputed silver to the local bank and after the operation is completed, the ship should leave for Japan and U.S.A. today at 9 a.m.

It is understood that the permit for the shipment of silver was already granted and the ship was to leave yesterday morning having fulfilled all the necessary formalities, when the Customs permit for the silver shipment was suddenly rescinded and the company were notified that the valuable cargo would not be allowed to leave the port. The unexpected cancelling of the permit was attributed to failure on the part of the company to observe some technicality, but the general opinion prevailing is that the Reformed Government in conjunction with the Japanese authorities protested to the Customs against the despatch of the precious metal which was suspected of being an instalment to the Chinese Government war fund.

The silver in question was loaded on Sunday morning and is estimated at $4,500,000 part of which is in bullion and part in silver plate and jewellery which is said to have been contributed by Chinese people and deposited with the American Bank in return for credits for purchase of supplies abroad.

Besides this amount the vessel is believed to be carrying a considerable amount of silver loaded in Hongkong, consisting mainly of small Chinese currency silver coins from Canton.

Officials Confer

Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, American Consul-General, called yesterday morning on Mr. S. Hidaka, Japanese Consul-General, in connection with the Coolidge delay and later conferred with the Customs authorities, but no statement was issued regarding the outcome of these negotiations. The matter is believed to have been referred to Washington and a detachment of U.S. Marines were placed on the ship to guard the cargo until its fate be decided.

Commissioner Reticent

The Commissioner of Customs refused to comment, stating through his secretary that he was not prepared to discuss the matter with persons not connected with the Customs. The consular officials were unprepared to make a statement before the situation was sufficiently clarified while the Chase Bank and Dollar Line executives were likewise not in a position to issue a statement.

In the latter part of the day the Dollar Company, however, released a statement to the press announcing that the President Coolidge was delayed owing to Customs objecting to the shipment of silver leaving port and that the vessel was to remain in the harbour until the silver be unloaded.

Silver Returned to Bank

The unloading of silver from the ship started as soon as the coolies escort and tugs were assembled. The operation should take about twelve to fourteen hours and the liner is expected to leave at 9 a.m. today.

No reference was made to the Hongkong shipment of silver and it is understood that only the local shipment is to be affected.

The company and consular officials as well as returning passengers left the Customs Jetty yesterday afternoon by tender for the President Coolidge, where the Marine guards were still aboard.

Among those to sail today in the President Coolidge, are:

For Kobe: Mr. X. de Boissezon, Mr. F. R. Chichgar, Mr. P. Distillator, Mr. M. Yahooda, Mrs. E. O'Brien, Miss H. Brigel, Mr. D. D. Wight, Mr. and Mrs. M. Mueller, Mr. R. B. Moller, Mrs. G. Zwan, Mr. and Mrs. C. Doeksen.

For Yokohama: Mrs. G. R. Reed, Miss M. Reed, Mr. O. Pruessman, Mr. H. Bosch, Mr. S. W. Minor, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Daufresne de la Chevalerie.

For San Francisco: Lieut.-Col. H. C. Pierce, Mr. J. M. Major, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bruns, Mrs. C. S. Service, Mr. J. S. Service, Lieut. J. R. Bromley, Lieut. and Mrs. A. R. Frechette, Mr. J. A. Bristow, Mrs. A. H. Laidlaw and son, Miss A. E. Bruns, Lieut. D. P. Dixon, jun., Master R. E. and Miss V. C. Service.

For Los Angeles: Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kuebel, Lieut. W. T. Vrooman and Mr. H. B. Howard.

Prominent Passengers

Many prominent people arrived in the liner from Manila and Hongkong. Among these were: Capt. Evans F. Carlson, attached to the American Embassy, who returns from an extensive tour of fighting areas; Baron Jules Guillaume, Belgian Ambassador to China, Dr. Joao de Lebre e Lima, Portuguese Minister to China, Mr. A. F. Gimson, Commissioner of Public Works, who returned from a visit to Hongkong Mr. Renato de Lacerda Lago, Brazilian Minister to China.

Mr. Sergio Osmena, Vice-President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines is travelling from Manila to U.S.A. on his way to Washington D.C. He is accompanied by Mr. Antonio de las Alas, Secretary of Finance of the Commonwealth, Mr. Jose S. Reyes and Mr. Amador Buenaseada. The party were guests of Admiral Harry E. Yarnell during their visit of Shanghai. Also on board is Mr. Quirico Abadilla, Director of the Philippines Bureau of Mines, who is on his way to Japan to confer with Japanese officials for a possible outlet for Philippine iron ores. He is accompanied by Mr. H. Foster-Bain, mining expert under special instructions to the Philippine Government.

No Official Knowledge

Washington, Oct. 23.

A State Department spokesman said here tonight that the Government had not yet been officially informed of the detention of the President Coolidge by Japanese authorities in Shanghai.

No information was available tonight as to what attitude the United States Government would take.—United Press.

Embassy Spokesman's Statement

At yesterday's press conference in referring to the detention of the President Coolidge the Embassy spokesman stated that the "Reformed Government" had issued instructions to the Commissioner of Customs prohibiting the export or import of gold, silver and currency (bullion) without the permission of the Minister of Finance of the "Reformed Government." In this light it is clear that the clearance papers had to be held in abeyance.

In addition he added the Japanese authorities at the time of their occupation of Shanghai had prohibited the import or export of munitions, arms and bullion.

After repeated questions as to whether the foreign Powers had recognized the "Reformed Government's" control over the Customs the spokesman made no definite reply.

Questioned as to whether an export duty had been paid on this silver it was said that the Reformed Government had banned the export of silver.

Big British Cabinet Change Unlikely

New Ministries Also Improbable; Italian Accord Under Review

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

Return today of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, to Downing Street from Chequers marks the beginning of another week of great political activity. Despite speculation to the contrary, a sweeping reconstruction of the Cabinet as a result of the resignation of Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper as First Lord of the Admiralty and the death of Lord Stanley, Dominions Secretary, is regarded as unlikely.

Creation of three new ministries—National Defence, Supply and Civil Shipping—which has been the subject of rumours, is thought quite out of the question, and some circles will be very surprised if even one new ministry is created at present, though eventually some kind of ministry to co-ordinate more closely national defence departments is thought to be a possibility. In this connection Sir John Anderson has been mentioned.

It is pointed out that Government machinery already exists through which a great deal could be done by such compilation of a national register, and despite criticism much has already been accomplished, and the armament programme is steadily rising in volume.

Captain Euan Wallace, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, is mentioned as a likely candidate for one of the vacancies in the Cabinet.

Captain David Margesson, Chief Government Whip, has been regarded by many in high quarters as an ideal First Lord, but there is reason to believe that he may not wish to leave his present post.

Possible Appointments

Although great reticence is observed in official circles regarding the new appointments to the Cabinet there is a growing feeling in political circles that the Duke of Devonshire, at present Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions, will become the new Dominions Secretary.

It is also thought that Captain Margesson may be persuaded to overcome his reluctance to relinquish his position as Chief Whip and accept the First Lord of the Admiralty.

The question whether the Anglo-Italian pact can now be ratified is expected to be discussed by the British Cabinet on Wednesday when, if the Ministers feel that the time for it is now ripe, a date will be fixed with Italy on which the pact will be effective.

Prior to that date Parliament will be given an opportunity to discuss the matter in accordance with the Prime Minister's pledge to the House of Commons.—Reuter.

Ambassador Leaves Hongkong

To Fly to Kunming From Haiphong

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Sir Archibald Kerr, the British Ambassador, left Hongkong at midnight aboard the British destroyer Daring for Haiphong, from where he will fly to Kunming.

The sudden departure of the Ambassador, who was not scheduled to leave before midday today, has given rise to considerable speculation here.

Extensive enquiries in Chinese sources this morning brought flat denials of the reported presence in Hongkong of Madame Chiang Kai-shek and Mr. Wang Ching-wei, Deputy Executive of the Kuomintang, although it is fairly certain that Dr. Wang Chung-hui, the Foreign Minister, is here.

Informed sources state that they know definitely that Mr. Wang Ching-wei is in Chungking attending an important conference.

Asked by a representative of the "Hongkong Telegraph" whether Madame Chiang was in Hongkong, Mr. T. V. Soong stated "The report is a monstrous fabrication. Madame Chiang, to the best of my knowledge, is not here."—Reuter.

Sir Herbert Du Parcq As Lord Justice of Appeal

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

Sir Herbert du Parcq, Judge of the High Court of Justice (King's Bench Division), has been appointed Lord Justice of Appeal in place of Sir Frederick Greer, resigned. Mr. Wintringham Stable, K.C., Chancellor of the Diocese of Portsmouth, has been appointed Judge of the King's Bench Division.—Reuter.

Washington Observer Expects Japan to Make Demands on Britain and France

Occupation of Canton Alarms London and Paris; Berlin and Rome Officially Jubilant

London, Oct. 23.

Spectacular Japanese successes in China in the past week today alarmed Britain and France but brought rejoicing in the government-controlled press and official quarters in Italy and Germany where public sympathy remains with China.

British circles saw Hongkong interests menaced by the Japanese invasion of south China and the occupation of Canton. France feared that Japan might demand that Indo-China deliver iron ore to Japan despite France's present policy of exporting iron ore only to the Allied nations. Observers in Paris pointed out that France now has a fourth frontier in the Orient besides her German, Czech and Italian borders in Europe.

Official quarters in Rome expressed great satisfaction with Japanese advances in south and central China, and predicted the complete collapse of the Kuomintang Government.

Signor Virginio Gayda, mouthpiece of Signor Benito Mussolini, predicted in an editorial in the "Giornale d'Italia" that the fall of Canton foreshadowed "a complete victory for Japanese arms."

"Chiang Kai-shek will not be able to save an inch of China," he said, "because it is now most difficult for the Chinese armies to obtain material or moral support from China's silent, cautious allies, the United States, Britain and France."—United Press.

Washington, Oct. 23.

The influential "Washington Star" said here today that Japan's occupation of Canton presented a threat to British and French interests in the Orient.

"With Canton in Nippon's hands," the paper said, "Britain's traditional paramount position in south China is almost doomed. This development is bound to whet the ambitions of Tokyo extremists who want to run the British out of Hongkong and the French out of Indo-China."

The paper said the loss of Canton was one of the most severe blows suffered by China since the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities. The editorial speculated whether the sudden Japanese invasion would be fatal to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, but pointed out that the Chinese were reported to have stored up several months' supplies in the interior. Consequently, the paper said, the Chinese might continue to resist for some time despite the disruption of supplies over the Canton-Hankow and Canton-Kowloon railways.

The paper predicted that Japan would soon make drastic demands on Britain and France because of Japanese occupation of south China.—United Press.

Canton Fires Diminish

Wongsha and Other Parts of City Wiped Out; Japanese Call on Shameen Authorities

Canton, Oct. 24.

THE fires which have been raging over the city during the past two days were diminishing this afternoon, after wiping out Wongsha and other parts of the city. Pitiable sights were to be seen in the city, as hundreds of those injured in the fire were lying helpless side by side with rotting corpses.

The main body of the Japanese forces was expected to enter the city this afternoon, or tomorrow. In the meantime, the commander of the advance forces called on the Shameen authorities this afternoon, informing them that the Japanese had taken control of the city.

It was only this afternoon that the fires were finally being got under control—despite the desperate efforts of fire-fighters, who toiled unceasingly all last night, Canton was still a raging this morning.

The river Bund area has already been practically completely destroyed. French Bridge and right along the Shakee Bund almost to the British Bridge, and includes several large Chinese hotels, department stores and restraurants the General Post Office, and the Custom House, and involve almost the whole downtown shopping centre.

The prospects of Shameen being involved are now less likely as whole areas in the vicinity have been burned out.

Nevertheless, the authorities are not relaxing emergency measures, and volunteers and bluejackets are keeping a constant vigil on roofs and other vantage points.

Old residents who have experienced previous Communist risings and civil wars declare that never before have they gone through such a terrible time.

The blaze on the East Bund reached mammoth proportions last night, enveloping a tremendous area measuring several square miles.

The conflagration of the Shakee Bund died down later as a result of the wind changing direction and the magnificent efforts of the Shameen volunteer fire-fighters, who were organized by a group of German residents.

Looters Rounded Up

The British, French and American authorities have sent landing parties of bluejackets to the Shakee Bund to round up looters who, after ransacking an establishment, invariably set fire to it.

Japanese patrols last evening stood guard outside some surviving shops on the Shakee front. Three or four persistent looters, who opposed the orders of the Japanese soldiers, were bayonetted.

However, when the patrols were withdrawn, the looters returned immediately and recommenced their activities.

According to all accounts of foreigners who have visited the city, the behaviour of the Japanese troops has hitherto been exemplary. Looting has been checked wherever possible, but owing to the small number of Japanese troops, which total even now only 1,500, the entire city is inadequately patrolled.

The Japanese have established their headquarters in the old Chinese headquarters building.

Following the explosions yesterday morning, the keepers of a lunatic asylum at Pakhoktung, across the Pearl River from Shameen, fled, leaving 80 mental inmates uncared for.

British Supply Food

The British naval authorities came to the rescue and supplied 80 bags of rice in order to give these unfortunates an evening meal.

The river steamer Taishan, lying beside British gunboats, is being used as a temporary refuge by such women and children as feel unsafe in Shameen.

Some Chinese servants became panicky last night and left their posts. They are now staging a virtual sit-down strike in Central Avenue, Shameen.

The Victoria Hotel, which has been badly damaged, is being used as a food supply centre.—Reuter.

A Second "Moscow"

London, Oct. 24.

Canton today is parallel to Moscow in 1812, according to the "Daily Express," whose Hongkong correspondent cables that Canton is in flames, its pagodas and age-old temples are crashing in ruins, and its skyscrapers are in heaps of rubble.

The newspaper, in an accompanying "box," says that the Chinese have revenged themselves on the invader as the Russians revenged themselves in 1812, and recapitulates the details of Napoleon's historic disastrous retreat.—Reuter.

Capture "Inexplicable"

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Stressing that the unexpectedly swift fall of Canton is a shock to China, the "South China Morning Post" editorially declared this morning that the collapse of Kwangtung defences is inexplicable.

There is something seriously wrong, the paper declared, adding that there is no adequate explanation of the events of the past week in South China. The paper stressed that the silence maintained by South China leaders invites severe reproof.—Domei.

Chungking Stunned at Canton Loss

Chungking, Oct. 24.

The population here is still stunned at the news of the loss of Canton. The question on everyone's lips today is "What comes next?" Even school children have been affected by the news, some asking their teachers to address them, and explain how the loss of Canton came about.

The Guild of Cantonese held a mass meeting, at which 500 Cantonese were present, yesterday. Among those who attended the meeting were many well-known Cantonese.

Among other things, it was arranged that a committee for the formation of refugee camps be set up, which would be responsible for raising the necessary funds among Cantonese living in Chungking, throughout China, and overseas.

There is an increasingly bitter feeling against Great Britain and the fall of Canton is attributed in some quarters as having been due to too great a reliance on Great Britain's statements that she was likely to take a strong attiude in the event of Japanese action in South China. The feeling is growing that Great Britain failed China in her hour of need.

Spain and Czechoslovakia are cited as examples, and as an indication that China should look elsewhere for support, or come to terms with Japan. —Reuter.

Bocca Tigris Fort Occupied

Japanese Claim Chinese Resistance Overcome in Stubborn Battle

Japanese naval and army forces, acting in close co-operation, completed the occupation of the Bocca Tigris forts, commanding the Pearl River waterway from the sea to Canton, at 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, the Imperial General Headquarters in Tokyo announced in an official communiqué issued yesterday.

Belying reports of a Chinese evacuation of the forts, the capture of the fortifications was effected only after a "stubborn resistance" by the Chinese had been overcome.

Under cover of a naval barrage and aerial bombardment, Japanese army and navy forces landed in the face of Chinese fire at Yananghsien Island and at Chwanpichao. Strong Chinese artillery positions were located at those two points the communiqué stated.

All Chinese artillery positions had been occupied by sunset after an all day engagement, the announcement stated.

In a further communique, Imperial General Headquarters in Tokyo announced that in addition to the complete occupation of the Bocca Tigris forts, units of the Japanese Fleet started mine-sweeping operations in the Pearl River and clearing out Chinese remnants entrenched on the banks of river.

Naval units are pressing up the Pearl river and acting as escorts to army transports. Cooperating closely with Japanese army detachments, units of the naval air forces carried out extensive raids on Chinese positions at Tsungfa and Fokang, the communique said.

Large Flotilla Sighted

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Escorted by destroyers, 150 Japanese vessels, mostly of the trawler type, were sighted off Shekko Beach, Hongkong, early this morning, the "Hongkong Telegraph" reported this afternoon.

The convoy appeared to be heading for the Canton delta, the paper added. —Domei.

Lord Allen Urges New League of Nations

Appeal Made for U.S.A. To Join World Council

London, Oct. 24.

In an open letter published in "The Times" today, an appeal to the United States to collaborate in a new League of Nations was made by Lord Allen of Hurtwood, a member of the Executive of the League of Nations Union.

"Among the multitude of suggestions, there is no proposal that compares in importance with the entry of the United States into the League of Nations," he wrote. "It is clear beyond whatever doubt that the peace of the world cannot be surely founded, nor the principles of humane government be any longer preserved, unless our neighbours in America take their seat at the family council table. No American or Briton can deny this after reading President Roosevelt's final message to Herr Hitler, or after listening to Mr. Chamberlain's broadcast.

"But a sacrifice in doctrine must be made by those of us who have spent years as devoted adherents of the League," he added. "In order that our friends in the United States may become part of the League we require a League Covenant with only two clauses: the first, a membership clause; the second, a clause of indication that the member states of the League may co-operate on any subject and in any way they may freely decide."—Havas.

R.A.F. Bombers Start Distance Flight

Egypt to Australia in Formation Attempted

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

The four long-distance Vickers Wellesley bombers of the Royal Air Force, which are flying to Egypt, and from there will make an attempt at a non-stop flight to Australia, left Upper Heyford, Oxfordshire, at 6 a.m. (Greenwich Time) today for Egypt.

The British bombing 'planes will attempt to smash the present long-distance record of 6,300 miles, held by the Russians.

They will fly in formation throughout the entire trip to Australia.—Reuter.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8 3/32d. U.S.$ 16 5/32c.

London Metals and N.Y. Cross Rate

London, Oct. 24.

Silver prices declined today, the quotations being:—

	Oct. 22	Oct. 24
London spot	19 11/16d.	19 3/8d.
" forward	19 1/2d.	19 7/16d.
" gold	146/1 1/2d.	145/11d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.75 13/16	$4.76 1/2
One U.S. dollar	50.440d.	50.367d.

—Reuter.

Palestine Arabs Adopt Policy Of "Scorched Earth"

Rebels Retreat Destroying Jewish Properties; British Jews Oppose Immigration Restrictions

London, Oct. 24.

A RESOLUTION opposing the restriction of Jewish immigration into Palestine or the relegation of Jews in Palestine to the status of a minority was passed at a meeting in London yesterday of the Jewish Board of Deputies, which represents Jews in the British Empire. It also welcomed the decision of the British authorities to employ effective measures to suppress terrorism in Palestine "in the interests of Arabs and Jews alike," and expressed the conviction that the restoration of ordered government would result in enduring co-operation between Jews and Arabs in the general development of the country.

The Board was convinced, the resolution added, that a permanent settlement of the Palestine problem must be based on the historic connection of the Jewish people with Palestine and must be unconditionally guaranteed to the Jewish people as embodied in the Palestine mandate which Great Britain had accepted as a sacred trust.

The resolution concluded by stating that the desperate need of the masses of Jewish people, victims of persecution, for a permanent home made such a settlement imperative.—Reuter.

Arabs Defy British Order

Jerusalem, Oct. 24.

An order by the Government that all Arabs of military age should register for cards of identity has reulted in the Arab leaders issuing counter-orders to their countrymen.

These declare that anyone known to have obtained one of these cards will be shot dead summarily.

The Government order is intended primarily to ascertain loyal elements among the Arab peasantry, who constitute the bulk of the population.

Buildings of the Jaffa railway station were set on fire yesterday, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

The First Royal Dragoons have arrived at Haifa on board the British steamer Teiresias.—Reuter.

Arab "Scorched Earth" Policy

Jerusalem, Oct. 23.

The situation in Palestine remains serious and tension is high as the Arab rebels put into effect new tactics; when attacked, they retreat and commit all sorts of acts of destruction and sabotage upon Jewish places lying in their path.

This enforcement of the "scorched earth" policy serves to keep the Arab-Jewish problem still very critical.

In eight different places, troubles broke out towards the close of morning today.

Two Arabs were killed, one being shot down by soldiers when he attempted to flee. The other was a policeman, killed in Hebron while carrying out his duty and opposing rebels.

Bandits in another region, meanwhile, attacked two plantations. At Hedera they destroyed the wells and water pipes, on which depends the productive capacity and the very life of the settlement. Near Tel Aviv, the rebels tore up 700 orange trees, laden with fruit.

An armed band at Beersheba sacked the tax bureau, carrying off piles of documents.

Between Kakoun and Tiberias, a mine exploded and derailed a draisine, wounding a British soldier.

In Jaffa, several houses owned by Jews were set ablaze by incendiaries. The rebels also took with them movables belonging to the Nashashibi leaders of the Arab moderate party, now refugees abroad.

In Hebron, which Jews have abandoned since 1936, other bandits set fire to the buildings that used to house the Jewish school and synagogue. They killed the Arab watchman who tried to bar their way of entry.—Havas.

Incidents Mar Baghdad Life

Baghdad, Oct. 23.

The Iraquian movement for an Arab Palestine is manifesting itself in the hostility shown to the rather large Jewish minority residing here.

Last week, there were a few, isolated incidents. Two Jewish personalities disappeared.

Last night, passive hostility blazed forth into outright terrorism as a bomb was thrown into the local Jewish Club, "Laura Kadoury." Three people were injured.

It is also announced that Noury Pasha Said, leader of the Opposition who has been abroad for the past several months, will shortly return to Iraq by air. On his travels, the political leader attempted to materialize a settlement of the vexing Palestine problem.—Havas.

Price for Loyal Leader

Jerusalem, Oct. 24.

Doubling the price which Great Britain has placed on his head, Abdul Razek, Aras rebel leader, today offered £1,000 for the head of Fahkhry Bey Nashashibi, the sole remaining Arab leader still opposing the rebellion against Britain.

All of the other Arab leaders who signified their willingness to stand by Britain and not engage in the rebellion have either been killed or have fled from the Holy Land.

Fakhry, who was wounded at Jaffa three months ago by an assassin, at present is in hiding at Mount Scopus, surrounded by guards.

"I accuse the ex-Grand Mufti, Haj Aminel Husseini of diverting a noble Arab revolt for his own selfish ends."

Fakhry alleged that the former Grand Mufti's methods had resulted in anarchy in Palestine instead of leading to a moralistic revolt.—United Press.

New Programme For Nanking

Constitutional Form of Government Planned by New Regime

Nanking.

The establishment of a constitutional form of government and the promotion of education among the masses were among the ten points of a programme of reconstruction outlined by Mr. Liang Hung-chih, head of the "Reformed Government," in the course of a talk with Reuter's Special Correspondent at his offices here.

The Government, he said, had under consideration a plan to establish a university at an early date. Mr. Liang's other points included:

Abolition of dictatorship by a single party;
Active suppression of Communism;
Encouragement to refugees to return to their former homes;
Relief of unemployment by developing industrial and agricultural resources of the country;
Encouragement to existing commercial, financial and industrial enterprises in order to increase the wealth of the country;
Encouragement of physical training among citizens; and
Balancing the national budget to relieve the burden of the people.

Reconstruction work, Mr. Liang said, was progressing satisfactorily in Nanking. A Mayor had been appointed, and a definite programme had been mapped out.

The population of the city, he continued, was gradually increasing. Before the outbreak of hostilities it totalled over a million, but the greater majority evacuated when war broke out. Now, people were flocking back to their homes again, and the present Chinese population was nearing the half million mark.

Although the ravages of war were still evident, Nanking showed signs of recovery. Rows and rows of shops were open and doing business again, while the city's bus service seemed inadequate to cope with the demand, every vehicle being packed to overflowing.—Reuter.

U.S. Relief Expenses Being Cut Down

Mr. Hopkins Cheerful Over W.P.A. Outlook

Hyde Park, Oct. 23.

Mr. Harry Hopkins, Works Progress Administrator, obviously cheerful after delivering to President Roosevelt an optimistic report on W.P.A. activities, indicated today that the administration is contemplating slashing relief expenditures during the next fiscal year.

Mr. Hopkins in commenting on the appropriations recommendations the Administration will make to Congress at its next session, said "it is uncertain what they will be but undoubtedly we will figure on a relatively smaller W.P.A. than now.

"It is anticipated that the relief curve will show a downward trend soon, possibly before election, despite what some of our political enemies think," he declared.

Mr. Hopkins emphasized he was unable to discuss the situation except in general terms as no estimates can be made until December. He also announced he was going to start his nation-wide tour of inspection on Monday.

"I'll be back in time to see a 500,000 majority in New York for the Democratic ticket. It means Sir Galahad can stay at home and not worry about commuting to Albany," Mr. Hopkins said, referring to the candidacy of Mr. Thomas E. Dewey, New York District Attorney, for the gubernatorial race.—United Press.

Two Royal Births in Near East Expected

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

Royal births in direct succession to the Throne are imminent in two Near Eastern kingdoms.

The parents of Princess Frederika, 21-year-old Crown Princess of Greece, have arrived in Athens in anticipation of the birth of a child to their daughter, who married Crown Prince Paul of Greece last January.

In Egypt, 17-year-old Queen Farida, who married King Farouk also in January last, has moved to Ras-el-tin Palace, where a happy event is expected within a week or two—Reuter.

Cardinal Innitzer's Disclaimer Read In Catholic Churches in Austria

Archbishop of Vienna Denies Nazi Charges of Instigating Demonstrations; Faith Asserted

Vienna, Oct. 23.

Catholic churches throughout Austria without any special demonstrations today read Cardinal Innitzer's message disclaiming the Nazi assertions that he had precipitated the October 7 riots started by Catholics demanding religious education.

In St. Stephan's Cathedral men circulated among the congregation prior to the reading of the statement. They whispered the advice to those present to refrain from demonstrations.

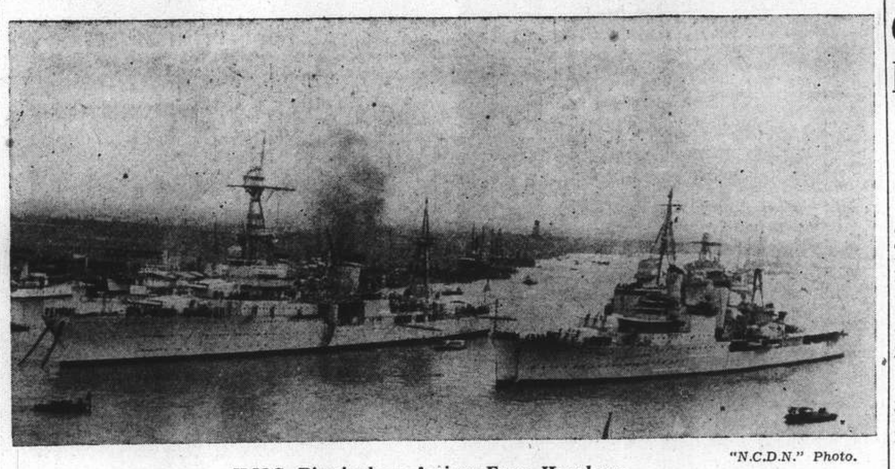
Cardinal Innitzer's message commenting on the October 7 service said:

"The young peoples' demonstration after the service was neither foreseen nor desired by me. It is not true that the youths sang political songs.

"In the service I never spoke the words 'I have decided upon a fight and I am ready for it,' which have been attributed to me.

"I have not overlooked the historically significant hour in which our own homeland and the Sudetenland have been returned to the Reich, but I have thanked the Fuehrer along with other German Cardinals and ordered thanksgiving services and the ringing of church bells.

"I still believe in the conviction that all Catholics are bound in convenience to fulfill their duties to the state; however, bishops at all times must fulfill their oath to defend their rights to go to church.—United Press.



"N.C.D.N." Photo.

H.M.S. Birmingham Arrives From Hongkong

The Whangpoo presented an impressive sight yesterday morning when H.M.S. Birmingham arrived from Hongkong relieving H.M.S. Duncan, which is proceeding to Amoy. Birmingham is here seen approaching the buoys between the U.S.S. Augusta, in the background, and the French cruiser Lamotte Picquet.

American View of China Affairs

Germany and Japan to Seek to Exclude Other Major Trading Powers

New York, Oct. 23.

Germany was accused by the Institute of Far Eastern Relations today of plotting with Japan to close China's trade channels to foreign nations.

In an article on Far Eastern affairs, the Institute said that the Munich Four-Power conference had stimulated Germany's "move toward the East" policy across two continents.

The Institute believed that Germany would support "Japan over Asia" in a move against the same Western Powers which were forced to retreat in Europe.

The announcement stressed that "Germany aims to support Japan in closing up China and reserving the exclusive exploitation rights for Japan and Germany with Italy as a minor junior partner."

Proof of such a move was seen in Germany's recognition of Manchoukuo and alleged liquidation of all direct affiliation with independent China, the Institute's survey said.

"If Japan wins, Germany will resume operations in the Chinese market as Japan's ally," the Institute said.

German Policy in China

On the outbreak of the hostilities in China, Germany turned "from China to Japan with an eye toward future economic returns," the article alleged.

"The firm of Otto Wolff....late in 1937 loaned £2,000,000 to Manchoukuo as the first installment in a loan programme. The loan consists of deliveries of German equipment at the interest of 5.5 per cent. annually," the survey asserted.

The article concluded with saying, "During the Czech crisis Japan established the China Affairs Bureau as a protectorate over China, removing all Chinese business affairs from the Japanese Foreign Office....It is within the framework of such a protectorate that German and Japanese political and economic co-operation could best be realized and extended at the expense of the same Powers which have just bowed to the threat of force in Europe."—United Press.

Clamour in Poland for Freedom of Ukraine

Police Arrest 114 From Crowds of Demonstrators

Warsaw, Oct. 23.

Huge Ukrainian demonstrations occurred in Stryj, south of Lwow, and in Lubaczow, in eastern Galicia, today as people paraded about the streets shouting slogans in favour of an independent Ukraine.

In Stryj, three separate groups of 800 people entered the little town simultaneously, intending to hold a meeting. The police dispersed them and arrested 114 demonstrators.

It is reported from Bohumin, in the recovered Silesia region, that a clandestine broadcasting station run by a German engineer was discovered by the authorities.

A special telephone line linked this station to Morawska Ostrawa in Czechoslovakia and workers repairing telephone cables near it, discovered this separate line. This led to further investigation and the discovery of the secret radio outfit.—Havas.

Argentine Suggestion Made to U.S.

America Should Aid Peace Move by Cutting Tariffs

Buenos Aires, Oct. 23.

The influential and independent "Prensa" appealed to the United States in an editorial today for help world peace.

In the editorial entitled "What the United States Can and Should Do For World Peace," the "Prensa" said that most of the present major international troubles could be attributed to the Smoot-Hawley Bill.

"If it is shown that a return to free trade is indispensible for the world to return to normalcy, then the United States can not excuse itself from contributing toward that result."

So far, the "Prensa" said, "the Parliamentary coalition of protectionist interests is incompatible with the general interests," and blocked action on pleas by President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, for free trade.—United Press.

U.S.S.R. Envoy to U.S. Not Returning

Washington, Oct. 23.

M. Alexander Troyanovski, Soviet Russian Ambassador to the U.S., will not return here from his visit to Russia, diplomatic quarters intimated today. Substantiation of such beliefs lies in the fact that the reception due on November 7, to celebrate the 23rd. anniversary of the Soviet revolution, will be presided over by M. C. Oumansky, the Charge d'Affaires in the Russian Embassy here.—Havas.

British "Peace" Plane Crashes in Fog

London, Oct. 24.

The British Airways plane used by the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, on his first flight to Germany for the meeting with the Fuehrer at Berchtesgaden, crashed when trying to land in dense fog near Heston aerodrome. The pilot escaped unhurt while the plane's two passengers were slightly injured.—Trans-Ocean.

U.S. Democratic Leader Urges Strong Navy

Mr. James Farley Tells of Need for Rearmament

Boston, Oct. 23.

President Roosevelt is regarded throughout the world as "one national leader big enough, brave enough and strong enough to uphold the processes of Democratic government," Mr. James J. Farley, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee said today in a speech before the State Committee.

"In these days of chaos and confusion throughout the world, when civilization is imperilled by the mad ambitions of ruthless dictators, left the message flash that the American people are united in a common cause—of democracy—and are determined to march forward under the most statesmanlike leadership in the world today, the leadership of President Roosevelt."

Mr. Farley said that during the Czech crisis, the strongest voice for peace was the White House, but that the plea was based on strength not weakness.

He said that no responsible person fails to applaud the "foresight which impelled the President to launch his policy of naval rehabilitation . . . we stand unchallenged because the world knows we are prepared to defend our position against aggression. The Republican policy of pinching the army and navy to make economy is shortsighted and dangerous."—United Press.

German-Polish Accord Anticipated

Non-Aggression Pact to Be Extended Ten Years

Warsaw, Oct. 23.

The conclusion of a new Polish-German accord containing a mutual declaration of non-aggression, is foreshadowed in today's issue of the "Illustrovany Kurjer Codzieny," independent, nationalist organ.

Reports to this effect are connected with persistent rumours in political quarters, where it is declared that the non-aggression declaration of January 26, 1934, signed for a period of ten years, will shortly be extended another ten years.

The same informed circles also anticipate that the new accord will include certain provisions concerning the Free City of Danzig.—Havas.

French Diplomatic Reshuffles

Regarded as Sign of New French Attitude Towards Totalitarian States

Paris, Oct. 24.

Important diplomatic reshuffles following the transfer of M. Andre Francois-Poncet from Berlin to Rome are announced.

In some quarters they are regarded as a sign of France's new attitude towards totalitarian states as a result of the Munich Agreement.

M. Erik Labonne, at present Ambassador in Barcelona, has been appointed Resident-General at Tunis, and he will be succeeded by M. Jules Henry, chief private secretary to M. Georges Bonnet, the Foreign Minister.

M. Paul-Emile Naggiar, Ambassador to China, will be transferred to Moscow, where he will take the place of M. Robert Coulondre, who has been shifted to Berlin.

M. Bonnet is understood to have also recommended the appointment of M. Massigli, Director of Political Affairs at the Quai d'Orsay, as Ambassador to Turkey.—Reuter.

M. Francois-Poncet Honoured

Berlin, Oct. 23.

The French colony here gathered at the Institut Francais today to honour M. Andre Francois-Poncet, the French Ambassador who is leaving in a few days to take up his new post as Ambassador in Rome.

Professor Jourdan, Director of the Institut, made a brief address eulogizing the envoy's work. He outlined his part in effecting Franco-German rapprochement.

In reply, M. Francois-Poncet thanked the people for their kind attitude. He recalled his seven years in Berlin and stressed his efforts to maintain peace. He expressed the hope that the peoples of the world will be able to avoid war, which would be suicide.

Speaking of the Munich Agreement, the Ambassador voiced his hope that it would constitute the starting-point of a new era of peace.

"My mission in Rome must only be the sequel to the work accomplished here, in Berlin," M. Francois-Poncet concluded.—Havas.

H.M.S. Birmingham Here

H.M.S. Birmingham arrived yesterday at 10.30 a.m. and tied up to the British Naval Buoys. Capt. C. F. Harris is in command of the 9,000 ton cruiser. A slight accident occurred when the vessel was swinging about in the narrow channel where she fouled a cable in the course of the difficult manœuvre.

The new arrival brings the total of foreign warships in port to fourteen; of these two are British, three American, three French five Japanese and one Italian. Out of this number the British, French and Americans have a cruiser each and Japanese two cruisers; while another foreign cruiser, the Italian Raymondo Montecuccoli is arriving here shortly from Japan.

Czech Sokols Seek Basis for State

Jews Who Claimed New Nationality Welcomed But Others to Leave

Prague, Oct. 23.

Proclamation setting forth principles for the restoration of the Czechoslovakian State, was adopted here today by the Council of the Sokol Federation.

The Council avowed its fidelity to the democratic ideals of the Sokols and voiced approval of efforts to simplify Czech political life through the union of parties.

It demanded of the various political groups that they should "serve only their mission and renounce their relentless efforts to attain power and the exploitation of the State."

The proclamation demands that the new Constitution should allow for the representation of delegates of the spiritual life in the world and for others of the educational institutions, notably the Sokols.

The definite establishment of frontiers and the application of the equitable principle of free determination of peoples, forms another demand.

Difficulties of Jewish Issue

With regard to the Jewish question, the Sokols want a settlement on the nationalities and social basis, Jews in the country since 1914 who did not ask for Czechoslovakian nationality, must leave for their country of origin. Those who did adopt that Czech flag for their own in 1930, "should, in the various social classes of the population, occupy a position proportional to their number."

The others must leave for the countries for which they freely adopted in 1930. It is noted that when the census was taken in 1930, Jews could declare either their Czech, Jewish or any other national origin. Out of 350,000 Jews, 87,500 claimed the Czech nationality; 204,500 declared themselves Jews and 46,000 claimed German while 17,000 their Hungarian origins.—Havas.

Turkish President on Road to Recovery

Ankara, Oct. 24.

It is announced today that no further bulletins will be issued following one last night stating that the acute symptoms of Kemal Ataturks illness have now completely disappeared. The President is suffering from a liver complaint.—Reuter.

Hankow Refugee Zone Recognized

Food and Funds Now Being Collected

Hankow, Oct. 24.

To the relief of the thousands of people remaining behind in Hankow, Father Jacquinot, the world-famous French Jesuit priest, informed the press this morning that "a Hankow refugee zone, for which the Hankow and Shanghai committees have been working for some time, has now been recognized."

"The area," he adds, "is in accordance with the original minimum request of the Hankow committee which is now proceeding with the completion of its preparations."

It is reliably learned that the area included the ex-Concessions and also Chinese territory as far back as the railway line, but not the Japanese Concession.

After his statement, Father Jacquinot added that the Chinese Government was already financing the zone, while the Chinese National Relief Committee and Government banks were financing rice purchases.—Reuter.

Old Bomb Hits German House at Olmutz

Prague, Oct. 23.

A bomb of ancient type, exploded in the wing of a German residence at Olomouc (Olmutz) yesterday, it was reported here this morning. A special communique issued by official Ceteka news agency, says this incident is linked with the spreading of propaganda by "certain elements of the German population, who are attempting to secure the occupation of Olomouc by German troops."—Havas.

Ghastly Find Near Peiping

Human Feet Strung Up to Trees After Fighting

Peiping, Oct. 22.

Chinese circles report that fighting has been going on recently in the vicinity of Miao Feng Shan. Heavy bombers are reported to have been busy in that region.

An unconfirmed Chinese report states that a few days ago several human feet, believed to belong to Japanese soldiers, were discovered hanging on trees at the foot of Miao Feng Shan.—Reuter.

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Holland Cheese	$1.60
Bakstein Cheese	$1.60
Viola Cream Cheese	$1.80
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Anita Cheese	$1.50
Oliva Cheese	$0.75
Green Cheese	$0.70

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FROM DAY TO DAY

H. E. Dr. R. de L. Lago, Brazilian Minister to China sails today for Tientsin in the ss. Shengking.

H. E. Baron J. Guillaume, Belgian Ambassador to China, sails today in the ss. Shengking for Tientsin.

The two greyhounds mentioned in yesterday's issue, were presented to Emperor Bao Dai of Annam and not bought as stated.

The daily report of refugee work for October 23 follows:—No. of Camps under inspection by Public Health Department 87; No. of refugees therein 54,771.

H. E. Baron G. W. de Vos van Steenwijk, Netherlands Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in China, sails today in the ss. Shengking for Tientsin.

A meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society will be held in the Wu-Lien-Teh Hall, 20 Museum Road, on Thursday, October 27 at 5.30 p.m., when a lecture will be given by the President, Mr. Arthur De Carle Sowerby, on "Nature in a Shanghai Garden," illustrated with specimens of animals and plants. The meeting is open to the public.

The International Red Cross Committee for Central China has now established a committee in Hunan with headquarters at Yale School, Changsha, under Mr. E. H. Scott, to whom all requests for aid to hospitals and for supplies, also for refugee help, should be sent. The Hankow Committee continues to function for the Wuhan Area.

Cmdr. Satoh, who has been chief of the Japanese naval information department for the past six months, leaves today. At the press conference yesterday he expressed his pleasure of having been associated with the journalists, thanking them for their kindness and co-operation. He wished them health and success in their further endeavours in China.

More than 500,000 mow of land has been set aside for agricultural purposes in Szechuen, Hunan, Kwangsi and Yunnan, says a report to the "Hwa Mei Wan Pao." Refugees, numbering 1,000,000 or more, the report states, are now tilling the soil and being otherwise utilized for productive activities to serve the country's requirements.

Godown facilities, says a report to the "Wen Hui Pao," are being arranged between the Bank of China and the Sin Hua Commercial and Savings Bank at the Kunming-French Indo-China railway station. A big godown is now being constructed and financed jointly by the two banks, the report states.

More than 9,000 shih of Changshu and Wusih rice, says a report to the "Ta Wan Pao," have been imported into Shanghai, and more is expected here. Local rice prices, the report states, have dropped from $1 to $2 per shih and indications are that there will be a further drop. Local rice stocks, the message adds, are reported to be adequate for a long time to come.

The health report of the French Municipality for the week ending October 22, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were—Foreigners 10 and Chinese 381. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Typhoid Fever 1. Chinese, Tuberculosis 11; Typhoid and paratyphoid Fever 10; Cholera 7; Dysentery 7; Beri-beri 5; Pneumonia 4, and Diphtheria, Measles, Smallpox 1 each.

Local Chinese public bodies, doubtful of his sympathies, are considering sending a joint telegram to Mr. Wang Ching-wei, Chairman of the Central Political Council and Vice-Deputy President of the Kuomintang, who has recently given "exclusive" interviews to foreign correspondents on "peace" with Japan, says a report to the "Yi Pao." The public bodies, the report states, intend to request Mr. Wang to clarify his attitude and explain himself.

The London "Daily Telegraph" announces that Sir Cyril Entwistle, K.C., member of Parliament for Bolton will probably be nominated as Deputy Chairman of the House of Commons when the House reassembles next month. The position is at present vacant owing to the death of Capt. Bourne during recess. Sir Cyril Entwistle, who was born in India, is related by marriage to Mrs. J. A. E. Sanders-Bates of Shanghai.

The export of wheat from Northern Kiangsu and other interior areas under Japanese occupation is now being prohibited, says a report to the "Ta Wan Pao" and local flour factories are thus facing a shortage of the grain. The factories, the report states, are unable to meet substantial orders placed with them for wheat flour and it is feared that many local flour mills may be compelled to suspend operations if this situation prevails for any length of time.

Mr. Hsu Shih-ying, Chairman of the National Relief Commission, says a report to the "Wen Hui Pao," is at present making arrangements for refugee relief in co-operation with overseas Chinese in Hongkong, and possibly may take a trip to Singapore to seek the co-operation of Messrs. Aw Boon Haw and Tan Kah-kee, well-known Singapore merchants. A refugee centre, the report states, is being set up in Chungking, and it is hoped that at least 1,000,000 refugees will be taken care of there.

The Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, October 22, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 12 and Chinese 689. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Tuberculosis 2 and Bacillary Dysentery 1. Chinese Typhoid Fever 34; Dysentery 29; Tuberculosis 22; Cholera 15; Beri-beri 11; Smallpox 4 and Diphtheria, Cerebrospinal Fever, Influenza, Malaria and Choleraic Diarrhoea 1 each. Of the 40 cases of Cholera notified, it is considered that about 70 per cent. are genuine.

Administrator of New Guinea Here

Sir Walter McNicoll in Shanghai Yesterday; Distinguished Record

A distinguished visitor to Shanghai yesterday was Brigadier-General Sir Walter Ramsay McNicoll, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D., Administrator of the Mandated Territory of New Guinea, who, with Lady McNicoll, is passing through the city on the M.M. liner Athos II. on a holiday trip.

Sir Walter and Lady McNicoll were the guests of Sir Herbert and Lady Phillips at H.M. Consulate yesterday afternoon and were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Bowden, Australian Government Trade Commissioner.

The distinguished visitors, whose home is in Rabaul, administrative centre of the Mandated Territory of New Guinea, the mandate of which is held by the Commonwealth Government of Australia, passed through Shanghai on October 9 on the ss. Nellore bound for Japan, whence they are now returning for Saigon. They will spend about ten days in French Indo-China and will visit Angkor. They go thence to Bangkok, staying a few days, and then proceed to Australia and Java and Bali. After spending some weeks in Australia they are due back at Rabaul in January.

Distinguished Soldier

Sir Walter McNicoll who has been Administrator of the New Guinea Mandated Territory since 1934, was born on May 27, 1887 in South Melbourne. He was educated at the Training College, Melbourne, and is a B.A. of Melbourne University. From 1905 until 1911 he was senior master of Melbourne High School, and headmaster of Geelong School from 1911 until 1914.

During the Great War he served with the Australian Imperial Forces from 1914 until 1919. He was Commanding Officer of the 6th Battalion at Gallipoli—including the landing—and received the D.S.O. in 1915. In 1915 he was G.O.C. of the 10th Infantry Brigade in France, and it is interesting to note that Mr. V. G. Bowden, whose guest Sir Walter was yesterday, served in the same Brigade. He was mentioned in despatches in 1917 and was honoured with the C.M.G. the same year. He was made a C.B. in 1917 and received the Belgian Croix de Guerre on the following year.

From 1921 until 1931 he was Principal President of the Ladies' College, Melbourne, and in 1927 he was appointed A.D.C. to the Governor-General. He received the Volunteer Officers Decoration in 1927 and was a Member of the House of Representatives for Werriwa from 1931 until 1934. From 1922-32 he was Hon. Conductor Goulburn Liedertafel, and in 1937 was made a K.B.E. for organizing relief work in connection with the volcanic eruption at Rabaul in May of that year.

In 1905 Sir Walter married Miss Hilda Marschalck Wedel-Jarlsberg, and he has four sons. His official residence is at Government House, Rabaul.

Senior Warder Retires From Gaol Staff

Colleagues Honour Mr. H. J. H. Sampson

After 12 years' service in the Shanghai Municipal Gaol, Senior Warder H.J.H. Sampson has resigned his position, and yesterday, on behalf of the Gaol Staff, the Governor, Mr. W. C. Grant, presented him with an inscribed gold watch. Making the presentation, the Governor spoke of Mr. Sampson's valuable services since he had joined them in July 1926 and wished him all luck in future life.

Mr. Sampson, who is very popular amongst his colleagues, held the distinction of being the only man in the Municipal Gaol to have served under Lord Beatty, then Sir David Beatty, with the Grand Fleet during the Great War. He served later in Mesopotamia and the Persian Gulf.

The retiring officer has not decided where his future home will be, and it is stated that he may settle down in Shanghai.

International Red. Cross

The Shanghai International Red Cross wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations October 16 to 22 inclusive:

Previously acknowledged	$2,597,062.34
Loterie de Bienfaisance Pour les Refugies	20,000.00
"Chinese Relief Organizations"	15,000.00
Nashville Friends of China	101.18
G. T. Fulford Co., Ltd.	100.00
Sunday Bible School for Children in Tufts College Massachusetts	61.47
Wang	30.00
Zee Han Sen	25.00
Sung Sze Chong	15.00
Save A Life A Month Club (42nd remittance)	105.00
and a number of smaller donations.	
Total as of Oct. 22	$2,632,520.22

All donations should be sent to the director's office, 505 Honan Road.

A.U.C. Country Fair

An old-fashioned country fair, sponsored by the American University Club, their first function of the season, will be held on Friday night in the Pavillion, the premises being closed to the general public from 7.30 p.m. until midnight. An excellent programme of entertainment has been arranged, which includes country fair booths and games, cinemas, wee golf and bingo, while dancing to excellent music will be indulged in until the closing hour.

The committee suggests that dress is informal, the more so the better and, in keeping with the occasion aprons and overalls are indicated as being highly appropriate. A nominal cover charge includes an American buffet supper, prepared by Jimmy's, and the entire net proceeds will be devoted to refugee relief.

Remand in Murder Case

No evidence was offered in H.M. Court yesterday when Dalip Singh appeared before Mr. I. T. Morris, Acting Registrar, charged with the murder of his wife, Charan Kaur, whose body was recovered from a creek along Hungjao Road tied in a sack. Prisoner was remanded until Friday at 10 a.m.

Chinese Found Dead In the Bubbling Well

A Chinese was discovered dead in puzzling circumstances at 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Bubbling Well, from which Bubbling Well Road derives its name. A Fire Brigade ambulance was immediately summoned and it took the man to the Country Hospital, where he was pronounced dead. The body was conveyed to the Bubbling Well Police Station and thence to the Public Mortuary. An inquest will be held at the mortuary by the Chinese Court Procurator today.

It was believed the man had been dead for many hours when the discovery was made, but no-one had seen him fall or jump into the well. The police said the body bore no external marks of violence. It had not been identified last night.

Five Russians Seized For Stealing

Detectives Raid Wayside Looters' Hide-Out

Five Russians, whose ages ranged from 22 to 33 were arrested by Headquarters detectives led by Det. Sub-Insp. P. T. Konovaloff yesterday morning at their hide-out on Dent Road in the Wayside district.

Surrounded by ruins of building which were destroyed in the fighting last year the five prisoners were seized in a house which had been untouched by the hostilities.

When the detectives arrived at the house one of the men was seen to be asleep outside the residence with a jemmy clasped in his arms. It was afterwards learned that this man was the look-out although it took the police ten minutes to wake him up.

Inside the house the four other men were arrested and a quantity of telephone cable seized, along with burglars' tools. All the men have police records, the eldest of the party possessing a record of 20 previous convictions. They will appear in court today.

Engineering Society Meeting Last Night

Under the auspices of the Institution of Electrical Engineers, China Centre, a meeting of the Engineering Society of China took place last night at the Park Hotel when a paper on "Ignosphere" prepared by Capt. A. B. Whatman Grad. I.E.E., of the Royal Corps of Signals was read by Father P. Lejay.

Capt. Whatman was unable to be present owing to his departure for Hongkong.

Leaving Today

Among those who are sailing today for North China in the ss. Shengking, are: Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Barnes and child, Baron G. W. de Vos van Steenwijk, Dr. R. de L. Lago, Mr. and Mrs. A. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Hansford, Mr. H. Arnold, Baron J. Guillaume, Mrs. Malcolm, Miss R. J. Lundgren, Miss J. Anderson, Mr. T. O'Neill, Mr. Toomayeff and Miss E. H. Bachmann.

For South China: Messrs. J. Boehnert, N. Y. Tkachenko and E. S. Williams are leaving today for South China in the ss. Sandviken.

From South China: Mr. and Mrs. L. Ginsbugs, Mrs. Zehden, Mr. T. K. Moon, and Mr. Torjersen arrived yesterday in the ss. Norviken.

From North China: Mr. Cox, Mr. Ozeroff, Mr. Foster and Mrs. Bourne arrived on Saturday in the ss. Sandviken.

Refugee Maternity Centre

Previously acknowledged through the papers:	$21,014.52
Amount received through team captains:—	
Mrs. Dana Nance	2,376.78
Percy Chu	2,000.00
T. C. Pan	1,745.00
Mrs. John Oss	1,465.00
Mrs. T. Y. Lo	906.00
Mrs. T. T. Wong	3,374.99
Mrs. J. T. Tsai	3,335.00
P. L. Moo	2,230.59
John Wai	5,031.70
Total	$44,381.58

American Brings Assault Charges

Mr. G. Lacks Accuses Two Filipino Musicians; Said To Have Downed Him

A story of an alleged assault upon him by two Filipino musicians at the Lido Ballroom on October 5, was related to Judge N. E. Lurton at the U.S. Consular Court yesterday by Mr. George W. Lacks, prominent member of the American community. The two defendants were Jose M. Alinada and Agripino Andrade, who were stated to have punched the plaintiff following a disagreement over the number of tickets to be given to dancing hostesses at the ballroom.

In the course of the hearing, evidence was also given by two Chinese who had formed a party at the Lido during the evening with Mr. Lacks, while Dr. Korosi gave medical evidence. The case for the prosecution was conducted by the District Attorney, Mr. Leighton Shields. Mr. H. G. Nelson represented the defendants.

Alinada, it was revealed in the course of the hearings, is more widely known as Don Jose, the leader of the Filipino orchestra at the Lido Ballroom.

Disagreement

Mr. George Lacks, the plaintiff, was called first to the stand. He described that on the evening of October 4 he went to the Lido Ballroom where he had arranged to meet some Chinese businessmen for dinner at 8.30 p.m. Witness went on to say that he arrived ahead of the others by about ten minutes, and afterwards all went into a banquet room where they partook of a Chinese dinner. After dinner and some conversation, the witness said, the party went into the main ballroom, where they took a table. This was about 11 p.m.

They all danced until shortly before closing time. Then some disagreement arose over the number of dancing tickets to be handed to the dancing hostesses, whereupon witness stated he called Mr. Vaughn Reed, manager of the ballroom.

While arguing with the manager, the witness continued, Alinada, whom he pointed out in court, came up and without warning struck complainant several times in the face. Within a short while the second defendant, Andrade, came up and also hit him. After this first attack Lacks was forced back several paces and, when the blows continued, Lacks was knocked down, after which the two Filipinos continued to beat him.

Covered in Blood

In reply to the District Attorney, witness stated that the party were on the point of leaving just prior to when the attack occurred. Asked who were with him at the time, witness said he was accompanied by Chang Si-chong, his Chinese assistant, and two Chinese merchants whom he named as Messrs. Zau Yuan-ching and Chang Zia-gua.

Witness then told the court that he left the ballroom and, as he was covered in blood, went home first and then proceeded to Bubbling Well Police Station. Here he was told that he would have to go to the Sinza Road Police Station as the happening had occurred in that district.

After seeing the police, the witness continued, he went home to sleep and on the same day went to see Dr. Korosi, who was known by him to be an ear, eye and nose specialist.

Not Intoxicated

Cross-examined by Mr. Nelson, complainant stated that the Chinese dinner lasted for about two hours, and admitted drinking a small quantity of Chinese wine while it was warm. However, the witness asserted that he was accustomed to this drink, although he did not partake of it frequently.

Asked which member of the party paid for the bill, witness replied that the bill came to about $17 and was met by him.

Questioning the witness with regard to subsequent events in the main ballroom, Mr. Nelson asked if he was drunk at about midnight.

Witness: "I was not."

Asked to identify his alleged assailants, the witness pointed directly toward Alinada, saying: "He punched me first; on my face, several times."

Before he left the box, Judge Lurton put several questions to the witness, asking the latter if he was definitely sure regarding the facts of the attack and his assailants, the witness making firm replies in the affirmative. The witness replied similarly when the Judge asked him if he was certain that the assailants continued to strike at him while he was down.

Broken Nose

Dr. Korosi, who was called to testify, stated that Mr. Lacks came to his office during the afternoon of October 5. He noticed that Lacks' eyelids were bruised and his nose was swollen. On examination, he found that the nose had been broken on the left side of the septum bone. The doctor also mentioned that he discovered bruises on various parts of complainant's body.

Evidence was also taken during yesterday's hearings from the two Chinese merchants who accompanied the plaintiff to the ballroom. Both witnesses identified the two defendants as the ones involved in the occurrence at the ballroom.

Following this the case was adjourned for further hearing until this morning at 10 o'clock.

Telephone Cable Cut For Fifth Time

Thieves Remove 600 Feet Of Wire on Sunday

For the fifth time in the space of a few months telephonic communication between the city and certain districts of Hungjao was interrupted, after the depredations of thieves, who removed 600 feet of cable early on Sunday morning from the Shanghai Telephone Company's poles along McLeod Road.

An official announcement by the company states: "Early on Sunday morning, October 23 1938, it was found that 600 feet of 101 pair telephone cable had been cut and removed from the company's poles on McLeod Road. The Telephone Company effected repairs and restored service on Sunday afternoon. The damage was done by persons unknown."

Since May bands of thieves operating outside the Settlement area have removed many hundreds of feet of telephone cable in the Hungjao district and the service has been curtailed five times owing to their activities. In spite of precautionary measures the thieves have made their escape on each occasion, in some instances after cutting the cables into strips on the side of the road immediately after the robbery. Previous attacks have been made in one area—Great Western and Hungjao Roads.

Detective Poses As Ship's Captain

Counterfeiters Arrested After Clever Ruse

Posing as captain of a French coastal steamship, Det.-Sub-Insp. B. Maklaevsky was able to arrest two members of a counterfeit gang it was stated in the First Special District Court yesterday when Yang Vung-pao and Wong Ying-kao, accused of being in possession of spurious notes to the value of $1,500 were remanded until next week when sentence will be passed.

In court it was stated that despite the large seizure of banknotes the police had been unable to locate the printing plant and it is believed that several members of the gang are still at large.

The two men were arrested on October 15 when Det.-Sub-Insp. Maklaevsky, posing as the captain of a French coastal vessel, met the first accused at Kiessling's cafe on Bubbling Well Road. The officer agreed to buy $10,000 of fake notes from him for a sum of $2,000. Later Yang delivered $2,000 in notes on the Bank of China in $5 bills at the Tien Shuan Lodging House on Chefoo Road and he was placed under arrest. The detective seized 3,100 more from him and the second accused was arrested at 852 Peking Road.

All the fake notes were cleverly manufactured it was stated in court and only experts would have been able to distinguish them from real notes.

FUNERAL

Mr. William John Betines

In the presence of a number of relatives, friends and a detachment of the French Volunteers, the remains of the late Mr. William John Betines were laid to rest yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. The Rev. Father Thos. Phillips, S.J., of Gonzaga College, conducted the last rites according to the Roman Catholic faith.

Mr. Betines was an old resident of Shanghai, having lived here for the past 20 years. After a very brief illness he died early Saturday morning at St. Marie's Hospital at the age of 42 years. He is survived in Shanghai by his wife, Mrs. Mary Betines, who attended the funeral service.

The casket, upon which rested a large wreath of flowers from "Les Membres de la Compagnie Francaise de Volontaires," of which the deceased was a member, was carried to the grave by Lieutenant Du Rocher, Messrs. V. Povaroff, Louis A. Remedios, F. Dalez and L. Rousset.

Among others sending flowers were:

Mrs. Betines and George; Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Betines and family; Mr. and Mrs. Tomlin and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Headington; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Roche; Mrs. M. L. Stuart-Murray; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lonborg; Mrs. Mary Lonborg and others.

Funeral arrangements were in care of the International Funeral Directors.

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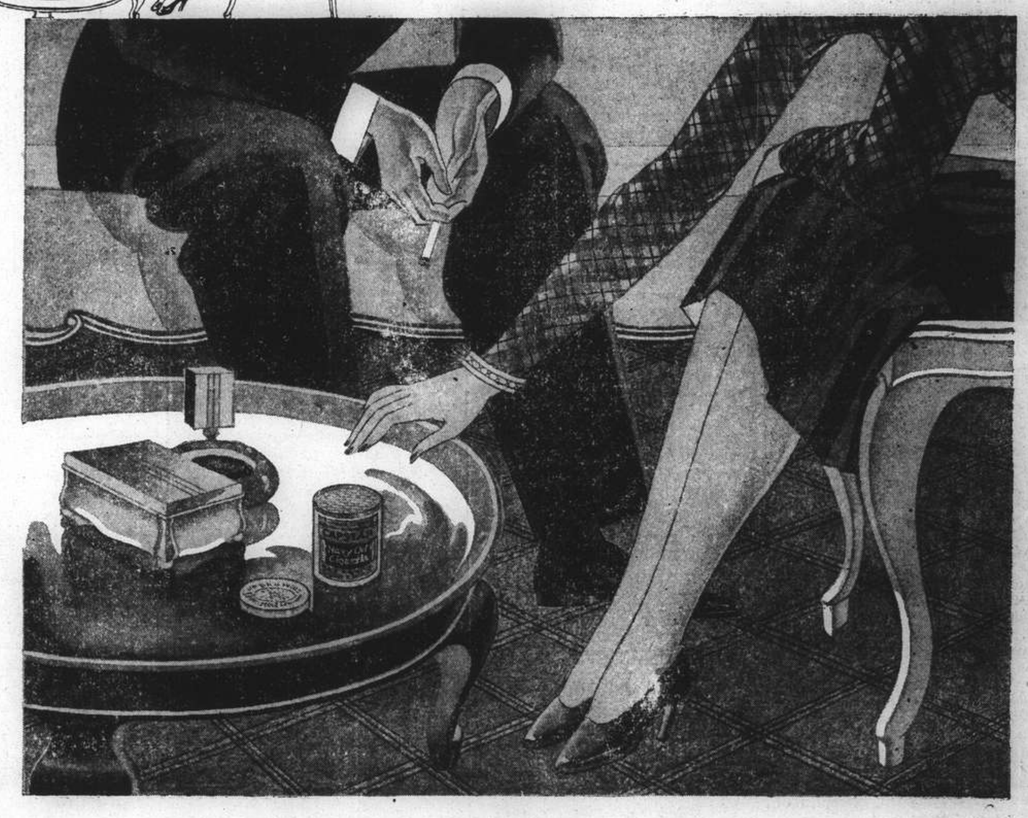

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THE SPORTS PAGE

How Wales Beat England

Both Teams Take Time to Settle Down; Close Play In First Half; English Eleven Changed

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

FOLLOWING their defeat by Wales at Cardiff on Saturday by four goals to two, two changes have been made in the England soccer team to meet the Continent at Highbury on Wednesday.

Young, of Huddersfield, has been dropped for Cullis, of Wolverhampton, while W. G. Hall, of Tottenham, has been introduced in place of Robinson, of Sheffield Wednesday. The England side will be:

Woodley (Chelsea); Sproston (Tottenham) and Hapgood (Arsenal); Willingham (Huddersfield), Cullis (Wolverhampton), Copping (Arsenal); Matthews (Stoke), W. H. Hall (Tottenham), Lawton (Everton), Goulden (West Ham), and Boyes (Everton).

A record crowd of 55,000 spectators saw England, the champions, beaten by Wales, the holders of the wooden spoon, last Saturday.

Mr. Hore Belisha, Secretary of State for War, was one of the distinguished guests present. Signor Pozzo, one of the officials of the Continental team, was also present.

In the first half both sides had an equal share of the game, but after the interval the England attack lacked sting, and the defence was several times spreadeagled.

Wales Scores

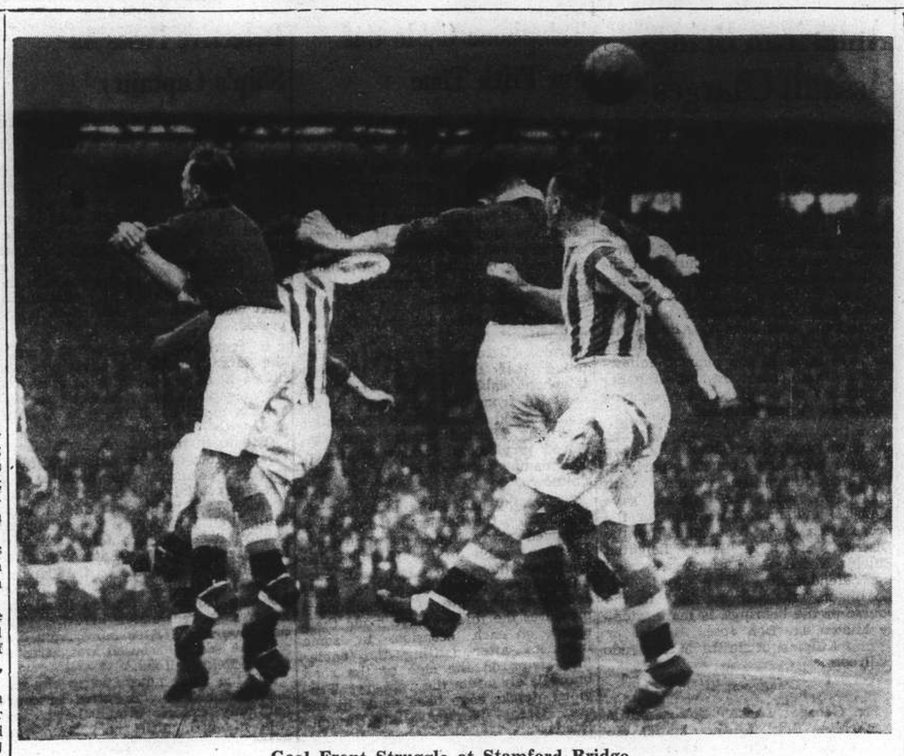
The early play was generally scrappy. Both sides found difficulty in placing the ball. Then, after five minutes, Astley scored for Wales.

The English goal was several times endangered after this, but the defence held out. The visitors later kept play in the Welsh half, but all their raids proved fruitless.

After the game had been in progress half an hour, a Welsh defender handled in the penalty area and Lawton scored from the spot kick.

Five minutes later Woodley, apparently misjudging the flight of a free kick by Hopkins, punched the ball into his own net, but Matthews equalized six minutes before half time.

In the second half Bryn-Jones and Astley scored for Wales.—Reuter.



Goal Front Struggle at Stamford Bridge

A remarkable action picture of a mix-up in front of the Stoke goal during the match against Chelsea at Stamford Bridge—four players in the air together.

Battle of Giants At Golf

Nicholl's Thrilling Win Over Marton of Hongkong In Interport Described

Details of the thrilling struggle between Nicholl and Marton of Hongkong during the interport golf match played in the Colony became available here yesterday with the return of several of the Shanghai interport representatives. Great tributes were paid to the hospitality and sportsmanship of the Colony.

Singles were played on Saturday October 15, eighteen holes on the old course followed by eighteen on the new course. The results were as follows:

HONGKONG v. SHANGHAI

C. E. C. Marton lost to G. D. Nicholl 2 up
A. E. Lissaman beat K. M. Cumming 3 and 1
T. A. Pearce beat D. R. Glass 12 and 11
F. Groves beat J. K. P. Hadland 11 and 10
S. J. H. Fox beat A. V. Pettitt 7 and 5
D. J. Gilmore (Captain) beat W. J. Hawkings (Captain) 3 and 2

The match between Marton and Nicholl was a terrific affair as will be seen from the following scores, Nicholl being one down in the morning.

MORNING, OLD COURSE

Hole	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Out	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	In	Total
Par	4	4	3	4	4	5	3	4	5	36	4	5	3	4	4	5	3	5	4	37	73
Nicholl	3	4	5	5	4	4	3	3	5	36	4	4	4	6	4	6	3	5	5	41	77
Marton	4	4	3	5	4	4	3	4	6	37	4	4	3	4	3	5	4	6	4	37	74

AFTERNOON, NEW COURSE

Hole	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Out	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	In	Total
Par	4	3	5	3	4	4	4	3	5	35	5	4	5	3	5	4	4	3	4	37	72
Nicholl	5	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	36	4	4	7	3	5	4	4	3	3	37	73
Marton	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	36	5	6	4	3	5	4	4	3	5	39	75

Thrilling Finish

It was not until the 28th that Nicholl got ahead. The hole is 503 yards long and getting near the green with a fine brassy he chipped dead for a birdie four, and was two up at the next hole. Marton got a birdie four at the 30th reducing Nicholl's lead to one up and at the 32nd it looked as if Marton would draw level, for he laid Nicholl a dead Stymie. Marton's ball was two inches from the hole and Nicholl's seven feet. It was "neck or nothing." Nicholl took a No. 7, nominated the shot to pitch just short of Marton's ball, bounce over it and into the hole, and proceeded to do what appeared to be impossible. Nicholl, retaining his lead was dormy one and won the 38th with a brilliant birdie three.

There was not a golfer in the Colony but would have laid long odds on Marton winning in a 36 hole match and Nicholl's win was very popular.

Some excuse can be made for both Glass and Hadland. Neither had seen either of the courses until the day before the match when Glass played over the two courses and Hadland over the new course.

The next day, Sunday, four balls were played, the first 18 holes on the New Course and the second 18 holes on the Old Course. Shanghai's top couple put up a great fight, Nicholl again playing fine golf. He was out in 36 and back in 39—total 75—on the New Course, and out in 38 and back in 38—total 76—on the Old Course.

The second couple were seven down in the morning but managed to hold their end up in the afternoon.

The third couple, thanks mainly to some magnificent putting by Pettitt, were two up in the morning but fell away in the afternoon.

The results were as follows:—

HONGKONG v. SHANGHAI

Marton and Lissaman beat Nicholl and Cumming 2 and 1
Pearce and Groves beat Glass and Hadland 7 and 5
Fox and Gilmore beat Pettitt and Hawkings 5 and 4

One point was allowed for singles and two for four balls, Hongkong winning by 11 points to 1.

Interport Dinner

On Monday night a dinner was held at the Jacobean Room of the Hongkong Hotel. Besides the two teams, His Excellency the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, and some past Captains of the Hongkong Club were present. Mr. Archbutt was in the chair and proposed the toast "The Shanghai Team," and Mr. W. J. Hawkings, on behalf of the Shanghai team, replied.

Hongkong is noted for its hospitality and on this occasion did not fall below the high standard it has set. In fact it added to it by presenting to each of the Shanghai team an album containing a photo of the two teams and 18 large views of the Old and New courses. These 18 photos not only give excellent views of the courses but are superb examples of photographic art.

On Wednesday, October 19, the Shek O Country Club entertained the Shanghai team to lunch, and tea. An 18 hole match was played, two four balls and one single, Mr. Pettitt being unable to be present. The results were as follows:—

SHEK O. v. SHANGHAI

F. Groves and T. A. Pearce beat G. D. Nicholl and K. M. Cumming 3 and 2
R. Young and S. H. Dodwell beat D. R. Glass and J. K. P. Hadland 5 and 3
A. C. I. Bowker lost to W. J. Hawkings 3 and 2

The course is what might be termed "sporty" and the golf was not up to a very high standard. The outing, however, was thoroughly enjoyed amidst the beautiful surroundings and lovely views at Shek O

St. Mary's Defeat Dons

San Francisco, Oct. 23.

The Galloping Gaels of St. Mary's, defeated the Dons of San Francisco University here today by a score of 13-6.

Following are the scores of principal matches played today:

St. Mary's 13, S.F.U. 6
Texas Coll. 21, Xavier 6
Villanova 13, Detroit 6.—United Press.

Cleveland Rams Down Chicago Bears

Big Upset in Professional Gridiron League

New York, Oct. 23.

A smashing upset featured play in the National Professional Football League today when the lowly Cleveland Rams speared the rush of the mighty Chicago Bears in a wild and woolly contest by a score of 23-21.

It was a game characterized by fluent scoring, dozens of forward and lateral passes, long distance gains on sweeps around end and off tackle and bull-headed thrusts into the line by Bronko Nagurski and Big Ed Peters.

Oddly enough, it was a place kick which won for the Rams. Not especially known for their prowess in this department, while the Bears are famous for it, the Rams dumped the oval over the crossbar from 17 yards out to bring them victory.

The Bears did not bother place kicking, for the reason that they pushed over touchdowns every time they came into scoring distance.

The Chicago Cardinals, municipal mates of the Bears, also fell by the wayside when they bowed to the Detroit Lions, 10-0. Forward passes, as in so many games in the past, again provided the Card Waterloo, for the Lion running attack was thrust back on its heels by the youthful Cardinal line, called by many experts this year as the greatest in the league.

The Green Bay Packers continued their string of victories by swamping the Pittsburg Pirates, 20-0, holding Whizzer White in complete subjection while Arnold Herber flipped passes all over the field.

The New York Giants, with Ed Danowski and Ken Strong as the spearhead of an invincible attack, galloped to a 28-14 victory over the Brooklyn Dodgers, while the world champion Washington Redskins were extended to the utmost in pounding out a 20-14 victory over the Philadelphia Eagles, greatly improved this year.—United Press.

Gastanaga Kayoed in First Round

Cuban Heavyweight Out of First Flight

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 23.

The end of the fistic trail was reached here today by Isadore Gastanaga, Cuban heavyweight who was once rated up among the world's best.

Gastanaga was knocked out by Tiger Jack Fox, negro American light-heavyweight, in the first round of a planned ten frame bout. A sizzling right uppercut to the jaw dropped Gastanaga face downward on the canvas before the fight had fairly begun, practically ending his career as a "name" fighter.

Weights of the two men were not announced.—United Press.

Cesarewitch Jockey Injured

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

Maher, the jockey of Stainless Stephen in the Cesarewitch, was admitted yesterday into a Cambridge nursing home because of scalp wounds sustained in a motor accident.

It is doubtful that he will rise in the Cesarewitch.

Weston is to replace Maher as the jockey of Stainless Stephen in the Cesarewitch.—Reuter.

Interport Lawn Bowls Draw Puzzled Hongkong

Wallace Brilliant for Shanghai in First Match With Colony Team; Green Proves Fast

FURTHER details are now available regarding the first Interport bowls match which was played in Hongkong on October 16 as also are some of the reactions in the Colony to the extraordinary decision that the opening game should be allowed to close at a draw.

There seems to be only one possible explanation to the position which arose and that is that the umpire did not know the rules. At the end of the 21 heads, with the scores equal, the majority of the spectators were waiting expectantly for the extra head which would decide the game when they were surprised to see the sides shaking hands, indicating that play was over. It will be remembered that in the 1932 series, played in Shanghai, a score of 16-16 was reached in one of the games and an extra head was played. By a strange coincidence the two skips of that particular rink, U. M. Omar and A. J. Hall, were both present, as onlookers, at last week's match in the Colony and nobody was more astonished than they were that the game stopped when it did.

A good deal of controversy and comment appeared in the Hongkong press and it was eventually acknowledged that the I.B.B. Rule No. 4 covered the situation and that "someone had blundered." It was pointed out, however, that if each side won one of the remaining games the position, from Shanghai's point of view, was not as bad as it might have been as, being the holders, they would retain the Prentice Cup. Had Hongkong been the holders and the series closed with a draw Shanghai might conceivably have considered the whole trip rather futile, is the opinion expressed by one commentator.

In the meantime Shanghai, by winning the other two matches, obviated the disappointment which would have followed a drawn series.

The First Match

Hongkong in the first match played B. W. Bradbury (skip), J. McKelvie, A. R. Dallah and A. E. Coates, Shanghai being represented by H. Wallace (skip), W. J. MacDermott A. M. Gutierrez and J. M. C Lopes. The visitors started off in fine form, being ahead by 8 shots to 3 at the eighth head, which lead they increased to 15-6 by the 13th. The green was very "fiery," a state of affairs which seemed more to the liking of Shanghai than their opponents, who apparently found it to be too fast. At the 14th, however, Hongkong got into their stride and scored a three, a single and a two. Shanghai took a single on the 17th but dropped a five at the next end, which put the home-team ahead for the first time. Another 2 at the 19th brought Hongkong up to 19 shots, whilst Shanghai showed 16. The next end produced 4 for Shanghai making them 20 at the beginning of the 21st, one shot in advance. What transpired to be the last end was taken by the Colony side with a single thus making the tie.

As regards individual play, the man of the match was undoubtedly Wallace, who was termed "brilliant." He pulled Shanghai out of a losing position in the 20th head where Hongkong were leading 19-16 and lying one. He not only took out this shot but gave his side 4.

No. 3's Inconsistent

Neither of the No. 3's played a consistently good game, MacDermott being erratic and leaving his skip with much to do at the end of the game. Gutierrez was up against a No. 2, Dallah, who produced the best play of his side and the standard of Gutierrez's play can be gauged when it is stated that he was not outshone. Neither Lopes nor Coates, the No 1's, produced anything startling and honours between these two were about even. Bradley, the Hongkong skip, was shaky at the beginning but improved later. In other words, the impression formed is that all the participants with the exception of Wallace, Dallah and Gutierrez were somewhat patchy.

The scores were as follows:—

SHANGHAI	END	HONGKONG
1	1	0
3	2	0
4	3	0
4	4	2
5	5	2
5	6	3
7	7	3
8	8	3
8	9	4
10	10	4
12	11	4
12	12	6
15	13	6
15	14	9
15	15	10
15	16	12
16	17	12
16	18	17
16	19	19
20	20	19
20	21	20

Second Interport

The Hongkong team which was selected to meet Shanghai in the second game of the series consisted of J. Hollidge (skip), E. C. Fincher, H. A. Alves and L. F. Xavier.

Football Fixtures for Next Week-end

Seaforths and A.S.F. to Meet on Saturday

Next Saturday afternoon will see the two teams which are expected to fight out the Shanghai League championship this year meeting at the Canidrome, when the Seaforths play the A.S.F. at 2.30 p.m. This will be the only First Division fixture of the day, according to the announcement made yesterday by the Shanghai Football Association, but there will be two First Division matches on Sunday, one between St. Francis Xavier's and Savoia at the Canidrome at 10.30 o'clock in the morning, and the other between Clube Lusitano and the Recs in the afternoon at the Race Course.

Three clubs have notified the association of changes in colours. Betar will play in blue shorts, white shirt and badge; Ching Hwa will play in yellow; and Parks United in black.

The following is next week-end's fixture list in detail:—

Saturday, October 29

FIRST DIVISION

Seaforths v. A.S.F., Canidrome, 2.30 p.m.

RESERVE DIVISION

Tung Hwa v. Aurora, Kiaochow.
A.S.F. v. S.M.P., R.G.1.
Lusitano v. Seaforths, R.G.2.

SECOND DIVISION

French Forces v. P.T.H., R.G.5.
Area Details v. Abteilung, S.R.C.

Sunday, October 30

FIRST DIVISION

S.F.X. v. Savoia, Canidrome, 10.30 a.m.
Lusitano v. S.R.C., R.G.2.

SECOND DIVISION

Russ. Regt. v. Sokol, R.G.1.
British Navy v. J.A.C., R.G.5.

THIRD DIVISION

Tung Wen v. Kwang Lou, Kiaochow, 9 a.m.
Lido v. "S" F.C., Kiaochow.

Present standing of teams in the First Division follows:—

	GP.	W.	D.	L.	GF.	GA.	Pts.
Tung Hwa	2	2	0	0	10	4	4
Seaforths	1	1	0	0	7	3	2
A.S.F.	1	0	0	0	4	2	2
Savoia	1	0	0	0	2	0	2
S.R.C.	2	1	0	1	10	6	2
S.F.X.	2	1	0	1	8	11	2
Lusitano	2	0	0	2	7	13	0
Aurora	1	0	0	1	1	6	0
Police	2	0	0	2	2	6	0

Gloucestershire Routs Cornwall

County Rugby Matches Get Under Way at Home

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct., 24.

The following are the results of Rugby Union matches played on October 22:

Cornwall 6, Gloucestershire 20 (at Camborne).
Devon 3, Somerset 3 (at Exeter).
Durham 21, Cumberland 3 (at Sunderland).
Yorkshire 20, Ulster 6 (at Kirkstall).
Bedford 6, London Scottish 3
Birkenhead Park 27, Dublin Wanderers 8
Bristol 12, Rosslyn Park 3
Cardiff 22, Blackheath 3
Clifton 8, Bath 9
Coventry 17, Moseley 3
Gloucester 19, Old Blues 5
Guy's Hospital 3, Harlequins 16
Leicester 20, Neath 13
Northampton 3, Sale 5
O.M.T. 8, Aldershot Services 9
Richmond 3, Cambridge University 6
United Services 16, Old Millhillians 8
Old Alleynians 16, London Welsh 29
Bridgend 3, Aberavon 6
Halifax 22, Bradford 8
Swansea 15, Newport 3
Glasgow Acads. 13, Edinburgh University 16
Watsonians 8, Heriotonians 6.—Reuter.

Tientsin Champions to Super World

Tientsin, Oct. 23.

Mr. Hoch's Super World, ridden by A. N. Dallas, won the Tientsin Champions here yesterday by a neck from its stable-mate Silent World, which was ridden by Mr. Hoch himself. Third was Mr. Tipper's Melbourne, ridden by House, two lengths further behind. The time was 2.28. There were seven starters.—Reuter.

German Wins Weight Lifting Crown

American Second in Event At Vienna

Vienna, Oct. 23.

The world championship weight lifting competition now being conducted here featured contests in the heavyweight class today.

The German barbell man, Manger, a young giant, won the title with 410 kilos to his credit in the three standard lifts.

Second was Stanko, of the United States, who managed a total of 397 kilos.

Luhaerer of Esthonia was third, 390 kilos, and Wahl, of Germany, finished fourth, with ten kilos less to his credit. Florent, France, with 365 kilos, was fifth.—Havas.

Hungjao Polo Today

The next rounds in the play for the Reinforcement Polo Trophy will be played at Hungjao tomorrow. At 2.30 p.m. the Partridges: Lacks, Lutey, E. B. Moller and Heyn, will meet the Osandesses: Clark, C. B. Moller, Capt. Hogaboon, and J. J. Mokrjis. At 3.30 p.m. the Corps Cavalry: W. H. Allman, Dr. Johnston, Hughes, and N. F. Allman, will play the Whatnots: Maj.-Gen. Telfer-Smollet, Col. Hornby, Col. Wolfe-Murray and N. I. Krikoriantz.

In the final of the Silver Pheasant Cup played on Sunday, L. Riggio, W. J. Keswick, R. B. Moller, and Chester Fritz beat W. H. Allman, Col. Hornby, N. I. Krikoriantz, and N. F. Allman by eight goals to six.

Duckpin League to Open Today

Large Number of Entries For Season's Play; Dates Of Championships Given

The curtain for the 1938-39 Shanghai Duckpin League will be raised today when the first round in both the men's and women divisions is going to be played.

Play in the women's league starts at 2.30 p.m. with three engagements. The Columbia Country Club "Blues" will entertain the German Club, while the C.C.C. "Reds" will visit the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Women's Sports Section. The Shanghai American Club ladies are to meet the Marine Ladies in the formers' alleys. The complete schedule calls for the completion of the two rounds of fixtures on December 28.

In the men's senior division the Columbians also have two teams in the competition. The "A" squad will receive the Shanghai Race Club, the "B" visit the Fourth Marines' Club. At the Foreign Y.M.C.A. the homesters will oppose the American Club. The first bowl in each contest will be rolled at 9 p.m. The league's final games will be held on November 29.

Owing to the unusual number of teams joining the second division it was decided by the Congress that in order to save time there will be only one round of contests, finishing on the same date as the senior section.

Fixtures

The fixtures with home teams mentioning first are as follows:—Race Club "A" versus American Club "A", Marines "A" versus Columbia Club "A", German Club versus Foreign Y.M.C.A. "A", American Club "B" versus Marines Officers, Columbia Club "B" versus Marines "B".

Due to the fact that the home alleys for the Marine team (the former International Recreation Club alleys) will not permit two matches simultaneously, the first contest between Marines "A" and Columbians "A" will begin at 6 p.m.

Following are the dates for the various Championships:—

MIXED DOUBLES

1st Round, November 19 at C.C.C.
2nd Round, November 23 at Foreign "Y."
3rd Round, November 26 at Race Club.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

1st Round, December 3 at C.C.C.
2nd Round, December 7 at American Club.
3rd Round, December 10 at Foreign "Y."

MEN'S DOUBLES

1st Round, December 3 at American Club.
2nd Round, December 7 at Foreign "Y."
3rd Round, December 10 at Race Club.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

1st Round, December 12 at Foreign "Y."
2nd Round, December 17 at American Club.
3rd Round, December 21 at C.C.C.

MEN'S SINGLES

1st Round, December 14 at Race Club.
2nd Round, December 17 at C.C.C.
3rd Round, December 21 at Foreign "Y."

"Doomed Battalion" Now Athletic

Exhibition Tennis Games For Today

The "Doomed Battalion" have taken up athletics ever since last spring and they are at present as keen as any sportsmen. The soldiers first learned to play basketball which is extremely popular among Chinese. Not long ago they were staged an exhibition of volleyball by the Russian Regiment, Foreign Y.M.C.A. League champions.

Today, starting at 3 p.m., there will be a series of tennis exhibitions in which Poker Tong and Harry K. F. Li, the year's Shanghai doubles champions, will play David Tsai and T. S. Wei of St. John's University.

Colonel Hsieh Chin-yuan, who commanded the Battalion during their adventurous and heroic stay in the isolated Continental Bank Godown, is an ardent sports devotee himself. If time permits he intends to play one or two sets against one of the visitors.

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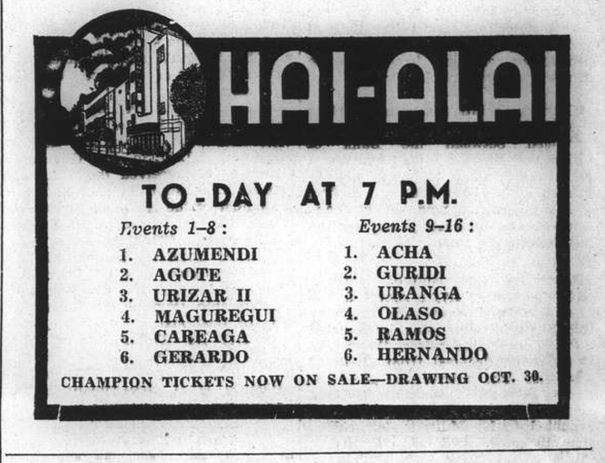

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The Dividends printed below are to the units of 20 cents and include the winning stake Monies.

For Matches played Saturday, October 22, 1938

POOLS	WINNERS		RESULTS	UNITS	DIVIDEND
Pool 1.	209	216	3	7	9.20
Pool 2.	136		4	1	34.20
Pool 3.	177		10	2	36.60
Pool 4.	163		10	1	35.80
Pool 5.	102		8	2	18.60
Pool 6.	127	141	9	5	9.80
Pool 7.	217		3	5	6.20
Pool 8.	141		3	2	8.10
Pool 9.	163		8	2	8.00

I have examined and checked the total amount to be received from the Pools conducted by Messrs. Scotland & Co., and hereby certify that after providing for commission as allowed by the rules and such expenses as I have certified to be properly chargeable, the whole of such amount has been divided amongst the winners, resulting as above, more than 80 per cent. of the total amounts staked being paid to Pool Winners.

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Chartered Accountant.

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Tuesday, November 8 at 9 p.m.

CONCERT FOR TWO PIANOS

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HINDSBARR FOOTBALL POOLS

Results for week ending October 22

POOL No. 1 $1,000.00 FREE POOL
11x111211x11
Nos. 530, 945, 980 forecasted 9 correct results.

POOL No. 2 1211111xx1
DIVIDEND $68.50 PAID
No. 980 (8 correct results).

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Czecho-Hungarian Accord Nears

Ruthenian Partition Dropped for Bargain Over Five Townships

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Prague, Oct. 24.

Referring to Hungarian claims on Slovak territory, M. Wilhelm Cernak, Minister of Education of the new Slovak Government, stated at Kosice today:—

"We agree to the necessity of a readjustment of the frontiers, but towns like Kosice and Nitra, situated in racially Slovak territory, belong to Slovakia.

"Under no circumstances," M. Cernak added, "will they be voluntarily surrendered."—Reuter.

Parleys to Resume

Prague, Oct. 23.

Czecho-Hungarian negotiations, interrupted once already, are to be resumed either today or tomorrow in some neutral town, probably Vienna, it was stated here today. No confirmation of such reports was available.

Budapest proposed either Milan or Venice, the Slovakians put forward Komarno, Bratislava or Piestany, as sites for further parleys.

An agreement is understood to have been reached, however, during yesterday's meeting between the Foreign Minister, Franz Chvalkovsky, and the Hungarian Minister here, Dr. Jean Wettstein de Westerhelm. —Havas.

Hungary Rejects Offer

Budapest, Oct. 23.

The Hungarian Government's reply to the latest Czechoslovakian proposals for a settlement of the outstanding minority problem, will be despatched to Prague late this evening, it was learnt today.

Although other parts of the Czech proposals are considered rather satisfactory, it was authoritatively stated that Budapest will not accept Prague's offers in their present form.

The Czechs do not mention Hungary's chief claims, which deal with the cities of Bratislava, Kosice, Ungvar, Munkacs and Neutra, politicians here point out. On the other hand, Hungary is unable to give up the city of Munkacs and will do her utmost to secure Kosice which is situated on the strategic line linking Slovakia, Poland and Rumania through Ruthenia. It is also located near important copper mines and is linked with historical Hungarian traditions.

Czech Proposals Generous

The Czech proposals, delivered yesterday evening, grant concessions corresponding more or less to the ethnical borders of the regions concerned but these towns so urgently demanded are not mentioned.

It is understood that the Hungarian reply will in turn request a speedy conclusion to diplomatic parleys and a recognition of equitable Budapest claims.

The Note to which the above reply is being made, was brought here last night by the Military Attaché to the Hungarian Legation in Prague. It was immediately handed to the Premier, Dr. Bela Imredy, who examined it at once with the Foreign Minister, Dr. Koloman de Kanya. The Council of Ministers gathered today to study it again, after which Drs. Imredy and de Kanya drafted the Hungarian reply.

Settlement Due Soon

The Hungaro-Czechoslovakian dispute will be settled before the end of the week, it was generally stated here today.

Observers point out that the latest Czech proposals and Hungary's reply, mark normal progress in negotiations. The regions to be ceded to Hungary have, for the most part, already been established.

Parleys will now bear upon five Czechoslovakian towns claimed by Hungary and which Prague is unwilling to hand over.

However, a compromise is envisaged for it seems that Hungary already counts upon having to abandon her demands upon Bratislava, which will probably be made a free city.

At the same time, Budapest is optimistic over its claims upon Munkacs, Neutra and Nngvar.—Havas.

Mr. Hall-Patch Arrives In Changchun

Changchun, Oct. 24.

Mr. E. L. Hall-Patch, Financial Adviser to the British Embassies in the Far East, arrived here today. Mr. Hall-Patch declared that his visit was of an absolutely private character, and that he was visiting personal acquaintances. All reports regarding unofficial negotiations, he declared, were absolutely false.—Reuter.

SINKIANG is due for thorough reforms following the conclusion of the All-Sinkiang Representatives' Conference at Tihua on October 11, says a belated report to the "Ta Ying Yeh Pao." New economic, social and political measures, the report states, were adopted at the conference, which advocated an "eternal" pro-Soviet Russia policy. It is expected that a university will be set up in Tihua shortly where students of the 14 races may pursue higher studies, the report states. General Shen Shih-tsai, the provincial governor, at a presentation ceremony held in Tihua on October 12, personally awarded medals to those who have rendered meritorious services to the province.

MRS. Barbara Bodichon Ayrton Gould, who is to be the next chairman of the Labour Party, is the widow of the late Gerald Gould, author, essayist, and poet. She is a born propagandist. She began her propaganda in connection with the Suffragist movement, and has many times stood for Parliament. A story which much interests her is of a certain grand lady who, during the Great War, went down to the East End to instruct the working women there in the best use of the food available. This lady descanted at some length on how to cook a cod's head, but was completely nonplussed when a woman said: "But what I wants to know is, who gets the rest of the cod?"

General Hata at His Headquarters

General Shumroku Hata, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese forces in Central China (centre of group), photographed with foreign correspondents at his headquarters "somewhere near the front lines." An interview with General Hata was published in these columns yesterday.

Peace Chances Canvassed By Home Journals

(Continued from page 5)

It is not easy, he declares, to see how more than provisional adjustments can be made as long as hostilities persist.

In Shanghai, the views of other Governments, besides the British, must be taken into consideration. The prospect of solving these problems, on which there is some solidarity between the Western Powers, Mr. Haward adds, may reasonably form a contributing factor to Japan's readiness for peace with China.—Reuter.

"A Mortal Blow"

Rome, Oct. 24.

The occupation of Canton evokes considerable comment in the Italian press, notably in the "Voce d'Italia" and "Stampa."

The "Voce d'Italia" describes it as a decisive, and perhaps mortal blow to Chinese defence, and declares that it would not be surprised to hear reports to fresh attempt at mediation on the part of the British and French Governments.

There are circles in London, the newspaper adds, where an economic catastrophe for Hongkong is feared, and also the political reaction which an active Japanese policy in South China may have on French Indo-China and British India.

The "Stampa" declares that the occupation of Canton and the certain early conquest of Hankow places the word "Finis" to the Sino-Japanese war.

The journal blames British policy under Earl Baldwin and Mr. Anthony Eden for the Chinese collapse, because. it asserts, they encouraged hope for support that could not be given.—Reuter.

Paris Wants Mediation

Paris, Oct. 24.

More and more conviction is gaining ground here that the time is ripe for a new attempt at mediation in the Far Eastern conflict. That at least is the impression gained by a close study of yesterday's newspaper comments on the latest developments in China.

This desire for mediation is quite plainly dictated by the fears that the continuation of the Sino-Japanese conflict will imperil the French interests in Indo-China and in the region of Yunnan. Commentators are at pains to point out to what extent the developments may lead to loss of British prestige through the weakening of strategical positions in the Far East.

"L'Epoque" thinks that the prerequisite for the success of a mediation action of this sort is a clarification of European affairs. It claims that the Japanese will now after their recent great successes be more likely to agree to negotiate than a few months ago.—Trans-Ocean.

London Japanese Views

London, Oct. 14.

Well-informed Japanese quarters here gave to understand today their opinion regarding conditions for peace in China.

These conditions were:—

1. All provincial Governments in China will recognize the authority of the "Peking Government."
2. General and Mme. Chiang Kai-shek will leave Chinese territory immediately.
3. General Chiang Kai-shek will break off the Sino-Soviet non-aggression pact before dissolving his Government.

Official quarters here remained reserved but observers believe that these conditions reflect Japan's intentions.

Specialists in Far Eastern questions do not expect the Japanese to end their military operations before the fall of Hankow. They added that the Japanese would demand the establishment of Japanese garrisons in all important Chinese cities, whether of strategical importance or not.—Havas.

Tokyo Principles Told

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

"Guiding principles" to be followed for the termination of the China hostilities will be disclosed by the Japanese Government in a formal statement to be issued after the capture of Hankow, Domei was informed in reliable quarters tonight.

"Mutual respect of sovereignty and territorial integrity" and guarantees against a repetition of hostilities will form the basic principles of Japan's future attitude, it was understood.

The Japanese Government expects the fall of Hankow to mark the "beginning of the final stage" of the conflict which it anticipates will be marked by protracted hostilities and long-term rehabilitation and reconstruction in the occupied areas.

The government will adhere to its statement of January 16, in which it declared that it would cease to deal with the Nationalist administration in negotiations for a full settlement of the dispute, Domei was further informed.—Domei.

Robbery Last Night

Five Chinese, four of whom were believed to be armed with pistols committed a robbery at House 11, Lane 262 Tatung Road last night when they absconded with a gold ring and four keys to the value of $80. The robbers spoke Kompo and Northern dialects, and Sinza police are investigating the affair.

Situation Returns to Normal in Jerusalem

Jerusalem, Oct. 24.

The situation in Jerusalem is slowly returning to normal.

Local police have replaced British troops in the old city, and curfew will be enforced only from 5 p.m. and 7 a.m. in the new city.

Two regiments of British troops have left for the interior.—Havas.

Tokyo Celebrations to Be Restrained

Populace Warned Not to Be Too Optimistic

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

Wishing to guard against "wild excesses, as well as undue optimism over the future of the hostilities in China," the Metropolitan Police have laid down a series of rules in connection with the celebrations to be staged on the fall of Hankow.

The celebrations are not to start until a communiqué announcing the capture of the city has been issued by the Imperial Headquarters.

If the news is received at night, the celebrations, which are to last one week, are to be reckoned from the next morning.

The celebrations, the police declare, must be quiet and sober, no wild outbursts are to be allowed, and paraders must not masquerade, nor carry any advertising material.

The celebrations are to be confined to three main branches, latern parades, flag parades and marching to music.

The banners to be used should bear inscriptions such as "Endurance and perseverance." They should, the police state, "emphasize the fresh effort required to face the difficulties before the nation and the task of reconstruction."—Reuter.

American Taken Off President Coolidge

Mr. Roy Allman, an American lawyer, was taken off the Dollar Line ss. President Coolidge yesterday afternoon and returned to the International Settlement by Mr. Arthur Peterson, Deputy United States Marshal. According to the United States District Attorney, Mr. Leighton Shields, Mr. Allman will be charged with the alleged embezzlement of several trunks, on complaint of Mr. France Reed, with whom he was formerly associated in the U.S. Oriental Trading Company, Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Mr. Allman, it was understood last night, will appear before the United States Court for China within a few days.

Chinese Plane Attacks Japanese Launch

A Chinese monoplane attacked a Japanese naval launch on the upper reaches of the Yangtze on Sunday, a Japanese naval spokesman announced at yesterday's press conference. Several Japanese were killed and several others were wounded, he stated

The Chinese monoplane was white in colour and had faint red circles on its wings, the spokesman said.

ALTHOUGH he can neither write nor read music, Mr. Irving Berlin, recently on holiday in London, has for many years past made £100,000 a year by composing popular songs. He strums a tune on the piano, an arranger takes it down and the public does the rest. Mr. Berlin is a dark, slightly built Russian Jew, who once worked as a waiter in New York, and appeared on the music-hall stage. "Alexander's Ragtime Band," written 27 years ago, set him on the road to fortune. He married the daughter of an American multi-millionaire, who at once cut her off. Mr. Berlin, who was by that time a millionaire himself, is reported to have replied: "Well, isn't a million enough for any girl?"

Former Minister's Criticism

Gen. Chiang Kai-shek Not China's Best Man, Says Eugene Chen

Hongkong, Oct. 23

Mr. Eugene Chen, former Foreign Minister, again reiterated his assertion today that China must seek better men than Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to save China in the present crisis.

He repeated his assertion in reply to the "Fukien Times" of Manila which demanded that he apologize for insulting Generalissimo Chiang.

The "Fukien Times" sent Mr. Chen the following message;

"Your statement has insulted Generalissimo Chiang and has humiliated the whole nation. Phillipine Chinese demand your explanation."

Mr. Chen replied:

"I believe your demand is patriotically inspired and not by personal or partisan considerations.

"What I know you don't know because I am on the spot with the knowledge of the facts and realities of the national situation actually existing behind the official censorship and propaganda.

Not Winning War

"Because you do not know this you are surprised. My statement defines Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek as a leader not winning a war, which is an inexorable fact manifest in the advance by the Japanese invasion and remorseless extension over the richest region in China, including sources of nation revenue and domination from key centres such as Peiping, Tientsin, Shanghai, Nanking, Canton and soon Wuhan....

"We cannot save China and ourselves from Japanese conquest and a system of political and economic slavery by pretending that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek is winning the war....It is not only ridiculous but insulting to suggest that the Generalissimo is the best the nation can produce in a crisis which demands brains, energy and a strong group of determined men....China does not want a man but men....

"Many other surprises await you and your brethren overseas....Let me end with belief and fear.

"I believe China can win the war under bright leadership, but I fear China cannot win under the sole leadership of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek."—United Press.

New Japanese Envoy to Britain Arriving

London, Oct. 24.

Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, the new Japanese Ambassador to the Court of St. James, will arrive here tomorrow morning.—Havas.

Hankow Buildings May Be Demolished

Foreigners Warned; Many Fleeing City

Hankow, Oct. 24.

"There is a possibility that a large number of buildings will be demolished in Hankow in the near future," declares a warning issued by the Foreign Residents' Association today to the local press.

Foreigners are advised to take all reasonable precaution, although it is believed that foreigners are unlikely to be involved, as ample warning is being given to those living alongside dangerous buildings.

The streets of Hankow are unprecedentedly crowded with refugees carrying bundles and belongings.

In view of the fact that the ranks of the police in Special Administration Districts One and Two have been depleted by defections, it is feared that untoward incidents may occur.

To cope with any possible disturbance, civilian volunteers are being mobilized tonight or tomorrow to bolster the morale of the remaining Chinese police.

French volunteers are also being mobilized. They are being fitted with gas masks.—Reuter.

Rumours Denied

Referring to rumours of the possible blowing up of buildings in Hankow, some of which are adjacent to British property, General Kuo Chan, Defence Commissioner, pointed out today that this step had not been decided upon.

A promise had already been given to the foreign Consuls, he declared, that they would be given twelve hours' warning of such measures.

"I am responsible for this area," General Kuo stated, "and the interests of foreigners will be respected.

"Anyone endangering the lives of foreigners will be shot."

Martial law is being enforced in the Wuhan cities as from today, while the river above Hankow is closed to navigation as from tomorrow. The British gunboats Peterel and Tern are both safely this side of the boom, after recent trips up river.—Reuter.

French Aviator Sets New Record

Paris, Oct. 24.

M. Maurice Arnous, in a 140-h.p. Caudron-Renault set a new record for light planes today when he flew over a 1,000-kilometre course, averaging 319.5 kilometres per hour. The plane was in the class of four to 6½ litres cylinder capacity.—United Press.

LAFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
To-day at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
EDWARD G. ROBINSON
BETTE DAVIS in
"KID GALAHAD"

LAST DAY: 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m. CAPITOL PRICES: 30c., 50c., 70c., $1.

OPENS TO-MORROW
JACK HULBERT—PATRICIA ELLIS
"PARADISE FOR TWO"

METROPOL THEATRE
LAST TWO PERFORMANCES!
TO-DAY at 9.15 p.m.!
and Last Change of Programme TO-MORROW NIGHT, 9.15!
Loudly Acclaimed As The Musical Treat of The Year!
GENERAL PLATOFF'S
DON COSSACK CHOIR
Of 25 Superb Performers

Soul-Stirring Russian Folk-Songs, Legends and Lullabies, Sung as Only the Cossacks Can Sing Them!
SENSATIONAL RUSSIAN DANCES!
ADMISSION: $1.10, $2.10, $3.15, $4.20
Tickets On Sale at Theatre and SAM LAZARO BROS!

RIALTO Ends To-day!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
GINGER ROGERS
James STEWART in
VIVACIOUS LADY"
RKO-Radio Picture
—Opens TO-MORROW!—
"PENITENTIARY"
33 cts., 55 cts., 85 cts. All Shows.

The Show You Should Not Miss!
"DON QUIXOTE"
Colourful Ballet in 3 Acts
Beautiful scenery, gorgeous costumes, fascinating acting and dancing
LE BALLET RUSSE at the LYCEUM
Nos. 3, 5 and 6 at 9 p.m. Nov. 6, Matinee at 2.15
BOOK NOW at Messrs. Moutrie's and Theatre

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223 LAST 3 TIMES
TO-DAY! Road Showing 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

Old Chicago in all its turbulent glory! The robust, wide-open town that vanished in towering flames! And against this sweeping panorama, the romantic drama of the O'Learys . . . *the O'Learys against the world!*
DOWNTOWN BOOKING at SAM LAZARO BROS!
ADMISSION:
Matinees: $1.10, $1.60, $2.10
Evening: $1.10, $1.60, $2.10, $2.65
(Refugee Tax Included)

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW PLAYING! at 3, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
A RIOT OF FUN... A FEAST OF SONG ....starring the Entertainment World's Most Vividly Intriguing Personality!

Added: "Close Shave" (Cartoon)) PICTORIAL and NEWS
NEXT CHANGE!
One of History's Most Thrilling And Colorful Pages Lives Again!

PRIZE-WINNING FILM OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION!

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW PLAYING 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
THE PICTURE THAT HAS EVERYTHING!

Directed and Produced by JOHN M. STAHL
OPENS THURSDAY!

A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
70 cts.—$1.10—$1.60 80 cts.—$1.10—$1.60
85 cts.—$1.30—$1.60—$2.10

Opens TO-MORROW! GRAND

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 .....$ 30.00
U.S. $100 @ 15¾ $634.92

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8⅛ $29.538
U.S. $100 @ 16⅛ $620.15
London—demand 8⅛
4 months' sight credits 8⅛
4 months' sight docts 8 3/16
6 months' sight credits 8 5/32
6 months' sight docts 8 3/32
New York—demand .....U.S. $16⅛
4 months' sight credits 16⅛
4 months' sight docts 16¼
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8 9/64 U.S. $16 5/32
Hongkong/London 1/22 23/32

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders .....Buying 29¾
Java Guilders ..... „ 29¾
Netherlands Guilders .....Selling 29
Java Guilders ..... „ 29

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$622.568 £1=$29.655
Selling U.S.$100=$634.921 £1=$30.00

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.93½=$1 Belgas 28.05=£1

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 15⅝ 640.00
Hongkong $53⅜ $100.00

Italian Bank For China

It. Lire 2.90=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.69½=$1
Tourist Lire 3.21 .....$1

Other Quotations

Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 39¼
$100=Reg. Mk. 84.00

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 8 3/32	Lowest 8
U.S. G.$	16 7/16	15⅞
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

	Cash SELLING		Oct. BUYING
£ T.T.	8⅛	4 m/s. l.c.	8 3/32
G.$ T.T.	16 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	16 5/16
Fcs. T.T.	604	4 m/s.	627
Rs. T.T.	45¼	7 d/s.	46

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	19 1/16	19½
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	57.03	—

Bombay offtake nil bars.

London silver was 1/16 both ready and forward, being 19 11/16 for ready and 19½ forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was 2 annas down at 51.03.

It was reported there was a little speculative demand and small general selling. Market quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8d. sterling and 15¾ U.S.$.

The Interbank market was again erratic and uncertain but higher on the day. At the opening there were sellers for cash at 8d. sterling and 15 23/32 U.S.$ and after remaining at this level for sometime rates improved to 8 3/32 sterling and 16 5/16 U.S.$. Heavy buying at these rates brought the market down again, but renewed selling in the afternoon brought about a further recovery.

At the close there were sellers at:

8 9/64 sterling	16 5/32 U.S.$		Cash
8⅛ „	16⅛ „		Oct.
8 1/16 „	16.– „		Nov.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, Oct. 23.

Application for the new Reich's consolidation loan continue to make demands on the money market but these are being met without difficulty since, in anticipation of such needs for cash, provision had already been made last month. Besides this additional funds for this purpose have been provided through the maturing of gold discount bank sola bills in considerable quantities. Most of the actual payments for loan purchases made up to now have been through banks and credit institutes with buyers of small amounts—expected to be proportionally more numerous than on previous occasions—preferring to take advantage of the instalment payment plan. This is expected to result later in an increased offer of shares on the bourse which is causing investors to show a certain caution in buying shares at the present juncture.

Many balance sheets for the last trading year published up to now show increased dividends, in some cases from six to eight percent, particularly as regards mining shares. Bank shares have been in demand but otherwise share market has been very quiet.

Fixed interest securities were also neglected. In cases where prices have declined markedly during the recent depression they have mostly recovered. As new issues are not permitted the market continues to be restricted so that on account of the steady demand for good securities no price decline is to be expected.

The following are the quotations of some leading German shares on October 17 and 22 respectively:

Reichsbank	187.875	193.00
German Dye Trust	151.75	154.00
Salzdetfurth Potash	146.50	147.00
United Steel Works	105.125	111.375
Mannesmann Pipes	110.375	114.50
Harpener Mining	151.00	149.50
German Mineral Oils	130.00	131.375
Continental Rubber	Unq.	203.625
Siemens & Halske	200.50	201.25
General Elec. A.E.G.	119.75	122.375
Rhenish-Westphalian Power	1225.25	123.00
Hamburg America Line	69.75	70.75
North German Lloyd	73.00	Unq.
Bemberg Rayon	136.75	140.00
Deutsche Bank	117.50	118.50
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	540.00	558.00
Young Loan	102.125	102.25

—Trans-Ocean.

Manila Gold Shares

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	Oct. 22	Oct. 24
Antamok	.42	.41
Atok	.33	.33
Benguet Consolidated	11.70	11.90
Coco Grove	.44	.46
Consolidated Mines	.003	.003
Demonstration	.27	.27
Masbate	.23	.22
San Mauricio	.90	.94
United Paracale	.37	.38

Turnover: 635,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (closing prices) 91:65.
—Reuter.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, Oct. 24.

Kogo 5% Y.104.11
—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Official Averages

1938 High	Low		Today's Average	Change
143.16	103.30	General	128.05	+0.55
148.65	95.50	Rubbers	143.67	–0.15

Volume 49,855 shares, 280 Bonds.

Morning Session

		CASH
$13,000	S. M. C. 5% Debs. 1934	$ 78.00
7,500	S'hai Loan	$ 5.20
1,000	Senawang	$ 1.00
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.40
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.50
10	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.75
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.50
2,360	Exploration	$ 6.85
100	Wheelock	$ 22.00
100	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.50
100	S'hai Loan	$ 5.20
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.70
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.60
1,000	S'hai Loan	$ 5.25
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.70
100	Kaiping	$ 24.50
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.80
1,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.90
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 34.75
500	Exploration	$ 6.85
1,000	Kroewoek	$ 1.25
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 35.00
55	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.50
500	Exploration	$ 6.80
15	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.25
210	S'nai Power (Pref)	$114.00
2,000	Chemor	$ 1.42
1,000	S'hai Loan	$ 5.25
500	Anglo Ducth	$ 10.00
1,000	Kroewoek	$ 1.25
225	Sumatra	$ 13.50
50	Wheelock	$ 22.00
200	C. G. Omnibus	$ 19.50

Afternoon Session

$15,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 79.50
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 35.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.70
1,700	Exploration	$ 6.80
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.90
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.80
1,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 18.00
120	S'hai Power (Pref)	$114.00
550	Wheelock	$ 22.00
1,000	Exploration	$ 6.85
1,000	Senawang	$ 0.99
2,000	S'hai Land	$ 7.75
500	Wheelock	$ 22.00
2,000	S'hai Loan	$ 5.20
500	S'hai Loan	$ 5.25
3,000	Senawang	$ 0.99
600	S'hai Loan	$ 5.20
1,000	Kelantan	$ 0.41
1,000	Senawang	$ 0.98
1,000	Ayer Tawah	$ 5.40
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 35.00
2,000	New Eng. (Ord)	$ 5.00
250	Tram (Bearer) £1	$ 35.25
100	Kaiping	$ 24.50
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 18.10
2,000	Consolidated	$ 4.50
500	Exploration	$ 6.85
3,000	Cheng	$ 0.54

German-American Trade Agreement Sought

The Possibilities of Mutual Understanding

Berlin, By Mail.

At the request of the American Chamber of Commerce in Berlin, Herr Brinkmann, Secretary of State in the Reich Ministry for Economic Affairs, addressed the meeting on the subject of conditions and possibilities for a German-American Trade Understanding which Germany so ardently desires.

If mutual trade had been on the decline for the past few years, he said, this was obviously and unfortunately due to a measure of misunderstanding. The Americans suspected discrimination in the German policy of settling foreign liabilities. But Germany herself had the greatest interest in carrying out her debt service regularly and reliably. How, through no fault of her own, she came by her shortage of foreign exchange was by now common knowledge. A country which desired to cash in interest and amortization must give its debtors a chance to earn the necessary funds.

Herr Brinkmann parried the charge of dumping by stating that other countries, without regard for the needs of world markets, upset the whole price trend overnight, as it were, by as much as 20, 30 and even more per cent. by resorting to currency depreciation.

Commercial Decency

Germany certainly realized that economic reasons of a domestic nature were the driving factor in America's case, nevertheless, Germany's marketing chances had suffered materially through this action. Dr. Schacht's "New Plan" was nothing less than the command of commercial decency. The principle of reciprocity had, he was pleased to say, brought about a satisfactory development with a number of countries. Unfortunately, however, America was not among the number.

Herr Brinkmann referred to the excellent chances of supplementing the two national economies. Germany could export her special articles against quantities of valuable raw materials. She was not only a big potential buyer but the stability of her political and economic conditions ensured a corresponding stability in her demand for raw materials. As to goodwill, the agreements with England showed how much could be achieved with the necessary goodwill on both sides.—Trans-Ocean.

Results of German Trade Fairs

Austrian Fairs Held Under German Flag

According to the preliminary figures now available, this year's Leipzig Fair was one of the largest of recent years. 5,837 exhibitors took space, 97,000 business men visited the Fair and 4,781 buyers from abroad attended. Business results are reported up to expectations.

The Vienna Fair, which took place for the First time under German auspices, is said to be a record one. 60 per cent. more visitors went to the Fair Palace than last year, and the Rotunda section had as many as 80 per cent. more. Home sales were excellent, and export business up by 25 per cent. on last year.

For Retailers Only

The Cologne Autumn Fair is strictly a trade fair to which only retailers are admitted. Business was very lively and fully to expectations, and results are reported to be better than those of the Spring Fair which was already a good one.

The Graz Fair, which again, was held for the first time under the German flag, had a record number of visitors during the first two days. 60,000 passed the turnstiles, while last year only 83,000 visited the exhibition in all.—Trans-Ocean.

U.S. Automobile Industry

Producers Passed through Very Lean Period First Seven Months of Year

Just one year ago, the American automobile industry was heralding the introduction of its 1938 models with the confident assertion that a record year was well in sight. The industry had survived an especially troubled first quarter in which the newly-won strength of the C.I.O. organizations was largely concentrated in the motor factories; and over the first six months, car output was more than 2,900,000 units. Thus, although severe labour disputes, together with a sharp rise in raw material costs, had seriously disturbed the price structure, there was every ground for reasonable hope. The serious flaws which were developing in the general industrial position were not then apparent: almost every motor trade official confidently held that increased prices for new models were all that was needed to restore prosperity states "The Financial News." But the deterioration which occurred in the later months of the year is now common knowledge.

Production for the whole of 1937 was actually little more than 5,000,000 units, compared with 4,600,000 units in 1936, and with a peak of 5,600,000 in 1929. Even on that basis, output was so largely in excess of demand that dealers were heavily loaded with stocks throughout the winter. But if 1937 brought disappointment of the earlier hopes, the new year brought actual despondency. January output was 57 per cent. of the 1937 level; February, 53 per cent.; March, 46 per cent.; and April, 43 per cent. The normal spring increase in consumer demand was wholly absent, and the special efforts made to reduce inventories were thus foredoomed to failure.

A Lean Period

For the first seven months of the current year, output thus reached only 57 per cent. of the comparable 1937 total, and during August and September, production has been on almost a "nominal" basis. Whatever the final output figure for the full year, there is no denying that producers have passed through a very lean period. Over the last two months or so, however, there have been important indications of revival. In the first place, the industry generally abandoned the wide shut-down plans which were discussed in June. Even the modest output of July and August was thus above earlier expectations and, more important still, there was the encouraging news that dealers' stock had been reduced in many cases to actual shortage levels; that retail sales were better than expectations, and that enquiries for new models were on a scale which suggested a considerably more active year.

In the U.S. automobile industry, of course, as in many other American industries, the evidence of incipient revival still lies in sentiment rather than in solid figures. But there is definite ground for optimism. Stocks have been reduced to relatively small proportions; the records of production and registration show a public willingness to make new purchases as soon as financial circumstances permit; and production has for many months been well below the theoretical level which is needed to maintain on a reasonable level of efficiency the 29,650,000 units registered in the United States last year.

Autumn Sales

It is thus reasonably certain that improvement in the general economic position, plus a rise in security values, has already given an initial impetus to autumn sales. There is full trade confidence in the belief that production costs have been scaled down in recent years to a point which has successfully restored profit margins. The trade is expected to pursue a policy which will stimulate purchases of new models, and yet avoid those drastic changes in design which react so severely upon earnings. Finally, there seems to be a tendency to maintain prices at levels moderately near those ruling in the earlier months of this year.

Investors should remember, none the less, that the wide cyclical fluctuations to which the industry is liable must exert a severe pressure on the smaller corporations. It is possible that the almost legendary progress of Chrysler in recent years will once again be repeated by one of the aggressive small undertakings. But year by year, the General Motor, Ford, and Chrysler organizations are strengthening their hold upon the total trade. General Motors, with its predominant share in total sales, its wide range of production in non-automobile goods, and its commanding technical experience and large resources, is always an undertaking in which the investor can justify an interest. For the more speculative investor there is Chrysler, now ranking as the second largest producer of passenger units; the stock is widely known as one of the most dynamic on Wall Street. Beyond these, such leading "parts" manufacturers as Briggs, Borg-Warner, and Timken Bearing deserve far more attention than the smaller car manufacturers.

Leaders Plan Monetary Experiments

Washington, Oct. 23.

Proponents of currency expansion under the leadership of Senator Elmer Thomas, Democrat of Oklahoma, indicated today they will use the current low farm prices in the forthcoming battle to favour further monetary experiments.

In view of the fact that the farm bloc is disgruntled at the failure of New Deal measures to prevent surpluses, it is understood that the monetarists hope for the farm bloc support of any movement promising to raise prices.

Devaluation

Disclosing the lines on which the campaign will be conducted, Senator Thomas, in an exclusive message to United Press from Durant, Okla., demanded that President Roosevelt utilize his authority to devalue the dollar's gold content to 50 per cent. Also we will introduce a bill to convert the Federal Reserve Board into a monetary authority for the express purpose of securing the proper value of the dollar, then keep the dollar as stable as humanly possible," Senator Thomas declared.

Calling attention to the fact that devaluation to 50 per cent. would bring a US$2,500,000,000 profit to the treasury on the basis of the present record gold holdings which are above US$14,000,000,000. He said the dollar is still worth US$1.28 compared to 100 cents from 1926 through 1929.

The budget cannot be balanced with a 128 cent dollar. Further revaluation will help remove its excess value and further raise the price of farm commodities. We can have neither budget balancing nor a return of substantial prosperity until the excess value is removed from the dollar," Senator Thomas declared.—United Press.

War Risks and Rates

Threat of War Caught Underwriters Unprepared; Sudden Crisis Produced Disorder and Chaos

It is not easy to give a clear or accurate record of what has happened in the marine insurance market recently. The crisis caught underwriters unprepared. There has been much confusion, and it cannot be claimed for them that their handling of the situation has been masterly. In a recent article in "The Economist" it was suggested that the basis on which war risks were being written was unsound, and when a business is being unsoundly managed a sudden crisis is apt to produce disorder and even chaos. Disorder and chaos were produced and even now (though things are better) it is not certain that the markekt has reached an arrangement which will stand the working test.

The special feature of war underwriting in the last few years has been the inclusion of war risk at an additional premium on marine policies, as a result of which underwriters could not accept ordinary cargo risks without piling up a big war liability. When the threat of war became acute their books would already be loaded with war risks accepted at nominal premiums for sums that might not correspond to the lines they would naturally desire to run on the catastrophic risk of war. Their only protection was the right to cancel, on giving 48 hours' notice, all war liability on cargo that was not yet waterborne—the liability on cargo already at risk being inescapable.

Cargo Uncovered

That was the position of underwriters in the middle of last week; and on Thursday, September 15, they all gave the 48 hours' notice of cancellation, leaving cargo which sailed after Saturday night uncovered. The underwriters did more than that. They cancelled the arrangement (which had for some time been in force) by which a committee fixed rates for war risks on various voyages; and in place of that arrangement they left the fixing of rates to negotiation between shippers and underwriters. It was also agreed that war risks must no longer be written in conjunction with marine. The underwriters appear also to have decided that every war risk must be written individually with the steamer's name and that no open covers (i.e. contracts covering, for a period, all the cargoes of a specified owner) should be accepted, but it is characteristic of the chaotic conditions that while some undewriters believed that this had been agreed, others thought not and held themselves at liberty to write open covers as well as specific risks. The result of all these changes was, for the moment, chaos in war rates, with one underwriter quoting £10 per cent. for a voyage on which his neighbour was satisfied with 5s. per cent.

Situation Impossible

The situation of merchants and brokers was clearly impossible. No merchant could anticipate the cost of shipment and no broker whether he was quoting his client the right rate. Towards the end of the week a meeting of brokers was held, and underwriters were asked to re-establish the rating committee, which had so hurriedly been abandoned, and to publish a scale of war rates which all underwriters would observe. It was hoped that this would get rid of the rate chaos and make it possible to arrange open covers by which a merchant would be able to look at least a few days ahead.

The underwriters on this request reconsidered their position. The rating committee was restarted and a scale of rates published; while at a brokers' meeting held at Lloyd's on Tuesday an arrangement was announced for the writing of open covers on war risks. That arrangement, at the time of writing, stands. Let us take separately the two points—the rate scale and the plan for open covers.

The scale of rates varies from 2s. 6d. per cent. on shipments of specie to the Continent to 80s. per cent. on shipments of merchandise from Shanghai. In view of the uncertainty, homeward voyages are rated considerably higher than outward, and the insurance of exports from this country costs a good deal less than the insurance of imports. Exports to United States Atlantic or Pacific ports are rated at 10s. per cent., while imports from Atlantic ports go at 20s. per cent. and from Pacific ports at 40s. per cent. The rate for exports to India and Australia through the Mediterranean is 30s. per cent. and for corresponding imports 60s. per cent. The reason for this difference between imports and exports is that imports will be so long in reaching the danger zone if war should break out, while exports are supposed to be moving away from it.

Open Cover

The open cover arrangements are somewhat complicated. The foundation of the scheme is that no war cover may be for a longer period than one month and that on every policy the underwriter shall be entitled to give 48 hours' notice. The cover will include all shipments which are declared and accepted by underwriters during the month, but underwriters will not be bound to accept declarations, more than seven days before the date of sailing. The minimum rates payable will be the scale rates on the date the declaration is accepted or if a declaration is not accepted before sailing, then the scale rates on the date of sailing.

At some points the wording of this cover arrangement is obscure, and traders are particularly troubled about the necessity to declare within seven days before the date of sailing. The relative clause in the cover is as follows:—Warranted sailing within seven days of date of acceptance or held covered.

The effect of the wording seems to be this. A merchant will declare a shipment to his underwriter not more than seven days before the date on which the boat is expected to sail, and if she sails on the expected day he will pay premium at the rate current on the date of declaration. But if sailing is delayed and more than seven days elapse between the declaration and sailing, then the cargo is held covered but re-rated in accordance with the scale prevailing at some unmentioned date thereafter. Thus if the risk should be increased materially after declaration, cargo which does not get away within the seven days may pay double the rate charged on the day it was declared.

A deputation of Chambers of Commerce attended the Board of Trade to raise the question of war risks; and it is believed that one of the points which they were anxious to emphasise was the difficulty involved in this seven-day arrangement. There is no doubt about the difficulty, but undewriters consider two things imperative: (1) that the war risk shall be separated from the ordinary marine risk and (2) that they shall be able to adjust their rates as speedily as possible to changing conditions. From the underwriting standpoint both of these stipulations are necessary, and delay in shipment—whatever the difficulties involved—must be followed if necessary by a revision of rates.

Thus some greater degree of certainty seems to be emerging from the chaos of the beginning of the week. But to the insurance market, the trading community and the Government alike, the events of the past week should serve as a foretaste of the extent to which ordinary methods of doing business will have to go by the board in the event of war.

French Electorate Swings to Right

Senatorial Elections Show Tendencies Away From Left to Centre

Paris, Oct. 23.

The final results of the Senatorial elections to Parliament, revealed today, show that the Radical Socialists lost six seats, the Independent Radicals one and the Socialist Republicans four. The Socialist Party gained one seat and the Union Socialiste Republicaine also won one. The Union Republicaine Democratique made a great drive, however, and won nine more seats.

A swing towards the moderates was noted in these elections, results from the western provinces showing this most markedly. Altogether, the results show a movement from the left towards the centre and right.—Havas.

State of Parties

Paris, Oct. 24.

The results of the second ballot in Sunday's elections for one-third of the seats in the French Senate reveal little change in the respective strength of the parties, and it is not expected that the results of the third ballot, due shortly, will make much difference in the position.

The state of parties after the second ballot is:

Republicans	16
Left Republicans	10
Independent Radicals	11
Socialist Radicals	35
Republican, Socialist Union	3
Socialists	4

A third ballot is necessary in seventeen constituencies, while the result of the second ballot in Guadeloupe is not yet known. The total number of seats in the Senate is 314, and members are elected for nine-year terms. Every three years elections are held for a third of the seats.—Reuter.

Japanese Author in Hot Water

Feelings of War-Hating Conscript Described

Tokyo. (By Mail)

For having depicted the pyschology of a conscript who hates military service, Mr. Naoya Shiga, a celebrated Japanese author, has got himself into hot water.

Mr. Shiga incurred the displeasure of the Osaka gendarmerie because of his book, "A Certain Fellow, His Sister's Death," which is considered in Japan to be among the world's best novels. The book was published before the outbreak of the "China Incident."

In chapter 28 Mr. Shiga described the feelings of a war-hating conscript who had to be discharged from military service.

The chapter was brought to the notice of the gendarmerie by a reader who felt that it was "not in accordance with the nation's spiritual mobilization."

Sale of further copies of the offending book is expected to be banned.

The gendarmerie have requested the Home Office to "deal appropriately" with Mr. Shiga.—Reuter.

Britons' Exciting Trip, Canton to Hongkong

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Two Britons, Mr. P. C. Frost, of the Asiatic Petroleum Company, and Mr. J. Linaker, a sworn measurer of Hongkong, arrived here today after an exciting trip from Canton via Shekkei.

They were continually under fire, and had several narrow escapes from death, as their launch wended its way through creeks full of junks crammed with Chinese soldiers, who had taken to the water in an endeavour to escape the attentions of planes.

The occupants of one of these Chinese junks held up the launch on one occasion and pointed their rifles in a threatening manner at the Britons, but the latter were finally allowed to proceed when the British flags on the boat were discerned.—Reuter.

Bourse in Paris Remained Calm

Balance Sheet for Week Is Held Satisfactory; Rentes, Stocks Rise

Paris, Oct. 23.

During the past week, the Bourse was calm, but there was a generally satisfactory tendency, particularly upon various French counters.

The reserve of market-operators is explained by the incertitude prevalent over the pending recovery measures envisaged by the Government, and over the evolution of the country's internal policy.

Facts that influenced the market included the amelioration of the internal monetary situation as attested by the Bank of France's weekly balance sheet. This had a direct effect upon the standing of the Rentes.

The firmer position of the franc upon the exchange market was another factor in operations on the Bourse.

Besides, the Bourse welcomed as a good sign the cordial interview at Berchtesgaden between Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler and M. Andre Francois-Poncet, departing French Ambassador to Germany.

International Relations

On the whole, feeling on the Bourse appears to be one of hope for a bettering of the international situation in the near future.

Also favourable in its effects was the complete abandonment of restriction previously decreed upon the production of copper. The upswing on the copper counters, following this measure, had direct influence upon the stocks concerned.

The fortnightly settlement, which took place on Monday, was easy and forward rates could be brought down from four per cent to three and a quarter per cent.

On the whole, the balance sheet for the week is held satisfactory. Most of the Rentes have realised gains of a whole point and, in some cases, even more. On other counters, French stock progressed two or three per cent. in several cases. Internationals, however, were somewhat irregular. But even in this group, advances were greater than losses.

Exchange Market

On the exchange market, the franc's position was bettered in regard to other currencies. This recovery is believed to have contributed to the more optimistic atmosphere on the Bourse.

The pound sterling was brought down from 178.86 francs to 178.72 francs, while the dollar came down to 37.55 from 37.72. The gulden was 20.445 francs as compared to 20.55 previously.

The eased situation was also noticeable in forward dealings in sterling where, the rate descended from 130 centimes last week to 85 centimes this week.—Havas.

U.S. Fair Labour Act Goes Into Effect

Workers Urged Not to Abuse Advantages

Washington, Oct. 23.

The Fair Labour Standards Act, otherwise known as the Wages and Hours law, will go into effect at midnight tonight bringing wage increases to 750,000 workers, and shorter hours and pay for overtime to an additional 1,500,000 workers.

Mr. Elmer J. Andrews, National Administrator, said that both the American Federation of Labour and the Committee for Industrial Organization, rival union groups, "intend to advise their members to go slowly."

Mr. Andrews also appealed to the workers not to institute unnecessary suits and not to use the law to intimidate or hamper employers. He emphasized that the Act was not intended to hound employers "nor establish a wage and hour schedule which will penalize decent employers."—United Press.

Daring Attempt to Hold Up French Train

Chungking, Oct. 24.

A daring attempt to hold up a French train on the Indo-China to Yunnan Railway on October 15 was successfully frustrated by the Chinese police, according to the story of a passenger reaching Kunming.

The passenger states that three bandits, travelling as passengers on the train, were arrested before the train reached a point between Laokao on the Tonkin-Yunnan border and Kaiyuan, where trees had been felled across the line, in order to halt the train.—Reuter.

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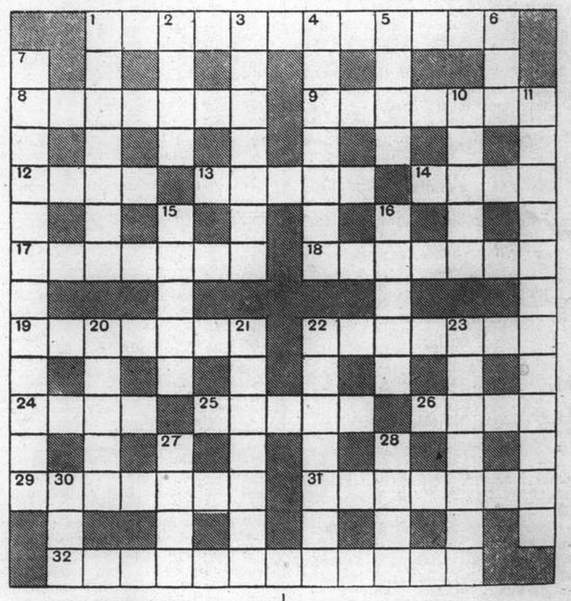

ACROSS

1 This old political question suggests a change in the charges (two words)
8 We generally use only the end of this vehicle
9 Food rations of a lower house?
12 Not hard to be seen in the signs of the times
13 This ill-feeling is allowed in a game of cards
14 People with corns were welcome in this old dance
17 Not reluctant and using mental power perhaps
18 It is the freak variety of this plant that is considered lucky
19 Cook uses this for flavouring
22 The publication of this summary of a person's character is a grave matter
24 Metal
25 These make a rope for a sail
26 Mohammedan spirits
29 An old vessel
31 Bill's precursor often
32 These troops are apparently upright men (two words)

DOWN

1 This sort of music is popular
2 One of John Peel's hounds
3 In this sport before noon becomes hungry indeed
4 Tell about a foreign nobleman
5 Vapour to chafe
6 This kind is the plural of this
7 Surely it would be unnecessary to give this entertainment in hot weather
10 Part of New Zealand
11 Not maimed, but with no help from others
15 A slang instant
16 Colour of fishy origin
20 Fairy advice how to fish
21 This part of Africa sounds not much of a home
22 The time to smoothe things over?
23 Fame is not this
27 Many kinds of light are made from oils and gases, but this comes from none
28 Sing about this, it's cutting
30 Quadruped

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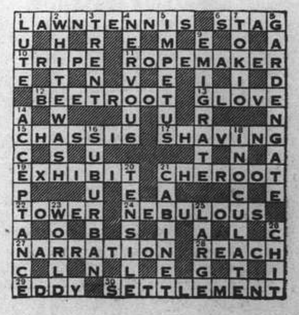

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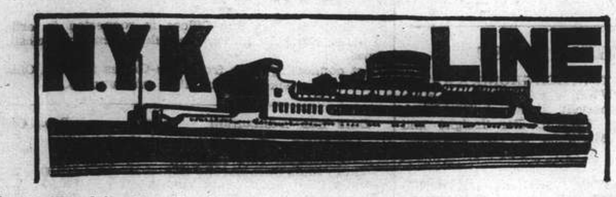

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ASAMA MARU	Oct. 31
TATUTA MARU	Nov. 12

To New York, Boston, Philadelphia via Hongkong, Japan Ports, Los Angeles and Panama.

	From Shanghai
NARUTO MARU	Oct. 26

To Vancouver and Seattle

	From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU	Oct. 24

To Australian Ports via Manila

	From Hongkong
KAMO MARU	Nov. 26

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*HSIMI MARU	Nov. 15
*HAKOZAKI MARU	Nov. 29
SUWA MARU	Dec. 13

To Kobe, Yokohama

HAKOZAKI MARU	Oct. 25
†TAIYO MARU	Nov. 6
SUWA MARU	Nov. 9
TERUKUNI MARU	Nov. 21
HAKUSAN MARU	Dec. 6

(†Calling at Kobe only)

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C*	MEMNON	Oct. 29	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
A†	ANTENOR	Nov. 12	M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow
C	PROTESILAUS	Nov. 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
B*	AJAX	Nov. 26	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
A	HECTOR	Dec. 10	M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow

* calls at Casablanca † via Aden ø via Saigon

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Vessels due and Sailings to Japan, North China, etc.

		From	Due	Sails	For
C	AGAPENOR	Liverpool	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	North China
B	AJAX	Liverpool	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Tsingtao and Japan ports
B	TYNDAREUS	Pacific Coast	Nov. 5	Nov. 8	Hongkong
A	HECTOR	Liverpool	Nov. 11	Nov. 12	Japan Ports
C	PYRRHUS	Liverpool	Nov. 21	Nov. 22	Chinwangtao, Taku Bar & Dairen
B	MENESTHEUS	Liverpool	Nov. 24	Nov. 25	Japan Ports
C	IXION	Pacific Coast	Nov. 30	Dec. 2	Hongkong
C	ACHILLES	Liverpool	Dec. 2	Dec. 3	Japan Ports

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Steamers	Leaves Hongkong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
"CHANGTE"	Oct. 13	Oct. 16	Nov. 1
"TAIPING"	Nov. 14	Nov. 16	Dec. 1
"CHANGTE"	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Jan. 1
"TAIPING"	Jan. 13	Jan. 16	Feb. 1

AGENTS:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

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D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN-LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 24	Oct. 26 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 27	Oct. 29 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 30	Nov. 1 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 1	Nov. 3 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 4	Nov. 6 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 7	Nov. 9 at 9 a.m.

For Passage and Freight apply to:

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA

110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

MS. DANMARK .. .. Nov. 13
MS. AFRIKA .. .. Dec. 10

Homewards
for Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen

MS. DANMARK .. .. loading Nov. 30

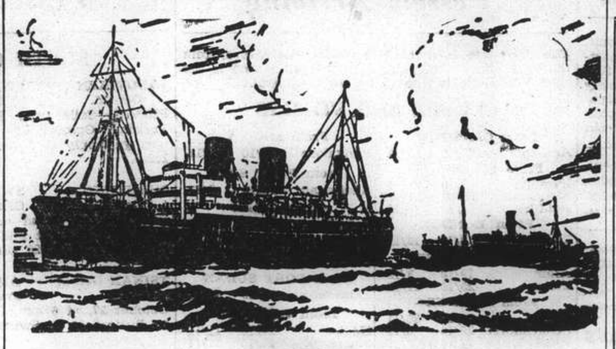
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

Agency of

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road



B. I. P&O E. & A.

(Incorporated in England —by Royal Charter)

Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON

Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Oct. 25	†RANCHI	17,000
Nov. 1	*BURDWAN	6,100
Nov. 8	RANPURA	17,000
Nov. 22	†RAWALPINDI	17,000
Nov. 29	*SOMALI	7,000

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Dec. 6	CANTON	15,500
Dec. 20	CORFU	15,000
Dec. 27	*BANGALORE	6,100

†Omits Bombay

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
SIRDHANA		Oct. 22
SHIRALA		Nov. 5

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

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Via JAPAN, HONGKONG and RABAUL

Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford		Nov. 4	Nov. 23
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Nov. 8	Dec. 2	Dec. 21
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Dec. 9	Dec. 31	Jan. 19

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All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

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Tel. 82034

THE FRENCH MAIL LINER

The S.S. ATHOS II

has arrived at the Shanghai, Hongkew Wharf from KOBE, October 24, at 7 a.m.

She will leave for **MARSEILLES**

to-day, October 25, at 10 a.m.

Outgoing passengers will embark on the tender "SCOT I" leaving the M. M. Jetty (Quai de France) at 8 a.m.

MS. "MARCHEN MAERSK"

Loading October 30 up to November 1

for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and Other Atlantic Coast Ports.

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MELCHERS & CO.
Agents: Maersk Line

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round World Express Service

DUE TO ARRIVE FROM NEW YORK:

mv. CINGALESE PRINCE ..... October 26
mv. SILVERTEAK ..... November 8

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space.

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE	SILVER LINE
Apply to:	*Apply to:*
Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited	Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. "CONTE ROSSO"
will leave Shanghai on November 4, at 5.30 a.m.

from Shanghai-Hongkew Wharf

for VENICE and TRIESTE

via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, MASSOWAH, PORT SAID and BRINDISI

Tenders conveying outgoing passengers on Board will leave Customs Jetty on November 3 at 6 p.m.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. MARDEN & Co., Ltd's Godown, 125 Hankow Road where it will be received during office hours FROM 10 a.m. at 3 p.m. the latest on November 3.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit.
Customs Permits obtainable through MARDEN against payment of a small fee.

For freight and passage please apply to

LLOYD TRIESTINO

26 The Bund
Telephone: 16885 SHANGHAI Telg. ADD. LLOYDIANO

P. & O.

R.M.S. RANCHI
17,000 Tons

COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES and LONDON

Will leave Shanghai for above ports

On Tuesday, October 25, 1938

Passenger tender leaves Customs Jetty at 1.30 p.m.
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, October 24th

Customs Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.

For Freight and passage apply to:

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Telephone 11428 *Agents* 27 The Bund

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

ms. "SHANTUNG"

Loading Shanghai October 27

for Massawah, Algiers, Oran, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Copenhagen, Oslo and Gothenburg.

Agents:

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

Far Eastern Mail / Passenger and Freight Service

Sailings from Shanghai to Europe:

ss. OLDENBURG	Oct. 27	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg
ss. NEUMARK	Nov. 8	Marseilles, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg

Outward vessels latest movements:

			Due Shanghai
ev. VOGTLAND	Left Singapore	Oct. 18	Nov. 2
mv. KULMERLAND	Passed Suez	Oct. 17	Nov. 18
ss. NORDMARK	Left Rotterdam	Oct. 14	Nov. 19

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

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"Glen" and "Shire" Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent etc,

INWARDS: Due at Shanghai

"GLENBEG" October 30

Sails November 1 for Taku Bar and Dairen

HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai

"GLENBEG" November 19

Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp via Hongkong and Straits

Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD. *Passenger and Loading Agents* Telephone 15290

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Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

mv. TAI PING sailing October 28

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COMFORT
SERVICE
SAFETY
SPEED

IT COSTS NO MORE TO TRAVEL CANADIAN PACIFIC

THROUGH TO EUROPE CONNECTIONS

	Leave S'hai	Arrive Vanc.	Connecting Ship	Leave Atl. Port	Arrive U.K.
Empress of Russia	Oct. 29	Nov. 14	Duchess of Atholl	Nov. 18	Nov. 25
Empress of Japan	Nov. 13	Nov. 29	Duchess of York	Dec. 9	Dec. 16
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 12	Montrose	Dec. 23	Dec. 31
Empress of Canada	Dec. 11	Dec. 28	Duchess of York	Jan. 6	Jan. 13
Empress of Russia	Dec. 25	Jan. 9	Duchess of Bedford	Jan. 14	Jan. 20
Empress of Japan	Jan. 26	Feb. 11	Montrose	Feb. 17	Feb. 25

SPECIAL THROUGH FARES

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Japan	Nov. 1	Nov. 3	Nov. 5
Empress of Asia	Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Nov. 19

Bookings for 1939 are now open
Make applications early to secure accommodation desired

Canadian Pacific

WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

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K.P.M.-LINE

The "TEGELBERG"

WILL LEAVE SHANGHAI FOR HONGKONG

from Holt's Wharf

On WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, at 10 a.m.

The Tender with outgoing Passengers will leave the Customs' Jetty

on Wednesday at 8.30 a.m. sharp.

No heavy luggage or nailed cases accepted on passengers' tender.

For information about Passage and Freight apply to:

Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai, N.V.

Agents: K.P.M.-LINE

133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

O.S.K.

SHANGHAI SAILING

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
HUKUKEN MARU .... Oct. 29
HUKUKEN MARU .... Nov. 11

HONGKONG SAILING

For South America via Africa
RIO de JANEIRO MARU Nov. 14
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Dec. 11

For Africa
ARIZONA MARU ..... Nov. 2
ARABIA MARU ..... Dec. 5

For Bombay
*KWANTO MARU ..... Nov. 16

For Calcutta
*HIMALAYA MARU ..... Dec. 2

KOBE SAILING

For New York via Panama Canal
*KYUSYU MARU ..... Nov. 15
*KANSAI MARU ..... Dec. 24

For European Ports via New York
*HOKKAI MARU ..... Oct. 30
*TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 2

For Australia
*MELBOURNE MARU ... Oct. 31
LONDON MARU ..... Nov. 30

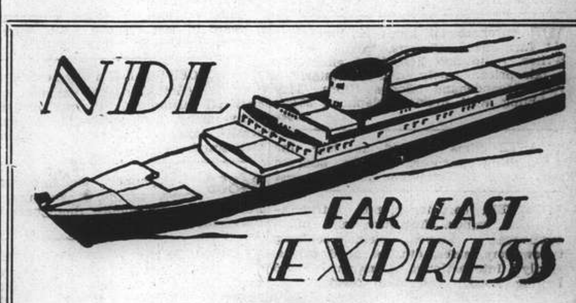
For New Zealand via Australia
LONDON MARU ..... Nov. 30

For West Africa
*SYUNKO MARU ..... Dec. 6

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)

20 Canton Road Telephone 15324



Homewards:

SS. "GNEISENAU" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Nov. 15
MS. "COBURG" for Marseilles, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen Nov. 16
MS. "MARBURG" for Marseilles, Casablanca, Lisbon, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen Dec. 4
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Dec. 13

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. GNEISENAU	Left Port Said	Oct. 15	Nov. 5
ss. ALLER	Left Antwerp	Oct. 19	Dec. 3
ss. SCHARNHORST	Leaves Hamburg	Oct. 29	Dec. 3
ms. REGENSBURG	Leaves Hamburg	Nov. 12	Dec. 12

For Passage and Freight apply to

MELCHERS & CO.

General Agents:

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

Positions Vacant

WANTED qualified Chinese sales engineer. State age, salary, experience to Box 2371, NCDN. -4377

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

FIRST-class male stenographer-secretary, thoroughly experienced, needs employment. Excellent references. Salary $175. Box 2433, NCDN. -4476

YOUNG Russian, 25, seeks immediate employment. Experienced supervisor, mechanic, chauffeur. Box 2424, NCDN -4460

WELL-known foreigner with several years' experiences caretaker, manager, supervisor, large apartment house, at present employed, seeks similar position of prospect. Hardworking, speaks Chinese, A1 references, guaranteed. Box 2436, NCDN. -4481

CHINESE, middle-aged, 10 years experience as translator with T. P. Railway, requires position immediately. Would consider any other suitable employment. Moderate salary, best reference. Address Box 2442, NCDN. -4497

CHINESE youth seeks position in any drawing firm. Has had three years' experience in drawing and sketching. Good references. Address Box 2438, NCDN -4485

ACCOUNTANT, foreigner, experienced in import, export, shipping business and auditing, seeks any position or part time job. Moderate salary, A1 testimonials. Box 1733, NCDN. -3929

YOUNG lady seeks immediate position, three years experience as general office assistant, beginner as stenographer, highest local references. Box 2407, NCDN. -4433

YOUNG Chinese experienced in typewriting, accountancy, general office routine, seeks position. Salary $18. Box 2409, NCDN. -4437

RADIO service engineer, 12 years experience. Formerly connected with well-known foreign firms, seeks employment or partnership with well-established firm. Owns complete radio service laboratory equipment. Best references. Address Box 2346, NCDN -4324

Educational

GERMAN lessons by experienced German lady-teacher at pupil's home. Box 2430, NCDN. -4470

PHYSICAL training instructor. British. Open for appointments. Expert tuition. Highest results. Confidential. Box 2434, NCDN. -4477

LADIES, don't lose these two months before Christmas, New Year. Learn flowermaking, of silver, gold, etc. for presents, decorative. Telephone 75914. -4500

YOUNG Chinese experienced teacher, gives lessons of Shanghai dialect and Mandarin, easy method, quick result. Please address Box 2425, NCDN. -4461

ENGLISH and shorthand lessons given by Englishman. Address Box 2370, NCDN. -4376

GERMAN lessons given by experienced German lady teacher. Twice weekly, $10 per month. Telephone 74393. -4235

RUSSIAN lessons by experienced Russian lady-teacher. Reasonable fees. Address Box 2062, NCDN. -3623

ENGLISH lady gives conversation lessons to pupils of any nationality. Fees moderate Box 1262, NCDN -3633

Personal

K. Sorry there was no possibility. Answer if Thursday agreeable. Viennese. -4494

PATIENCE. Disappointed? What reason? Please suggest communication avoiding paper and telephone. Box 2428, NCDN. -4464

Business Opportunities

MARVELLOUS opportunity to purchase well-established, fully-stocked children's store, for $4,000 cash. Excellent locality. Box 2395, NCDN. -4413

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to purchase, Acme code, second-hand, good condition. Telephone 85264. -4469

SECOND-HAND sewing machine attachment for making buttonholes. In good condition. Address Box 2431, NCDN -4472

WANTED purchase volume 1 number 1 and 2 of the China Sky Clipper. Also Acme code travellers edition. Must be cheap and in good condition Box 2427, NCDN. -4463

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and household effects at a fair price. Apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. -4364

WASTE films wanted to buy for melting purpose. Kindly address your offers to Telephone 75437. -4238

WANTED, carpets, pianos, refrigerators, radios, furniture, and office appliances. Stoves, electric-cookers, typewriters, safes, etc., at good prices. Apply International Company, 510 Peking Road. Telephone 96967. -3878

WANTED to buy, stock electric motors 5 to 40 h.p. 5 to 20 ton electric crane or hoist crabs, boiler tubes, steel pipes, plates, etc., or any other second-hand electric and mechanical equipment. Good offer. Address Box 2349, NCDN. -4333

BEDROOM furniture, must be in good condition. Give particulars of pieces and lowest price to Box 2393, NCDN. 11968

Radios

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, Telephone 75897. 9 Cardinal Mercier. -3854

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. Complete service Philco, Zenith, all leading makes. Oldest, best equipped in Shanghai. American Radio Equipment Company. 11696

SPECIALIZED servicing on RCA radios. All work guaranteed. Foreign supervision. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 82304. -4047

FOR efficient and reliable radio service, telephone 37220, Radio City Service, 1249 Bubbling Well Road. American-owned and managed. -3555

Lost

NOTICE is hereby given that s/s Nan Nang B/L marked B/L 186, A 15 Pkgs. gass Paper in diamond, is lost. The loss has been duly reported to Butterfield & Swire and the above-mentioned B/L is therefore declared null and void. Yuen Tai Shanghai office. -4452

Miscellaneous

WANTED to hire, baby-grand piano, length about 5 ft., for six months Box 2423, NCDN. -4458

CARPETS cleaned by steam and chemicals, also repaired, insured and stored. Please telephone 12170. Esso Company. -3702

MAGAZINES are expensive, why not be a subscriber to The Home Magazine Library who will supply you on loan with British and American magazines latest issues delivered home or office twice or three times weekly, for $2.60 monthly. Telephone 83288 for list. 11781

CREATE new energy, build more red blood, strengthen your shattered nerves, combat your insomnia and overfatigue and restore your weak health back to normal by unique herbal Thibetan remedy, invented by Prof. Amar Vaydia, "Bramcharia." There are 3 liquid compounds and pills. Perfect, harmless, rejuvenating. Hundreds benefitted locally. Obtainable at Ayurvedic Hall, 651 Weihaiwei Road, Apartment 21-a, Telephone 36605. Visits without obligation. Correspondence in confidence. Forwarded to outport patients. 11897

GENUINE Frigidaire parts and services are obtainable only at the American Engineering Corporation (China). 989 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 34350. 11566

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, $2,200 or nearest offer. Chevrolet truck 1934, three tons, good running order. Reply Box 2432, NCDN. -4474

1934 Ford V8 sedan, 5-seater, excellent condition, owner-driven, small mileage. Address Box 2443, NCDN. 11980

1931 Ford coupe, excellent condition, all new tyres, new battery Address Box 2444, NCDN. 11980

CASH for a decent 5-seater closed car, state model, make, price. Address Box 2445, NCDN. 11980

STUDEBAKER, 1936, $700. Two-seater coupe de luxe, new appearance. Telephone 75523 tiffin hour -4484

FOR SALE, 1938 Buick special coupe, five-seater, with radio. Address Box 2449, NCDN. -4502

STUDEBAKER, 1937 coupe, only 6,000 kilometers, for sale. Italian Embassy, or Telephone 34800. -4489

$750. Chevrolet coupe. Six cylinders, in excellent running order. Body recently reducoed. Owner leaving. Box 2419, NCDN. -4450

WANTED urgently closed car. Please state full particulars, make, year, cylinders, lowest price. Box 2366, NCDN. -4368

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11561

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4290

Chinese Servants

AMERICAN recommends first-class cook/house-boy/valet. Excellent pastries. Mr. Scott, 93305 office hours. -4459

COOLIE/boy seeks position. Hard worker, really clean and honest. Excellent recommendations. Address Box 2439, NCDN. -4496

HARDWORKING cook-boy, cook or boy, seeks position, speaking good English, reliable and trustworthy, highly recommended. Box 2441, NCDN. -4487

FIRST-class cook-boy, speaks English well, clean, honest, with references Address Box 2435, NCDN. -4478

COOK-boy, 6 years service, honest, seeks position. Enquiry Telephone 75529. -4479

HIGHLY-recommended by employer leaving China, Chinese boy, cook, coolie and gardener. Available for immediate employment. Address Box 2437, NCDN -4483

EXCELLENT cook-boy seeks position, speaking English, honest and clean, highly recommended Address Box 2455, NCDN. -4510

FIRST-class, honest and intelligent cook/house-boy, seeks engagement. 5 years in last employ, with good recommendation. Box 2454, NCDN -4508

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -3619

34839 Telephone. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, etc. Foreign management. Shanghai Employment Agency. -4418

HARDWORKING Cook-boy, excellent cook, honest and willing, 4½ years experience in English/American family, moderate salary, seeks immediate position. Address Box 2418, NCDN. -4449

RELIABLE cook-boy, hardworking, honest, with good recommendations. Address Box 2402, NCDN. -4425

COOK-boy, twenty years experience in English, French and German cooking, seeks immediate employment. Box 2401, NCDN. -4423

NO. 1 house-boy and No. 1 cook, many years servants in English/American families, seek position. Good recommendations. Please telephone 75319. -4428

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

1205 BUBBLING WELL Road, Apartment 15. Massage. -4465

MME. Madeleine gives excellent general massage. 10 a.m.-7 p.m. 93 Whangpoo Road, Room 4, close to Astor House. -4362

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11606

Rooms Without Board

ONE furnished room with private bathroom, in modern apartment for gentleman or couple. Telephone 73916 between noon and 5 p.m. -4482

LARGE room with southern exposure and modern conveniences, to let a lady of quiet habits. Breakfast optional. Telephone 71238, from 12.30 to 1.30 and after 5.30. 11984

FURNISHED steam-heated room, all conveniences, full board, private family, 1522 Bubbling Well, House 14 -4495

NICELY furnished south room with verandah. 606 Avenue Joffre, House No. 7. Rent $50. -4454

NEAR Bund, south end, nice, furnished room, for single person. $50. Box 2397, NCDN. -4419

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 11604

FURNISHED or unfurnished room in apartment, central district, all modern conveniences. Telephone 42121, 12.30—1.30 p.m. -4379

Rooms with Board

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534 Mrs. Lupton. -4231

Unfurnished Houses

HOUSE to let, owners leaving. French Concession. Rent moderate. Apply 100/9 Route Paul Henry, from 5.30-7 p.m. -4503

TO LET, Granada Estate, Lane 222-A Hungjao Road. Attractive six-roomed houses in high-class compound. All Settlement utilities. Quiet and clean. Rents $203 to $243 water included. 11934

Wanted to Rent

WANTED three/five-roomed apartment, furnished, with garage. Box 2453, NCDN. -4507

ENGLISHWOMAN urgently requires, December 1, unfurnished flat or part house, inclusive heating, taxes. Box 2446, NCDN. -4498

WANTED by English family, December 1, unfurnished three-roomed flat. Terms inclusive heating, taxes to Box 2447, NCDN. -4499

WANTED, well-furnished room with board, private bath, by young German lady in British family. Address Box 2440, NCDN. -4488

V. Shushlin, singing teacher, wants large room, central heating, private bath, kitchenette; or apartment from one to three rooms. Address Box 2422, NCDN. -4457

RESPONSIBLE foreign family desires completely furnished apartment or house, for two or three months Telephone 12500, Room 210, mornings. -4493

WANTED immediately by gentleman, two well-furnished rooms, with private bathroom, if possible kitchen. Settlement/Concession. Address Box 2426, NCDN. -4462

WANTED small room for a foreign, young, business gentleman. Any district. Address Box 2277, NCDN. -4468

WANTED furnished/unfurnished, two-roomed flat, vicinity German School. Address Box 2341, NCDN. 11903

RESPONSIBLE foreign family willing to rent apartment or house, furnished or unfurnished, during tenant's Home leave. Address Box 2320, NCDN. 11892

ENGLISH lady requires two or three-roomed apartment, furnished or unfurnished, immediately. Reply Box 2408, NCDN. -4436

Houses and Land

WANTED to buy, residence in western district within Settlement boundary on about 5 fen to 1 mow of land. Send particulars to Box 2448, NCDN. -4501

FOREIGNER wishes to buy large house with big garden situated on Hungjao Road, for cash. Address Box 2403, NCDN. -4426

FOR SALE, fine large residence, 7 main rooms, 3 bathrooms, excellent appointment on 4¾ mow, Lucerne Road. Very reasonable. Apply China Realty Company, Telephone 15410. 11880

FOR SALE, French Concession, attractive property located at 127 Rue Massenet. Nine-roomed house, three baths. Land area M.1 F.3 L.7. For further information telephone 17559 or 18283 between 9 and 12 a.m. 11920

For Sale—Miscellaneous

DINING-room set, like new, carpet, etc. View 9 a m. 2 p.m. 1206 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 17. -4466

WORTHINGTON air-compressor. Size 3½ x 4, with motor 3. P. S. and cast steel foot excellent condition. Box 2450, NCDN. -4504

WITH exception of few copies missing, issues of The North-China Daily News, covering August 8, 1937 to August 1938. What offers? Address Box 2429, NCDN -4467

SHIRTS made to measure. Genuine silk, $6.50. Duro, Wemco, $7.50. Tootal, $10.50 Razon's, 12 Central Road. -3509

PRIVATE automatic telephone exchange for sale, comprising switchboard, rectifier (battery charger) eleven stations, capacity twenty-five stations, in excellent condition, best offer accepted. Address Box 2321, NCDN. 11891

STOCKINGS. McCallum, Berkshire, Kayser; sizes up to 10½, $4.75. Fullfashioned, $2.25. Lislechiffon, $1.80. Razon's, Central Road. -3999

DURO batteries made in U.S.A., quick starting, reliable, powerful, guaranteed one year free service, all sizes available in stock. Competitive prices. Wong's Storage Battery Co., 341 Rue Lafayette, Telephone 85113. -4309

PILLOW cases, 50 cents. Venice doylies, 15 cents. Applique tea-cosies, 60 cents. Towels, 29 cents. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11962

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects, etc. 146A Route des Sœurs, Telephone 73937. -3856

Animals

PONIES for sale, excellent condition, good jumpers. Telephone 17045. -4509

Furnished Apartments

AVAILABLE November, two rooms, good furniture, bathroom, in apartment house, best locality. Rental $200 including everything. For newly arrived, refined, cultured, foreign/Chinese couple or ladies without children. Telephone 77140. -4475

FOUR-roomed steam-heated apartment, Bubbling Well. Frigidaire, radio, furnitures, fittings to be taken over. $2,300. Box 2451, NCDN. -4340

THREE-roomed, steam-heated apartment, Concession, rent $140. Refrigerator, furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Box 2367, NCDN. -4371

Unfurnished Apartments

NESTHOUSE Apartments, Lane 30, House 3, Nanyang Road. Two-roomed apartment with bathroom, kitchen, etc. Monthly rent $135 including hot and cold water, heating and refrigerator but excluding taxes. Apply Palmer & Turner, Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 11963

Furnished Houses

NO. 175 Hungjao Road. Partly furnished residence in quiet country surroundings. Eight rooms and 4 bathrooms. Our caretaker will show you over. Rental $250 per month. Apply Algar & Co., Ltd. Telephone 12877. 11987

101 Route Magnini, House 1. 6 large and 1 small rooms, two bathrooms, one lavatory and one washroom, small garden, garage, central heating. Fixtures and some furniture to be sold. -4448

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 11863

MODERN office space to let in 149 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Telephone 16437. 11913

HONGKONG & Shanghai Bank Building and Wayfoong House: Modern offices to let. Apply Sub-Accountant's Department, Hongkong Bank. 11562

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, (British) Miramer House, 24 Laiyang Road. Open view of sea, private tennis court, private beach, children's playground, excellent food. -3972

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MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3618

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120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133
11888

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Hours 8-10.30; 6-7.30, Telephone 83992
86 Bearn Apartments, 475 Ave. Joffre.
11867

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Telephone 10734

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
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Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622
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"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office; 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

Vessels Arriving

The first date is that of the ship's departure from the Port under which she appears; the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From GLASGOW		
Aeneas	22/10	10/12
From LIVERPOOL		
Pyrrhus	8/10	21/11
Menestheus	15/10	24/11
Achilles	22/10	2/12
From LONDON		
Terukuni M.	14/10	18/11
From ANTWERP		
Aller	19/10	3/12
Triton	25/10	11/12
From HAMBURG		
Afrika	14/10	30/11
Scharnhorst	29/10	3/12
Antilochus	22/10	9/12
From ROTTERDAM		
Nordmark	14/10	19/11
From AMSTERDAM		
Serooskerk	24/10	10/12
From GIBRALTAR		
Corfu	25/10	27/11
From MARSEILLES		
F. Roussel	30/9	28/10
Pres. Doumer	14/10	11/11
From TRIESTE		
Arabia	20/9	7/11

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From MALTA		
Bangalore	24/10	29/11
From PORT SAID		
Gneisenau	15/10	5/11
From ADEN		
Canton	24/10	14/11
From SUEZ		
Kulmerland	17/10	18/11
From PORT SUDAN		
Temeraire	17/10	11/11
From COLOMBO		
Hector	24/10	11/11
Meerkerk	24/10	12/11
From SINGAPORE		
Somali	22/10	31/10
Rawalpindi	22/10	31/10
Vogtland	18/10	2/11
Danmark	22/10	8/11
From BALIKPAPAN		
Tjinegara	25/10	6/11
From BATAVIA		
Tjisalak	21/10	5/11
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From NEW YORK		
Anna Maersk	10/9	26/10
Cing. Prince	—	26/10
Irisbank	7/9	27/10
Silverteak	—	28/11
Phemius	28/10	20/12
From VANCOUVER		
Tyndareus	7/10	1/11
From SEATTLE		
Ixion	29/10	30/11
From NAGOYA		
Burdwan	24/10	30/10

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From YOKOHAMA		
Tyndareus	26/10	5/11
From KOBE		
Anyo M.	—	28/10
Memnon	25/10	28/10
Hakone M.	—	31/10
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	24/10	25/10
Nagasaki M.	26/10	27/10
Shanghai M.	29/10	30/10

AUSTRALIA

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From MELBOURNE		
Nankin	2/11	8/12
From RABAUL		
Tanda	23/10	7/11

CHINA PORTS

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From DAIREN		
Tsingtao M.	24/10	27/10
Hoten M.	27/10	30/10
Gaasterkerk	21/10	6/11
Toulouse	1/11	15/11
From TIENTSIN		
Hunan	24/10	27/10
Kronviken	24/10	29/10
Yatshing	28/10	31/10
From CHEFOO		
Chengtu	23/10	25/10
From TSINGTAO		
Taiyuan	24/10	25/10
From HSINKONG		
Wusueh	25/10	25/10
Wusueh	27/10	27/10
From CHITUNG		
Liwo	25/10	25/10

Name	Dep.	Arr.
From SANCHAKONG		
Suiwo	25/10	25/10
From WENCHOW		
Liangchow	23/10	25/10
From AMOY		
H. Peking	21/10	26/10
From HONGKONG		
Nanning	21/10	25/10
Soochow	—	25/10
Taksang	21/10	25/10
Suiyang	23/10	27/10
Kiungchow	23/10	27/10
Ajax	23/10	27/10
Kwaisang	24/10	29/10
Yochow	25/10	29/10
Tingsang	25/10	30/10
Szechuen	27/10	31/10
Wingsang	28/10	1/11

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

SHENGKING Oct. 25. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Tuesday, October 25, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 25-10

NORVIKEN Oct. 26. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Wednesday, October 26, at daylight. Tender for passengers from Customs Jetty to Socony Wharf at 9 a.m. Wednesday. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 26-10

JENNY MOLLER Oct. 27. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the steamer Jenny Moller, Captain R. Cordy, on Thursday, October 27, 1938. For freight or passage, apply to the Agent, 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 27-10

LIANGCHOW Oct. 27. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Thursday, October 27, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-10

TAKSANG Oct. 29. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Saturday October 29, at 2 p.m. "A" and "B" Class Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 29-10

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SANDVIKEN Oct. 25. SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWANGCHOWWAN, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, October 25, at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 25-10

SHANTUNG Oct. 26. SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWONGCHOWWAN and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, October 26, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 26-10

TSINAN Oct. 27. AMOY and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Thursday, October 27, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-10

SOOCHOW Oct. 28. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Friday, October 28, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 28-10

KIUNGCHOW Oct. 29. SWATOW, HONGKONG, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, October 29, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 29-10

KRONVIKEN Nov. 1. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 1-11

YATSHING Nov. 2. SWATOW, HONGKONG, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, Nov. 2. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 2-11

STRAITS AND EUROPE

ATHOS II Oct. 25. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 25-10

RANCHI Oct. 25. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 1.30 p.m. on Tuesday, October 25, 1938. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 25-10

OLDENBURG Oct. 27. GENOA, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain W. Arfsten), on or about October 27, 1938. For freight and passage please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Shanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 27-10

SHANTUNG Oct. 28. MASSAWAH, ALGIERS, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO, COPENHAGEN and GOTHENBURG.—The Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.'s ms. Shantung will leave Shanghai on October 28, 1938, for the above mentioned ports. Through bills of lading to all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. Cargo for U.K. ports accepted on optional Bs/L. For freight and passage please apply to The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd., Hamilton House, Foochow Road Entrance. Tel. 11330. 28-10

MEMNON Oct. 29. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage apply agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 29-19

BURDWAN Nov. 1. BOMBAY, CASABLANCA, MARSEILLES, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS and CEYLON.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., 27 The Bund. Tel. 11428. 1-11

AUSTRALASIA

NELLORE Nov. 4. (From Hongkong) SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. C. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 4-11

SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

TEGELBERG Oct. 26. RODRIGUEZ, MAURITIUS, REUNION, TAMATAVE, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, CAPETOWN, MOSSEL BAY, PORT ELIZABETH EAST LONDON ZANZIBAR and MOMBASA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SAIGON, BANGKOK, (Koh-Si-Chang) SINGAPORE and BATAVIA.—The K.P.M. Line ms. Tegelberg sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Wednesday, October 26. Cargo accepted for all ports in South, East and West Africa, also East Coast of South America. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Agents, K.P.M. Line Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 26-10

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
TUESDAY, Oct. 25.				
H'kong Canton Aust. N.Z. S.S.(Y) India Suez Europe	Athos II		*20.00	7.15
Haimen Che.	Santarem		*20.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shengking		*20.00	7.30
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'tsin	Shengking		*20.00	7.30
Swatow Hongkong Yunnan	Sandviken		8.00	8.30
Foochow	Livatho		8.30	9.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez Europe via Suez	Ranchi		10.00	12.00
Hongkong and Canton	Ranchi		11.30	12.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Shantung	A	—	—
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Norviken		18.30	19.00
Wenchow	Pelikan		18.30	19.00
Wenchow	Dragao	X	18.30	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	Tegelberg		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Shanghai M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Dairen M.		*20.00	7.15
Haimen Che.	Hanna		*20.00	7.15
Swatow Hongkong Yunnan	Shantung		9.00	9.30
Amoy and Hongkong	Tsinan		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, Oct. 27.				
Formosa via Keelung	Hukuken M.		*20.00	7.30
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and Europe (Y)	Oldenburg	BX	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	Oldenburg		15.30	16.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 25th.
B Parcel mail for Ceylon, Italy, Holland, Germany and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 27th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.
Next steamer mails will be closed as follow:—
ss. Athos II, via Suez, October 25, due London November 24.
ss. Ranchi, via Suez, October 25, due London November 26.
ss. Empress of Russia, via Pacific, October 29, due London November 26.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. Athos II, at 7.15 a.m. on October 25, and due Bracciano, Italy on November 2, and London on November 3.

Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco per ss. Memnon, at 9.30 a.m. on Oct. 29, and due San Francisco on November 9.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per ss. Ranchi, at 12.00 on October 25, and due Amsterdam on November 8, and London on November 9.

Air France (Saigon-Marseilles) per ss. Athos II, at 7.15 a.m. on October 25, and due Paris and London on November 11.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service:—Air mails close daily at 8.00 p.m.

Via C.N.A.C. or Eurasia planes sent to Hongkong for further transmission.

Train Mail

Light mails for or via Pengpu, Wuhu, N.S.R. and Lunghai (east of Yunho; Tungshan and Kaifeng) close daily, at 9.30 p.m.

Lgiht mails for or via Hangchow and Sunkiang close daily, at 8.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Kiukiang per available steamer via Wenchow.

Light mails for Kiangpei Offices west and north of Haian via Chinkiang close daily at 9.30 p.m.

Vessels Discharging

RAMSES. From Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Genoa and via Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo, at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, subject to the usual terms and conditions as shown on the Wharf Tariff. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees of "Bulk" cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined at the Wharf on October 29, 1938, at 9.30 a.m., by the Surveyors, Tesdorff, Hannig & Co. No examination will be made after this date. All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen days after the vessel's arrival. Claims sent in after this period will not be recognized. No Insurance will be effected. Hamburg-Amerika Linie Filiale Schanghai No. 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 25-10

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Weather, Time and Tide

Tuesday, October 25, 1938 (3rd day of 9th moon)	SICCAWEI October 23 16.00	21.00	October 24 4.00	9.00	GUTZLAFF 9.00	14.00
Barometer inches	30.13	30.17	30.10	30.12	—	—
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.06	—0.05	—0.08	—0.09	—	—
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.05	—0.04	—0.03	—0.05	—	—
Wind (direction)	E	Calme	ESE	SE	—	—
„ (miles per hour)	5.0	0.0	5.0	5.6	—	—
Temperature (Fahr.)	66.°0	59.°4	55.°6	65.°8	—	—
Humidity %	59	83	96	69	—	—
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	5	9	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report October 23	Mean 1938	24 hours variation	Previous average same period (65 years)
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.17	—0.04	30.17
Temp. Min. 49.°3 Max. 74.°1	61.°7	—0.°08	60.°8
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	45.32	—	40.29

Date	25/10	26/10	27/10	28/10	29/10	30/10	31/10	1/11	2/11
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.04	6.04	6.05	6.06	6.07	6.08	6.08	6.09	6.09
Sun sets at Shanghai	5.12	5.11	5.10	5.09	5.08	5.07	5.06	5.06	5.06
Moon rises at Shanghai	8.00	8.55	9.40	10.33	11.17	11.56	12.33	13.07	13.41
Moon sets at Shanghai	18.45	19.33	20.22	21.13	22.05	22.59	23.52	—	0.46
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18.00	10.55	11.40	12.05	12.46	13.35	14.30	15.32	17.15	6.15
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18.00	16.26	16.52	17.25	18.04	5.52	6.38	7.45	9.12	12.07
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18.00	12.37	13.12	13.47	14.26	14.58	16.11	17.21	6.32	7.50
Height above LLW. (feet)	10.65	10.20	9.52	8.65	7.92	7.55	7.20	6.58	7.20

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Athos II	Japan	M.M.
Pelikan	Wenchow	Brockelmann
Wilford	C'wangtao	K.M.A.
Norviken	Hongkong	Jardine
Tsinan	Hongkong	B.&S.
Birmingham	Cruise	—
Hanna	Haimen (Ch.)	G.F.E.
M. Margarida	Wenchow	Maria S.N.
Jenny Moller	C'wangtao	K.M.A.
Tegelberg	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Festa	Ningpo	T.C.C.
J'phine Moller	H. Yangkong	T.C.C.
Hafthor	C'wangtao	Everett
Dairen M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Whangpu	C'kiakong	B.&S.
Tseangtah	Tungchow	Mow Tung
Kiangting	Tungchow	G.F.H.
Tejo	T'lungkong	I.C.R.N.
Santa Rosa	Yangling	P.N.&T.
Ave-Maria	Tungchow	P.N.&T.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Kiangting	Ger.	G.F.H.
Santa Rosa	Port.	P.N.&T.
Suiwo	Br.	Jardine
Faro	Port.	P.N.&T.
Marie Moller	Br.	Mollers'
Hansi	Ger.	G.F.E.
Baron Minto	Br.	M.B.K.
Sandro Sandri	Ital.	W.T.K.
Liwo	Br.	Jardine
Wusueh	Br.	B.&S.
Don Joao	Port.	Tung Lee
Nantung M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Patti	Ital.	Chang Yuen
Chingning M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Taisang	Br.	Jardine
Shinhwa	Br.	G.L. Shaw
Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N. Tel.
Sinkiang	Br.	B.&S.
Treherbert	Br.	G. L'gston
Omala	Net.	A.P.C.
Isshin M.	Jap.	D.K.K.

In Harbour or Dock

Name	Flag	Berthed
Alice Moller	Br.	M.B.K.L.W.
Celtic Monarch	Br.	Buoys 32-33
Com. Paolini	Ital.	K.L.Y.W.
Dachi M.	Jap.	Buoys 25-26
Daishin M.	Jap.	K.P.W.
Don Pedro	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Forest	Br.	P.W.E.
Fuhwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Fukwang	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Havdrot	Nor.	Gardens
Helen Moller	Br.	Buoys 11-12
Helga Moller	Br.	M.B.K.L.W.
H. Tseangtah	Br.	K.L.Y.W.
Jedmoor	Br.	Buoys 33-34
Kaikou	Br.	A.P.C.U.W.
Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.W.
Katie Moller	Br.	K.M.A.W.
Kaysieg	—	Y.P.D.W.
Kintang	Br.	C.D.W.
Kungwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Leesang	Br.	Y.P.D.
Liu Hsing	—	Y.P.D.W.
Livatho	Gre.	K.L.Y.B. 1-2
Milazzo	Ital.	K.L.Y.W.
Norah Moller	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Osumi M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Pipina	Gre.	C.N.W.P.
Pres. Coolidge	Am.	Buoys 11-12
Ranchi	Br.	Buoys 12-13
Ready	Br.	Int. D.W.
Santarem	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Shantung	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Sheagking	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Siushan	Br.	C.D.W.
Suiting	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Tatung	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Tienkwang	Br.	A.P.C.L.W.
Wantung	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Wuhu	Br.	Buoys 30a
Yungkiang M.	Jap.	Y.P.D.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Duncan	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Sacramento	Am.	Gbt.	S.O.C.W.
L. Picquet	Fr.	Cr.	F.N.B.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Slp.	C.N.C. 1/2 B.
Tahure	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	—
Hakonesan M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Hakurei M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Idzumo	Jap.	Cr.	1/2 B.
Iyang M.	Jap.	Tr.	34/35 B.
Kenkoku M.	Jap.	Tr.	36/37 B.
Kamome	Jap.	Dest.	M.B.K.U.W.
Kuma	Jap.	Cr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Minatsuki 22	Jap.	Dest.	4 B.
Miyaura M.	Jap.	Tr.	39/40 B.
Ninoshima	Jap.	Dest.	M.B.K.U.W.
Ondo M.	Jap.	Tr.	28/29 B.
Shinzui M. 336	Jap.	Tr.	38/39 B.
Taihoku M.	Jap.	Tr.	42/43 B.
Tenryo M.	Jap.	Tr.	41/42 B.
Yoshitomo M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.P.W.

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